## Applying Library of Congress Faceted Vocabularies

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#### Outline

- LCGFT
  - "General" Terms
  - Moving Image Terms
  - Music Terms
  - Cartographic Terms
- LCDGT
- Other Facets
  - Time Period of Creation
  - Language
  - Place of Creation
  - Country of Producing Entity
  - Music Medium of Performance
- Facets and Your Discovery System

#### Background

• LCSH for many decades included headings and subdivisions that were used to describe what a resource *is* rather than what it is *about*. Headings can describe numerous non-subject aspects, including:

```
    Genre/form Symphonies World maps Comedy films Sports posters
    Creator info Canadian fiction Film posters, Swiss American poetry--Women authors African American children's writings Music by Jewish composers
    Place of origin Almanacs, Argentinian Folk music--Appalachian Region
    Language Inuktitut poetry Short stories, Zambian (English)
    Audience Young adult fiction Teen films Music--Dictionaries, Juvenile
    Time period of creation Rock music--1961-1970 Tales, Medieval
    Music medium of performance Piano quintets Concertos (Bassoon, flute, oboe)
```

Flutes (3) with orchestra

I've used different colors to show the different aspects that are mixed in many LCSH terms and subject strings. Red indicates the genre/form aspect.

#### Background

- Starting with genre/form in 2007, LC has been developing new controlled vocabularies to describe some of these aspects, with the long-term goal of limiting LCSH to describe what a resource is about and using the new vocabularies to describe what it is
  - LCGFT (2007-): genre/form
  - LCMPT (2014-): music medium of performance
  - LCDGT (2015-): demographic groups (audience and creator/contributor characteristics)
- New MARC fields/subfields were created to record form of work (380), medium of performance (382), demographic group characteristics (385, 386), place of origin (370), and time period of creation (046 \$k/\$I and \$o/\$p, 388)
- Existing MARC fields already existed for genre/form (655), language (008/35-37, 041), and country of production (257)

# LCGFT Library of Congress Genre/Form Terms

- Draft LCGFT Manual is available at http://www.loc.gov/aba/publications/FreeLCGFT/freelcgft.html
- Terms so far for: cartographic materials, "general" materials (e.g., dictionaries, encyclopedias), law materials, literature, moving images (films and television programs), music, radio programs and other non-musical sound recordings, and religious materials
- SACO proposals for additional terms and revisions to existing terms may be made for all of the areas listed above
- Upcoming project: ARLIS/NA Cataloging Advisory Committee is preparing an initial group of art terms (to appear late 2017 or 2018)
- Potential addition for video game genres through a vocabulary being developed by ALA Subject Analysis Committee Subcommittee on Genre/Form Implementation Working Group on Genre/Form of Videogames. If not added to LCGFT, OLAC may sponsor it as a stand-alone list of terms.

General terms were developed with the ALA Subject Access Committee
Subcommittee on Genre/Form Implementation General Terms Working Group

Law terms were developed with the American Association of Law Libraries' Classification and Subject Cataloging Policy Advisory Working Group

Literature terms were developed with the ALA Subject Access Committee Subcommittee on Genre/Form Implementation Working Group on LCGFT Literature Terms

Music terms were developed with the Music Library Association Bibliographic Control Committee Form/Genre Task Force

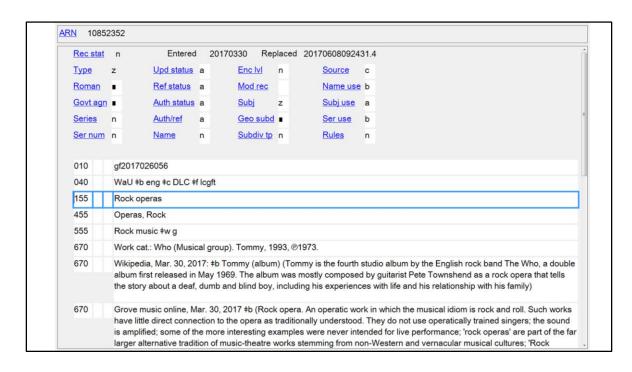
Religion terms were developed with the American Theological Library Association, coordinating with members of the Association of Jewish Libraries, the Catholic Library Association, and the Council on East Asian Libraries

From ALA/ALCTS/CaMMS Subject Analysis Committee Annual Conference, Chicago, Illinois June 24, 2017 Report from the Subcommittee on Genre/Form Implementation

(http://connect.ala.org/files/ALA%20Annual%202017%20%20SAC%20GFIS%20Report .docx): "The Working Group (WG) on Genre/Form of Videogames selected 75 terms from an initial list of hundreds. The WG proceeded to create authority records, and by the time of ALA Annual they had already created records for 55 of the 75 terms. By ALA Midwinter 2018 the WG plans to add scope notes to authority records for all 75 genre terms. Conceivably the specialists at PSD will not be ready to incorporate the production of this new vocabulary to their current list of priorities in the near future. However the WG on Genre/Form of Videogames has been offered the option of adding the vocabulary to the Open Data Registry under the sponsorship of Online Audiovisual Catalogers (OLAC). In that case the G/F of Videogames would be published under the patronage of the Subject Analysis Committee (SAC) and the sponsorship of OLAC. The source code that would be used in bibliographic records would then be \$2 olac. There might still be a chance that PSD will make a favorable decision by the time ALA Midwinter 2018 opens."

