Announcements

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Newly matriculated students should see me

Lecture notes from Monday posted ASAP First homework sent today to registered students

Mayan story of creation (**optional reading**) https://maya.nmai.si.edu/the-maya/creation-story-maya

https://www.khanacademy.org/partner-content/big-history-project/what-is-big-history/origin-stories/a/origin-story-mayan

An Overview of Modern Cosmology

What is the Universe? What is Cosmology? What is Space? Motion? What is Matter? Light, Energy? What is Gravity? What is the Big Bang Model?



- Model based on limited skeleton of observations and given form by theories of physics like gravity and light
 - the geometry and size of space
 - the role of matter, light, and gravity
 - the state (density, temperature, chemical properties, and bulk motions)
 - our cosmic origin and the future of space



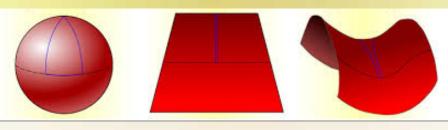
The nutshell version of the "Big Bang"

- A hot and very uniform Universe mysteriously and inexplicably expands (separations increase)
- **Gravity** (an attractive force) tries (unsuccessfully!!) to bring this expansion to a gradual end.
- Galaxies and stars start to form 380,000 y after space is no longer opaque. That's ongoing now.
- Star formation is sustainable for another few billion years. The deaths of all stars is inevitable.
- "Dark energy" (acts as a repulsive force) is now overwhelming gravity.
- So the expansion of space is unstoppable.

Space: Big!

Space has various properties

- Finite or Infinite
- Flat or Curved
 - Defined by the trajectories of light
 - Influenced by the density of matter (Einstein 1917)
- Open or Closed or Neither



- Static or Expanding or Contracting
 - Measured by monitoring the separations of visible objects
 - Speed of expansion or contraction can change: "acceleration"



Space is tracked by distances and their changes

- Distance is measured by separations
 - measured by observations of light emitters (generally starlight)
- **Speed** is measured by monitoring changes in separations
 - measured by shifts of light colors (generally starlight)
- Acceleration is measured from changes in speeds
- Measuring cosmic distances in a huge challenge!
 - Need observable "standard candles or metersticks")
- Measuring cosmic speeds of separations is pretty easy
 - Doppler shifts of light
- Measuring cosmic acceleration is a sublime art

A: Galactic Plane B: Perseus-Pisces Supercluster C: Coma Cluster D: Virgo Cluster/Local Supercluster E: Hercules Supercluster F: Shapley Concentration/Hydra-Centaurus Supercluster F: Shapley Concentration/Hydra-Centaurus Supercluster H: Concentration/Hydra-Centaurus Supercluster

 $+90^{\circ}$

2MASS Local Universe

E



Familiar Matter has various properties

- **Density** (mass per volume)
- Chemical State (elements)
- Thermal properties (measured by temperature)
- Motion (speed, velocity); Momentum (density*velocity);
- Kinetic Energy
- **Distribution** (uniform, lumpy, gas or solid, atomic or fluid)
- Most conspicuous forms today:
 - galaxies (clusters),
 - **stars** (clusters), planets, smaller rocky things
 - gas and dust

Ordinary (familiar) matter and dark matter (5x more!)

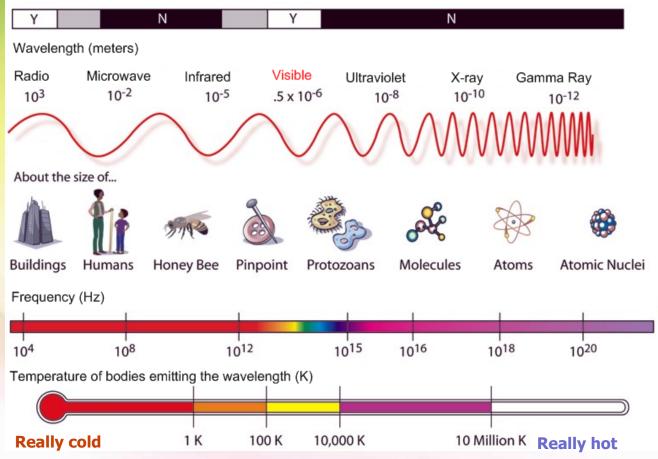
Light as a wave shorter wavelength higher energy λ longer wavelength lower energy

Light waves have length, frequency, and speed λ * freq = speed of light "c"

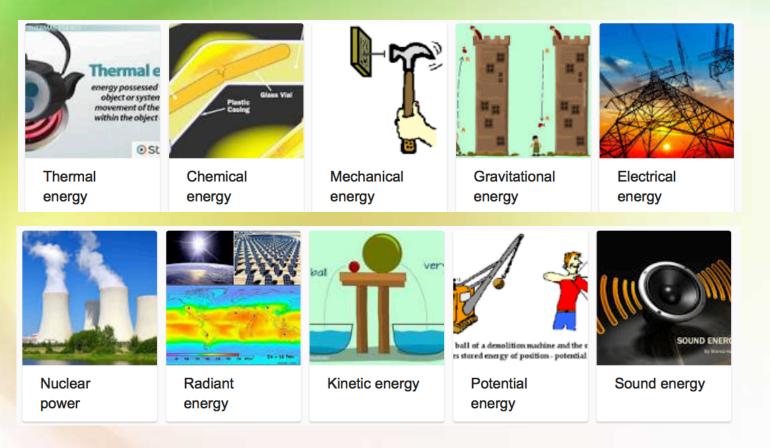
Light as a wave

The Electromagnetic Spectrum

Penetrates Earth Atmosphere?



Energy (many forms)



Forms are convertible (e.g. electricity to heat) Energy is "conserved" in all processes Mass is a form of energy: E =mc²

What is Gravity?

- A Force (makes things change their motions, *bent space*)
- Always attractive
- Associated with mass (and equivalent mass = energy/c²)
- One of four basic types of forces
 - Gravity, electricity-magnetism, two types of nuclear forces that bind atomic nuclei
 - The only force that is pervasive throughout space

- Static or Expanding or Contracting
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