

































DISTRIBUTION TRANSPARENCY	
Types of transparency	
Object is a resource or a process	
Transparency	Description
Access	Hide differences in data representation and how an object is accessed.
Location	Hide where an object is located
Relocation	Hide that an object may be moved to another location while in use
Migration	Hide that an object may move to another location
Replication	Hide that an object is replicated
Concurrency	Hide than an object may be shared by several independent users
Failure	Hide the failure and recovery of an object
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- Completely hiding failures of networks and nodes is
- impossible • Difference between slow computer and failing one
- Transactions: did operation complete before crash?
- Full transparency will lead to slower performance:
 Performance vs. transparency tradeoff
- Synchronizing replicas with a master requires time
- Immediately commit writes in fear of device failure

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