#### Where Can You Find LCGFT Terms?

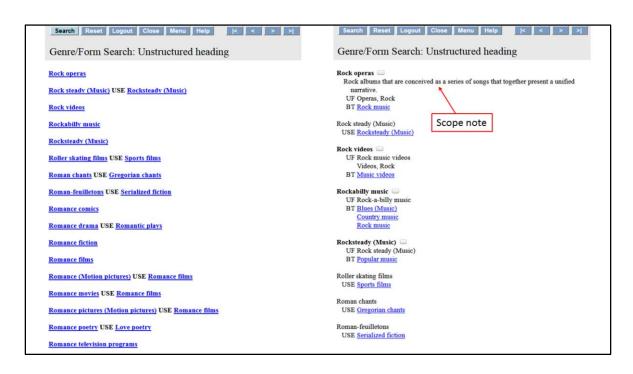
- OCLC and SkyRiver Authority Records
- · Classification Web
- Catalogers Desktop (if you have a Classification Web subscription too)
- Library of Congress Genre/Form Terms PDF Files (https://www.loc.gov/aba/publications/FreeLCGFT/GENRE.pdf)
- LC Linked Data Service (http://id.loc.gov/authorities/genreForms.html)
- Library of Congress Authorities (http://authorities.loc.gov)



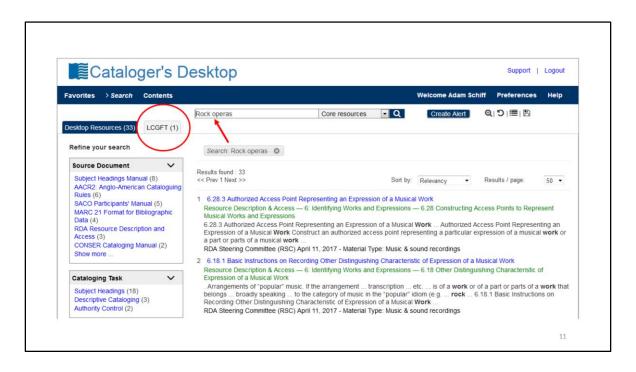
LCGFT authority record in OCLC Connexion Client



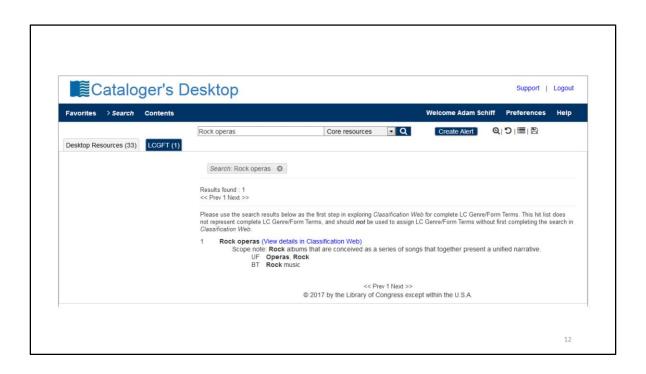
Classification Web

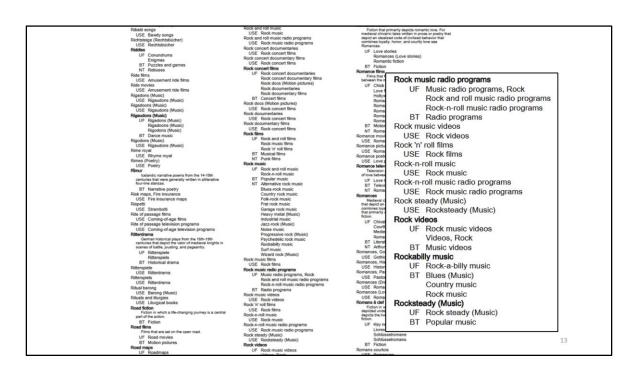


Classification Web search results for "Rock operas". It's important to check if there is a scope note to help guide you in the assignment of the term in question.



