Air Traffic Control

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U. Of Washington



Mostly it is rainy ---` good for the trees



Picture by Prof. Szu-Chi Tien

Speaking of adverse weather...



It is one of the main cause for delays -- topic of todays talk

Outline of Talk

- Background: Adverse Weather Playbooks
- Problem: Route-capacity loss with merges
- Solution: Merge-free Playbooks
- Challenges in en-route CRP design
- Proposed approach to en-route CRP
- Guaranteed Conflict Free en-route CRP
- Conclusion

A Challenge in Air Traffic Control

Capacity Loss causing delays



Assume Severe Weather occurs





Current rerouting has merges: Why? Simpler

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Max Flow Capacity Before Merging



Lets say the new merged route has maximum flow capacity



Then each of the input routes cannot have max capacity



Capacity loss occurs leads to rescheduling and delays



Would prefer no capacity loss!



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Reroute alternative without loss of capacity





More intersections- More potential for conflicts... more complex ATC --- Need to develop en-route conflict resolution procedure

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Decentralized CRP Design Issues

- 1. Avoid domino effects \rightarrow no new conflicts
- 2. Decentralized CRP \rightarrow local in space and time
- 3. Guarantee Stability

Issue 1: Avoid domino effects



Resolution of one conflict creates another and so on...

Conflict resolution



Resolve conflict by shift operation (Mao, Feron, et. al.)

Potential for new conflicts



Resolve conflict by shift operation (Mao, Feron, et. al.)

Potential new conflicts



Resolve conflict by shift operation again...

Leads to another conflict and so on...



Such domino effects needs to be avoided --- no new conflicts

Issue 2: Decentralized CRP

Uncertainties (weather, missed departure slots etc.) implies that when a conflict occurs cannot be predicted ahead of time



A flight across US can take 4-5 hours local weather can change in a couple of hours



Need for rerouting around weather



Rerouting around the weather will delay flights and alter the potential for conflicts (new and old conflicts)

Prediction of future conflicts has uncertainty



Conflict prediction and resolution needs to be local (spatially and temporarily) CRP has to be decentralized! ³¹



Conflict prediction and resolution needs to be local (spatially and temporarily)

Decentralized conflict resolution?



Decentralized conflict resolution?



Is this possible?

YES

Done currently! But inefficient (lots and lots of buffers) and not flexible (difficulty to train controllers with new schemes)

Need to understand Limits of decentralized CRP

Issue 3: Guaranteed CRP stability

Issue 3: Guaranteed CRP stability Intersection s♪ HLN (Helen BOS (Boston)♪ a)♪ **Severe Weather Zone**[▶] SAC (Sacramento/)♪ LGA (La IAD Guardia)♪ BCE (Dulles)♪ (Bryce Canyon)♪

Critical for design of automation procedures, e.g., to help with complex rerouting around adverse weather.

Previous works study such stability issues



Can guarantee for general 2flow intersections

Reference: Stability and Performance of In tersecting Aircraft Flows Under Decentraliz ed Conflict Avoidance Rules, Mao, Feron, Bilimoria, 2001

Stability cannot be guaranteed always...



Can guarantee for general 2flow intersections

Reference: Stability and Performance of In tersecting Aircraft Flows Under Decentraliz ed Conflict Avoidance Rules, Mao, Feron, Bilimoria, 2001



Generic algorithms are not stable as shown by Mao, Feron, et. al. for a 3-flow intersection

Stability cannot be guaranteed always...



Can guarantee for general 2flow intersections



Generic algorithms are not stable as shown by Mao, Feron, et. al.

Guaranteed stability critical for automation...

Recap: Decentralized CRP Design Issues

- 1. Avoid domino effects \rightarrow decoupled CRPs
- 2. Decentralized CRP \rightarrow local in space and time
- 3. Guarantee Stability

We have a CRP design that addresses these issues

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Required Properties of local CRP to enable

1. Avoid domino effects \rightarrow decoupled; no additional conflicts

- 2. Decentralized CRP \rightarrow local in space and time
- 3. Guarantee Stability

Reference: S. Devasia, D. Iamratanakul, G. Chatterji, and G. Meyer "Decoupled Conflict-Resolution Procedures for Decentralized Air Traffic Control." *IEEE Transactions on Intelligent Transportation Systems*, Vol. 12 (2), pp. 422-437, June 2011.

Main properties of local CRP



 Local CRP bounded in space and time & returns to original path

Main properties of local CRP



- Local CRP bounded in space and time & returns to original path
- Arrival sequence
 = exit sequence
 (in each route)
- basic idea is to use equal length paths for all aircraft

Main properties of local CRP



- Local CRP bounded in space and time & returns to original path
- Arrival sequence = exit sequence
- Claim --- yields decoupled, decentralized, guaranteed resolution (if conflicts are sufficiently sparse)

Solution to Issue 1- Domino Effect



- All resolution is done within local zone
- After passing zone aircrafts return to original destined route
- Solving one conflict does not lead to a new conflict outside
- Therefore no domino effects, provided the the CRP areas are disjoint (sufficiently sparse intersections)

Solution to Issue 2- Decentralized



- After 1st CRP; aircraft are back on route and in same sequence.
- 1st CRP does not affect the next CRP
- Local in space and time → decentralized

Solution to Issue 3- Local Stability → global stability



- No new conflicts
- Finite number of conflicts
- Each CRP bounded in space and time
- Therefore, can guarantee globally stable if locally stable

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Basic Idea of CRP

Two flows can intersect if there is sufficient spacing between aircraft. The min spacing depends on angle of intersection, e.g., $\int_{R_l}^{R_l}$



What if there is insufficient spacing?

What if there is insufficient spacing?

• Then separate the flow into multiple paths and then intersect

3-way split for 90° intersections



Critical Aspect --- use equal length paths



Critical Aspects (1) use equal length paths

Ensures

- 1) Sequence is maintained
- 2) Separation is maintained



Critical Aspects (1) use equal length paths (2) return to original routes

Ensures

- 1) Sequence is maintained
- 2) Separation is maintained
- 3) No additional conflicts outside local CRP



Critical Aspects (1) use equal length paths; (2) return to original routes; (3) synchronize

Ensures

- 1) Sequence is maintained
- 2) Separation is maintained
- 3) No additional conflicts outside local CRP
- 4) Intersecting flows should be centered before intersections





Dimension of buckets





Aircraft Separated but not synchronized



However aircraft is minimally spaced at center the bucket width! Therefore no more than one in any bucket!

Actual aircraft is not synchornized



Need to adjust for the possible offsets in arrival





- a) Exit has same order, spacing and sequence as entry
- b) Enables CRP at different conflict regions (1 and 2) to be decoupled.
- c) A decentralized process which guarantees global stability
- d) Enables the use of re-routing procedures without need to merge

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Main rerouting problem: Capacity loss due to merging



- Alternative with no merges (loss of simplicity)
- To enable, we need en-route (potentially automated) CRP that avoids domino effect, is decentralized & guarantees stability₆

