Lecture: Wednesday, Oct. 12

I. Film: "Living with the Enemy" (2000)

How does one define "resistance"?

- Discussion of "Non-Violent Power/Resistance" (pioneered by Mohandas Gandhi in 1907 in South Africa; employed by Dr. Martin Luther King and others during Civil Rights Movement)
- Hypothesis: Danish Strikes (work stoppages) portrayed as most effective weapon of "Resistance" (more effective than violence & sabotage)
- See "10 Commandments for Danes" (flyer circulated April 1940):

"10 Commandments for Danes"

- 1. You shall not work in Germany or Norway
- 2. You shall work poorly for Germans.
- 3. You shall work slowly for Germans
- 4. You shall destroy important machinery and equipment.
- 5. You shall destroy everything that benefits the Germans.
- 6. You shall delay Transportations.
- 7. You shall boycott German and Italian Films.
- 8. You may not shop at Nazi Businesses.
- 9. You shall treat all traitors accordingly.

10. You shall protect anyone, persecuted by the Germans.

II. Follow-up points to Events of 1940-45

- "Privileged" status of Scandinavians in Hitler's racist ideology; Danes considered "Germanic" by NS; Denmark (would be) forced to be part of German "Grossraum" (Empire).
 - [Only 4,800 Danish causalities during entire War (only 54 Jews died in concentration camp)]
- Nazist ideology found no strong roots in Denmark; Danish NS (Nazist) party never received more than 2 or 3% of vote in elections.

- August 29, 1943 Danish Parliamentary Government "resigns."
- Unwilling to accept German demands (banding Strikes, imposing curfews, executing saboteurs)
- Werner Best assumes dictatorial power
- Sept. 23 Formation of "Freedom Council" (Resistance movement), serves a counter-government until liberation
- About the (active) Danish "Resistance Movement"
- Scholarly debate about importance of sabotage, still brings conflict between resistance members and scholars.

• The case of Kim Malthe-Bruun:

Example of resistance fighter.

- Background:
- Born July 8, 1923 in Canada, spent childhood & school there. Returned to Denmark as 9 year old.
- In March 1941, as 17 year old apprenticed as seaman.
- Joined Resistance in September 1944, as 21 year old. Arrested already on Dec. 19, 1944 in a Copenhagen apartment.
- Imprisonment Dec. 1944 Execution April 8, 1945 (one of 103 patriots executed in Dk)
- Letters to his mother, Nitte (his aunt) and Hanne (his girlfriend)
- Popularity of Kim (diaries & letters of Kim)
 first published November 1945, edited by his mother; why the enormous importance of text?