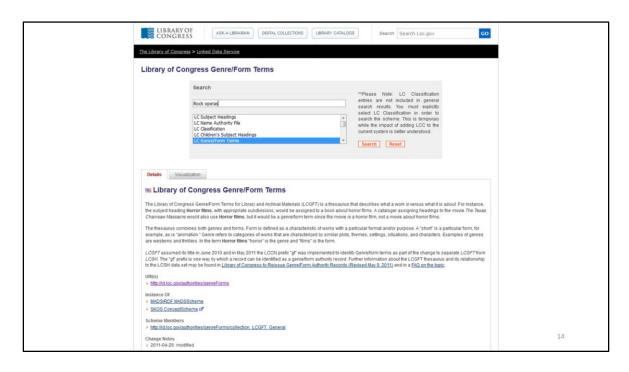
Cataloger's Desktop now includes searching of Classification Web, provided that you have a Class Web subscription.





#### ANIMATED SLIDE

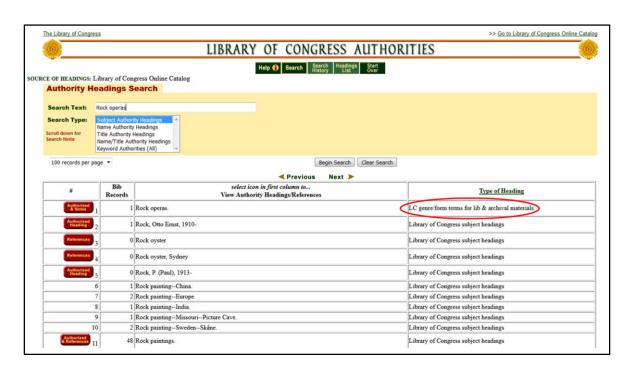
This is a screenshot from PDF file of the 2017 Edition of the *Library of Congress Genre/Form Terms for Library and Archival Materials* (LCGFT). You will notice that our example, "Rock operas," is not here. This illustrates the drawback of using the PDF file, as it is only compiled once a year, at the beginning of the year. Any terms added after will not be found in the PDF list until the following year.



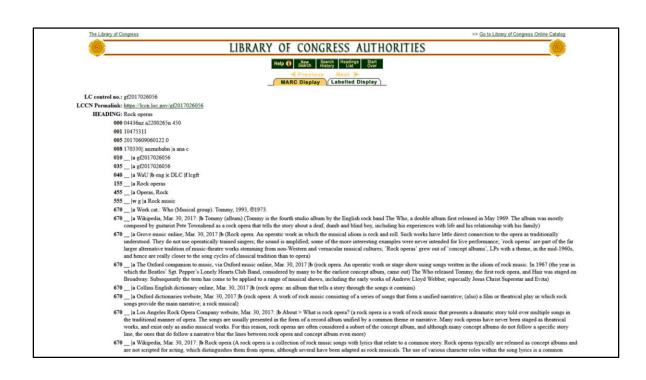
LC Linked Data Service



LC Linked Data Service



Library of Congress Authorities also includes authority records for LCGFT as well as LCSH.



- General principles
  - Consult Introduction to Library of Congress Genre/Form Terms for Library and Archival Materials and the Library of Congress Genre/Form Terms Manual (http://www.loc.gov/aba/publications/FreeLCGFT/freelcgft.html)
  - Assigned both to individual works and to compilations
  - Terms that describe works and expressions are eligible: terms for the intellectual or artistic expression of the work and also the original mode of issuance, where applicable
  - Terms that describe manifestation attributes generally are ineligible (e.g., DVDs; Large print books; Paperbacks)
  - A few exceptional manifestation-level terms are in LCGFT (e.g., Internet videos; Video recordings for the hearing impaired), but they should not be considered precedents

- General principles
  - Definition: "Genres and forms may be broadly defined as categories of resources that share known conventions. More specifically, genre/form terms may describe the purpose, structure, content, and/or themes of resources. Genre/form terms describing content and themes most frequently refer to creative works and denote common rhetorical devices that usually combine elements such as plot and setting, character types, etc. Such terms may be closely related to the subjects of the creative works, but are distinct from them."

- · General principles
  - Exclusions: Several other characteristics of works and expressions are closely related to genres and forms, but are not eligible for explicit inclusion in LCGFT:
    - ethnicity, nationality, or other characteristics of creators (e.g., Korean drama; Uighur folk songs; Artists' writings; Films by children; Music by women composers; Shinto poetry; Taoist music; Mexican American posters)
    - intended audience (e.g., Children's stories; Young adult drama; Music for the hearing impaired)
    - time period of creation (e.g., Medieval music; Han poetry; 19th century maps)
    - language (e.g., Urdu wit and humor; Arabic films)
    - place of creation (e.g., East Asian periodicals; Southern African newspapers)
    - country of production (e.g., Canadian films; Mexican television programs)
    - geographic location (e.g., works set in Berlin)

