## Homework 1: Warm Up!

DUE: Friday, October 4 at midnight

I Consider the function

 $f(x) = x\sin(3x) - \exp(x)$ 

and solve for the x-value near  $x \approx -0.5$  that satisfies f(x) = 0. In the first part, use the Newton-Raphson method (pages 25-30 of notes) with the initial guess x(1) = -1.6to converge (in absolute value) to the solution to  $10^{-6}$ . Keep track of the number of iterations until convergence is achieved (NOTE: please check convergence with  $f(x_n)$  not  $f(x_{n+1})$ ). In the second part, use bisection with the initial end points x = -0.7 and x = -0.4. Keep track of the mid point values and number of iterations until an accuracy of  $10^{-6}$  is achieved.

**ANSWERS:** Should be written out as A1, A2, and A3. Specifically, A1 is the vector of x-values in the Newton method starting with the initial guess x(1) = -1.6, and A2 is the mid point  $(x_{mid})$  values in the bisection method for successive iterations. A3 is a 1x2 vector with the number of iterations for the Newton and bisection respectively as the two components.

II Let the following be defined:

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{C} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{D} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{y} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{z} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix},$$

Calculate the following:

(a) A+B, (b) 3x - 4y, (c) Ax, (d) B(x-y), (e) Dx, (f) Dy + z, (g) AB, (h) BC, (i) CD

**ANSWERS**: Should be written out as A4–A12