

Quiz 3

Key

Show *all* your work. Reasonable supporting work must be shown to earn credit. There are *two* sides to this quiz.

1. (§2.3 #90) The volume of a rectangular solid is $x^4 + 3x^3 + 5x^2 + x + 3$ cubic inches. Its length and width are $(x + 3)$ and $(x + 1)$ inches, respectively.

- (a) [1] What is the volume when the width is 3 inches?

length = $(x + 3)$
width = $x + 1 \Rightarrow 3 = x + 1 \Rightarrow x = 2$ (+.5)

So volume is $2^4 + 3 \cdot 2^3 + 5 \cdot 2^2 + 2 + 3 = 60$ (+.5)

OR $2^4 + 3 \cdot 2^3 + 2 \cdot 3 = 45$ (+.5)

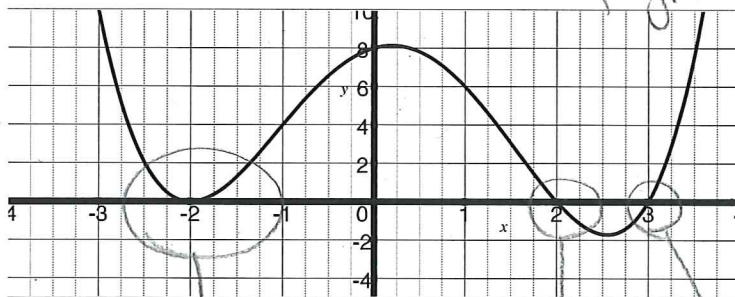
- (b) [2] Find its height (as a function of x).

Vol = length \cdot width \cdot height
Vol = $(x + 3)(x + 1) \cdot$ height
 \Rightarrow height = $\frac{\text{Vol}}{(x + 3)(x + 1)} = \frac{\text{Vol}}{x^2 + 4x + 3}$ (+.5)

long division?

$$\begin{array}{r} x^2 - x + 1 \\ x^2 + 4x + 3 \overline{) x^4 + 3x^3 + 0x^2 + x + 3} \\ \underline{-(x^2 + 4x^3 + 3x^2)} \\ x^3 - 3x^2 + x + 3 \\ \underline{-(x^3 - 4x^2 - 3x)} \\ x^2 + 4x + 3 \end{array}$$

2. [3] (Polynomial Activity #4) Given the graph below is of a polynomial of degree four, find the algebraic rule/write an equation for the graph.



- (+1) -2 is a root $\Rightarrow (x - (-2))$ is a factor
 2 is a root $\Rightarrow (x - 2)$ is a factor
 3 is a root $\Rightarrow (x - 3)$ is a factor

(+.5) bounces $\Rightarrow (x - 2)^2$ or even power

thru $\Rightarrow (x - 2)^1$ or odd power

thru $\Rightarrow (x - 3)^1$ or odd power

So $y = a(x + 2)^2(x - 2)(x - 3)$ has degree 4 (+.5)

Graph is thru $(0, 8)$ (+.5)
 $\Rightarrow 8 = a(0 + 2)^2(0 - 2)(0 - 3)$
 $\Rightarrow 8 = a \cdot 4(-2)(-3)$
 $\Rightarrow 8 = +24a \Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{3}$

$y = \frac{1}{3}(x + 2)^2(x - 2)(x - 3)$

3. [1] (§3.2 #29) Write the following logarithmic statement in exponential form.

$$3 \log_8(2) = 1$$

$$\frac{3 \log_8(2)}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

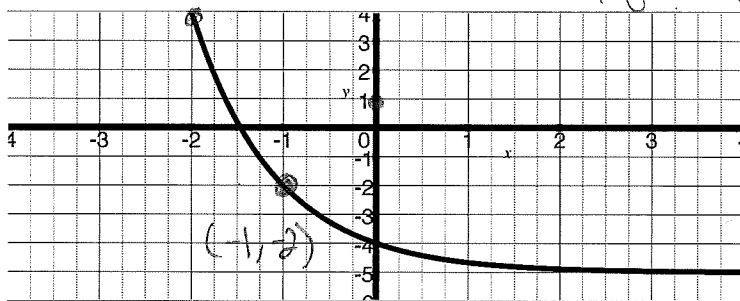
$$\log_8(2) = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow 8^{\frac{1}{3}} = 2$$

$$\log_8(2^3) = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow 8^1 = 2^3$$

4. [3] (WebHW7 #8) The graph below is of an exponential function a^x that has been vertically shifted. Find the algebraic rule/write an equation for the graph. *OKP graph (+5)*



$y = a^x$ usually passes thru $(0, 1)$
 this graph passes thru $(0, -4)$
 \Rightarrow vert shift down 5

$$\Rightarrow y = a^x - 5$$

OR

$$y = a^x + b \text{ thru } (0, -4) \quad (+5)$$

$$\Rightarrow -4 = a^0 + b$$

$$\Rightarrow -4 = 1 + b$$

$$\Rightarrow b = -5 \quad (+5)$$

So have $y = a^x - 5$
 passes thru $(-1, -2) (+5)$

$$\Rightarrow -2 = a^{-1} - 5$$

$$\Rightarrow 3 = a^{-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{3} = a \quad (+1)$$

$$\text{So } y = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^x - 5$$

OR

So have $y = a^x - 5$
 passes thru $(-2, 4) (+5)$

$$\Rightarrow 4 = a^{-2} - 5$$

$$\Rightarrow 9 = a^{-2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 9 = \frac{1}{a^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{9} = a^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{3} = a \quad (+1)$$