- · General principles
  - Exclusions: Several other characteristics of works and expressions are closely related to genres and forms, but are not eligible for explicit inclusion in LCGFT:
    - the popularity of the work (e.g., blockbusters)
    - medium of performance (e.g., trumpet music)
    - terms that by their nature require a value judgment on the part of catalogers and users (e.g., racist films)
    - Excluded characteristics may be implicit within a genre or form (e.g., Fu is a
       Chinese poetic form from the Han Dynasty; Silent films generally come from a
       particular time period of the 20th century; Rubble films are set in the rubble
       of bombed-out European cities)
  - LCGFT has a few exceptional terms indicative of audience which should not be considered precedents (e.g., Children's films; Law for laypersons; Television programs for people with visual disabilities)

- MARC coding
  - Use MARC 655 (Index Term--Genre/Form) and 380 (Form of Work) in bibliographic records
  - Use MARC 380 (Form of Work) and perhaps 372 (Field of Activity) in authority records
  - Include \$2 lcgft in MARC fields when LCGFT terms are used

```
100 1_ Copland, Aaron, $d 1900-1990, $e composer.
240 10 Billy the Kid. $p Suite
245 10 Billy the Kid: $b ballet-suite / $c Aaron
Copland.

250 __ Orchestral score.
655 _7 Suites. $2 lcgft
655 _7 Excerpts. $2 lcgft
655 _7 Scores. $2 lcgft
```

The RDA element "Form of work" can be recorded in bibliographic records, but is much more likely to be used in authority records. If 655 is used in bib records, the use of 380 is probably redundant.

OLAC's Best Practices for Cataloging DVD-Video and Blu-ray Discs using RDA and MARC21, version 1.0 (January 2015) does give a recommendation to include 380 in video records:

Best Practice Recommendation: Provide the form of work if readily ascertainable. Take terms from a controlled vocabulary (e.g., LCGFT, LCSH, etc.) and capitalize the first word to provide consistency.

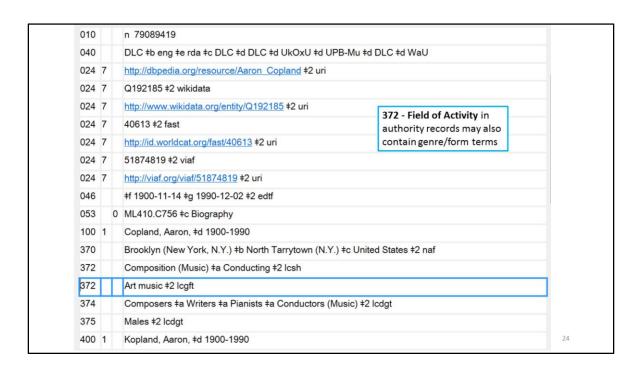
```
380 ___ $a Television program.
380 ___ $a Motion picture.
```

The examples given in the guideline, however, don't follow the recommendation to take terms from a controlled vocabulary. If they did, they would be:

```
380 __ $a Television programs $2 lcgft 380 __ $a Motion pictures $2 lcgft
```

010	n 79027022	
040	DLC +b eng +e rda +c DLC +d DLC +d PPi-MA +d DLC +d TCooP +d OCoLC +d UPB +d DLC +d NNC +d UPB +d WaU	
024 7	http://dbpedia.org/resource/Alfred Hitchcock #2 uri	
024 7	Q7374 ‡2 wikidata	
024 7	http://www.wikidata.org/entity/Q7374 ‡2 uri	
046	#f 1899-08-13 #g 1980-04-29 #2 edtf	
100 1	Hitchcock, Alfred, ‡d 1899-1980	
368	‡d Sir	
370	London (England) +b Los Angeles (Calif.) +c England +c Great Britain +c United States +2 naf	
372	Motion picturesProduction and direction ‡a Motion picture authorship ‡a Motion picture plays ‡a Acting ‡a Motion picturesEditing ‡2 lcsh	
372	Thrillers (Motion pictures) ‡a Screenplays ‡2 lcgft	1
374	Motion picture producers and directors ‡a Screenwriters ‡a Actors ‡a Motion picture editors ‡2 lcsh	1
374	Motion picture directors ‡a Motion picture producers ‡a Screenwriters ‡a Actors ‡a Motion picture editors ‡2 lcdgt	
375	Males #2 lcdgt	
377	eng	
378	‡g Alfred Joseph	23

Here's an example of LCGFT terms used for Field of Activity (MARC 372). Alfred Hitchcock is well known as a director of suspense films and as a screenwriter.



Here's another example of LCGFT terms used for Field of Activity (MARC 372). Aaron Copland was a composer of classical music, "Art music" in LCGFT.

- · General principles
  - May use subfield \$3 when a term only applies to a part of a resource

```
245 04 The gold rush; $b plus, Pay day / $c Film de Dam; written and directed by Charlie Chaplin.
```

```
655 _7 Comedy films. $2 lcgft
```

655 7 Silent films. \$2 lcgft

655 \_ 7 Fiction films. \$2 lcgft

655 \_7 \$3 Gold rush: \$a Feature films. \$2 lcgft

655 \_7 \$3 Pay day: \$a Short films. \$2 lcgft

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The slide shows an example of using \$3 in the 655 field. The DVD being cataloged contains two films. Both of the films are comedy films, silent films, and fiction films, so the first three 655s in the record apply to all the works. However, one of the works is a feature film and the other is a short film. In this example, the titles of the works that the genre/form term applies to have been used in the \$3. But anything appropriate can go into the subfield, e.g. volume numbers, "1st work", "2nd work", accompanying disc, and so on. Use whatever is appropriate and makes the most sense.

- General principles
  - May use subfield \$3 when a term only applies to a part of a resource

```
245 02 A German requiem : $b op. 45 / $c Brahms. Bartered bride overture /
       Smetana. Rhapsodie espagnole / Ravel.
655 _7 Art music. $2 lcgft
655 _7 $3 A German requiem: $a Requiems. $2 lcgft
```

655 \_ 7 \$3 Bartered bride overture: \$a Overtures. \$2 lcgft

655 \_7 \$3 Rhapsodie espagnole: \$a Rhapsodies (Music) \$2 lcgft

An example of a sound recording with three different genre/forms of works. \$3 may be used to identify the work to which the genre/form term applies. The first term, "Art music," applies to the compilation as a whole.

- General principles
  - May use subfield \$3 when a term only applies to a part of a resource

```
245 00 Tennessee River Civil War driving tour.
```

- 300 \_\_\_ 1 audio disc (approximately 18 min.): \$b digital; \$c 4 3/4 in. + \$e 1 videodisc (approximately 23 min.: sound, color; 4 3/4 in.) + 1 color map (27 x 19 cm, on sheet 44 x 28 cm, folded to 14 x 11 cm)
- 520 \_\_\_ Driving tour of Civil War sites in Tennessee, specifically along the Tennessee River and surrounding area. Includes audio tour CD with accompanying map. The map includes an audio CD legend of attractions and GPS coordinates, and URLs to local area tourist websites. The accompanying DVD covers the same sites referenced on both the audio CD and map.
- 655\_7 \$3 CD: \$a Audiobooks. \$2 lcgft
- 655\_7 \$3 CD: \$a Guidebooks. \$2 lcgft
- 655\_7 \$3 Accompanying DVD: \$a Travelogues (Motion pictures) \$2 lcgft
- 655\_7 \$3 Accompanying DVD: \$a Nonfiction films. \$2 lcgft
- 655\_7 \$3 Accompanying DVD: \$a Short films. \$2 lcgft
- 655\_7 \$3 Accompanying map: \$a Tourist maps. \$2 lcgft

2

Here's a multipart monograph consisting of an audio disc, videodisc, and map. The use of \$3 in 655 helps to identify what LCGFT terms apply to what part of the resource.

- General principles
  - Specificity applies to genre/form the same as it does to subjects. Assign LCGFT terms that are specific to the resource being cataloged. A seemingly broad term like **Poetry** is specific when you're cataloging a collection of poems in many different forms
  - Assign genre/form terms only as they come readily to mind after a superficial review of the resource being cataloged
  - Assign genre/form terms that correspond to the cataloging treatment of the resource. If cataloging a continuing resource such as a periodical, a monographic series, or a collected set, assign terms that characterize the resource as a whole. If cataloging a work as an analytic, assign terms that characterize the analytic

- General principles
  - Assign terms based on analysis of the resource being cataloged. Genre/form terms do not need to be justified by descriptive cataloging elements
  - Assign to the resource being cataloged genre/form terms that describe the resource as a whole. Sometimes one term is sufficient, while at other times a complement of terms is necessary
  - Assign broader or more general terms when it's not possible to establish a
    more specific term, when an array of terms is needed (e.g., for an animated
    science fiction romance film, three terms are needed: Animated films,
    Science fiction films, Romance films), or when the LCGFT Manual includes
    special instructions to do this

- General principles
  - It is permissible to assign both a broader and a narrower term (for a compilation that consists of a predominant genre or form but includes a "significant proportion" of works that would be assigned another term in the hierarchy)

Example: anthology of oi music that also includes a significant proportion of other types of punk rock: assign both **Oi music** and **Punk rock music** 

 If there is a predominant genre/form, assign that term first; if predominant genre/form needs two terms to express it, assign them first

3(

#### First bullet:

GFTM J 110 says "Note: The use of the phrase 'significant proportion' is deliberate. Catalogers should take the intent of the resource into account and display good judgment when assigning terms from multiple levels of the hierarchy in this manner."

- General principles
  - Don't assign genre/form terms to works that have no discernible genre/form (e.g., a history of U.S. foreign relations in the 20th century)
  - For resources with separate parts (e.g., text plus an extensive bibliography or a section of maps; book with accompanying disc) also assign separate terms for the individual parts or materials if they are judged to be significant. May use \$3 to identify the part to which a term applies

3:

LCGFT Manual J 110

- General principles
  - Number of terms
    - If a resource consists of two or three genres that make up a broader genre, and that broader genre includes no other than those two or three genres within its scope, assign the broader genre instead of the two or three narrower genres

Title: The best Rosh ha-Shanah and Yom Kippur music: music of the High Holidays

*Term assigned:* **High Holiday music** (rather than **Rosh ha-Shanah music** and **Yom Kippur music**)

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#### LCGFT Manual J 110

**6. Two or three related terms.** If a term exists, or can be established (see J 120), that (1) represents the two or three genres or forms displayed by a resource, and (2) includes no other genres or forms within its scope, assign one term instead of two or three narrower terms.

- General principles
  - Number of terms Rule of Three
    - If a genre/form term includes in its scope more than three sub-genres or forms, but the resource being cataloged consists of only two or three of those sub-genres or forms, assign the appropriate two or three terms instead of the broader term

Title: Time machine: the history of Canadian 60's garage, punk, and surf, 1985-95

Terms assigned: Garage rock music

Punk rock music

Surf music

not Rock music, the broader term, because it has more than three NTs

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#### LCGFT Manual J 110

**7. Rule of three.** If a genre/form term includes in its scope more than three subgenres or forms, but the resource being cataloged consists of only two or three of those sub-genres or forms, assign the appropriate two or three terms instead of the broader term.

If a resource displays more than three of the narrower terms of a single broader term, assign the broader term unless the rule of four, described below, applies.

- General principles
  - · Number of terms Rule of Three
    - If a resource displays more than three of the narrower terms of a single broader term, assign the broader term unless the rule of four applies
  - Number of terms Rule of Four
    - For resources that display four sub-genres or forms of a broader term, if the
      four sub-genres or forms comprise only a small portion of the scope of the
      broader term (i.e., the broader term has many narrower terms in addition
      to the four in question), assign the four sub-genres or forms instead of the
      broader term.
    - Example: poetry anthology that consists of four Japanese forms: Haiku,
       Senryu, Tanka, and Kyōka. Assign the four specific terms rather than Poetry

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#### LCGFT Manual J 110

**7. Rule of three.** If a genre/form term includes in its scope more than three subgenres or forms, but the resource being cataloged consists of only two or three of those sub-genres or forms, assign the appropriate two or three terms instead of the broader term.

If a resource displays more than three of the narrower terms of a single broader term, assign the broader term unless the rule of four, described below, applies.

**8. Rule of four.** In certain circumstances it may be preferable to assign terms for four sub-genres or forms of a broad term. If a term covers a broad range and each subgenre or form comprises only a small portion of that whole range, assign the four sub-genres or forms. For example, a poetry anthology that consists of haiku, senryu, tanka, and kyōka may be assigned terms for those four genres instead of the broad term **Poetry**.

LC practice: Do not exceed four sub-genres or forms under any circumstances.

- General principles
  - Bring out or account for each genre or form in the title and subtitle if they
    accurately represent the genre(s) and/or form(s) of the resource and if they
    are useful for retrieval
    - If the title is general but the work is actually of a more specific genre and/or form, assign terms for the specific genre or form
    - If many genres and/or forms are listed on the title page in the manner of a table of contents, treat them as a table of contents
  - Follow additional instructions in the manual for kinds of resources and disciplines (e.g., moving images; radio programs)

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LCGFT Manual J 110

# LC Genre/Form Terms

- General principles
  - Objectivity: Avoid assigning terms that express personal value judgments and opinions about resources being cataloged. Consider the intent of the author or publisher, and if possible assign terms for this orientation without being judgmental (e.g., if collection says it's humorous poetry, assign the appropriate term even if you don't find the poems funny)
  - LCGFT terms are not authorized for any type of subdivision (no \$x, \$y, \$z, or \$v)

Not valid: 655 \_7 Rock music \$z Germany. \$2 lcgft

655 7 Rock music \$y 2001-2010. \$2 lcgft

Valid: 655 \_7 Rock music. \$2 lcgft

655 \_4 Rock music \$z Germany.

655 \_4 Rock music \$y 2001-2010.

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#### LCGFT Manual J 110

The last two valid examples are uncontrolled genre/form access points. They could be added in addition to the controlled form, but they may not be coded as being LCGFT.

# LC Genre/Form Terms

- General principles
  - If the classification number reflects the genre/form of the resource, record that genre/form term first

```
050 _4 M10 $b .T289 2016
245 00 Ten preludes and fugues from the 19th and 20th centuries: $b for organ / $c compiled by
            Esther Criscuola de Laix.
                                                                                 For electronic organ, except works for specific seasons and occasions see \underline{M14.8-85} \Box For reed organ see \underline{M15-19} \Box
655 7 Fugues. $2 lcgft
                                                                               Miscellaneous collections
655 _7 Preludes (Music) $2 lcgft
                                                                                   Class here collections containing original works and arrangements
                                                                               Original compositions
655 _7 Scores. $2 lcgft
                                                                      M7
                                                                                     Class here collections that cannot be assigned to a more specific class
                                                                      M8-11.2
                                                                                 By form or type 
Class here collections and separate works
                                                                      M8.5
                                                                                   Symphonies [
                                                                      M9
                                                                                   Suites. Variation forms
                                                                                       Including passacaglias, chaconnes, etc.
                                                                      M10
                                                                                       Including those with preludes
                                                                      M11
                                                                                        Class here only separate works not assigned to classes for specific forms or occasions
                                                                      M11.2
                                                                                   Pedal pieces
```

Since this work has been classed in a number for fugues, the LCGFT term "Fugues" is given as the first 655 field.

"This volume features ten preludes, fugues, and prelude-fugue pairs from the early nineteenth through mid-twentieth centuries, by Charles Zeuner, Carl Czerny, Joseph Sulzer, and others. Included are pieces of a range of difficulties and lengths, with and without pedals, that are suitable for both service playing and concert use"--Back cover.

# LC Genre/Form Terms

- · General principles
  - If no predominant genre/form and not classified in a number that reflects genre/form, then assign terms in any order considered to be most useful
  - If terms are assigned for the whole resource and for parts of the resource, assign terms for the whole before terms for the parts
  - 245 10 Orchestral works / \$c Henri Dutilleux.
  - 505 0\_ Symphony no. 1 -- Tout un monde lointain -- The shadows of time : for 3 children's voices and orchestra -- Métaboles -- Violin concerto : L'arbre des songes -- Symphony no. 2 : Le double -- Sur le même accord : nocturne for violin and orchestra -- Les citations : diptych for oboe, harpsichord, bass and percussion -- Mystère de l'instant -- Timbres, espace, mouvement.
  - 655 \_7 Art music. \$2 lcgft
  - 655 \_7 Symphonies. \$2 lcgft
  - 655\_7 Concertos. \$2 lcgft
  - 655 7 Chamber music. \$2 lcgft

A sound recording of a number of kinds of orchestral works.

#### LCGFT Exercise 1

You are cataloging a DVD compilation containing three feature films, and short animated film. Title A is a feature fiction car-chase film, Title B is a feature fiction circus film, Title C is a feature documentary about an indigenous Amazonian tribe. Title D is the short animated film fiction produced using stopmotion technique. Assign appropriate LCGFT terms in MARC for this compilation. *Hint:* consider using \$3.

#### These are all valid LCGFT terms:

Animated films BT Motion pictures
Car-chase films BT Motion pictures
Circus films BT Motion pictures
Documentary films BT Nonfiction
films

**Ethnographic films** BT Documentary films

Feature films BT Motion pictures
Fiction films BT Motion pictures
Nonfiction films BT Motion pictures
Short films BT Motion pictures
Stop-motion animation films BT
Animated films

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#### Answer:

```
655 _7 Feature films. $2 lcgft
655 _7 Fiction films. $2 lcgft
655 _7 Car-chase films. $2 lcgft
```

655 \_7 Circus films. \$2 lcgft

655 \_7 Ethnographic films. \$2 lcgft

655 \_7 Documentary films. \$2 lcgft

655 \_7 Nonfiction films. \$2 lcgft

655 \_7 Stop-motion animation films. \$2 lcgft

655 7 Animated films. \$2 lcgft

655 7 Short films. \$2 lcgft

or

```
655 _7 $3 Title A; Title B; Title C: $a Feature films. $2 lcgft 655 _7 $3 Title A; Title B; Title D: $a Fiction films. $2 lcgft 655 _7 $3 Title A: $a Car-chase films. $2 lcgft
```

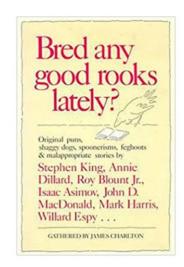
655 7 \$3 Title B: \$a Circus films. \$2 lcgft

```
655 _7 $3 Title C: $a Ethnographic films. $2 lcgft
655 _7 $3 Title C: $a Documentary films. $2 lcgft
655 _7 $3 Title C: $a Nonfiction films. $2 lcgft
655 _7 $3 Title D: $a Stop-motion animation films. $2 lcgft
655 _7 $3 Title D: $a Animated films. $2 lcgft
655 _7 $3 Title D: $a Short films. $2 lcgft
```

Note: OLAC best practices for moving images allows the assignment for terms from different levels of the same hierarchy. This is why Ethnographic films, Documentary films, and Nonfiction films and why Stop-motion animation films and Animated films can all be assigned.

#### LCGFT Exercise 2

You are cataloging the compilation Bred Any Good Rooks Lately?: A Collection of Puns, Shaggy Dogs, Spoonerisms, Feghoots & Malappropriate Stories. Assign LCGFT for this collection using MARC coding. Use these screenshots from Classification Web to choose the appropriate term(s). Consider whether the rule of three or rule of four applies.



40

#### Answer:

655 \_7 Puns. \$2 lcgft 655 \_7 Shaggy dog stories. \$2 lcgft 655 \_7 Spoonerisms. \$2 lcgft 655 \_7 Humorous fiction. \$2 lcgft

In LCGFT, Feghoots is a UF for Shaggy dog stories.

The rule of three does not apply, because there are more than three sub-genres of humor here.

"If a resource displays more than three of the narrower terms of a single broader term, assign the broader term unless the rule of four, described below, applies."

The rule of four applies in this case, because the broader term **Humor** has many additional narrower terms besides the four above.

```
Comical works intended to provoke laughter and provide amusement.
       UF Amusing works
          Bons mots
          Facetiae
                                                        Feghoots
          Funny works
                                                            USE Shaggy dog stories
          Humorous works
                                                                                                 Spoonerisms =
          Humour
                                                                                                   Humorous mistakes in which the speaker
          Jests
                                                                                                     switches the initial sounds of two or more
          Jokes
                                                                                                     words.
          Wit and humor
                                                        Humorous fiction
                                                                                                  BT Humor
          Witticisms
                                                         UF Comedy fiction
       BT Recreational works
                                                             Comic fiction
      NT Anecdotes
                                                         BT Fiction
          Black humor
                                                             Humor
          Comedy films
                                                                                                Shaggy dog stories
                                                         NT Tall tales
          Comedy plays
                                                                                                   Lengthy, improbable, and ultimately pointless
          Humorous comics
                                                                                                     stories ending in an anti-climax, as well as
          Humorous fiction
                                                                                                     for jokes in which a pun is finally achieved
          Humorous monologues
                                                        Puns -
                                                                                                     after a long (and ideally tedious)
          Humorous music
                                                         UF Calembours
                                                                                                     exposition.
          Humorous poetry
                                                             Carwitchets
                                                                                                  UF Feghoots
                                                             Clenches (Puns)
                                                                                                     Groaners
          Radio comedies
                                                             Clinches (Puns)
                                                                                                      Yarns (Shaggy dog stories)
          Satirical literature
                                                             Paronomasias
                                                                                                  BT Humor
          Satirical songs
                                                             Quibbles (Puns)
          Shaggy dog stories
                                                          BT Humor
          Spoonerisms
                                                         NT Knock-knock jokes
          Stand-up comedy routines
          Television comedies
          Tongue twisters
           Xiang sheng
```

#### Answer:

```
655 _7 Puns. $2 lcgft
655 _7 Shaggy dog stories. $2 lcgft
655 _7 Spoonerisms. $2 lcgft
655 _7 Humorous fiction. $2 lcgft
```

In LCGFT, Feghoots is a UF for Shaggy dog stories.

The rule of three does not apply, because there are more than three sub-genres of humor here.

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The rule of four applies in this case, because the broader term **Humor** has many additional narrower terms besides the four above.

### "General" Terms

• Terms which are not specific to a particular discipline

Abridgments Almanacs Bibliographies Blogs
Conference papers and proceedings Diaries Dictionaries
FAQs Guidebooks Newsletters Picture books

Sayings Textbooks Yearbooks Zines

- Terms for ephemera Calendars Menus Theater programs
- Terms for some graphic materials Posters Postcards Paper dolls
- Terms for puzzles and games KenKen puzzles Sudoku puzzles
- Terms for types of toy and movable books Flip books Pop-up books
- Some nonfiction terms Autobiographies Biographies Diaries
  Essays Travel writing True crime stories

#### "General" Terms

• Many have corresponding headings or form subdivisions in LCSH, but the LCGFT headings may not be identical. For example:

LCSH: \$v Biography LCSH: \$v Congresses

LCGFT: Biographies LCGFT: Conference papers and proceedings

LCSH: \$v Handbooks, manuals, etc. LCSH: Imaginary histories LCGFT: Handbooks and manuals LCGFT: Counterfactual histories

LCSH: Playbills LCSH: Sound effects books LCGFT: Playbills (Posters) LCGFT: Sound books

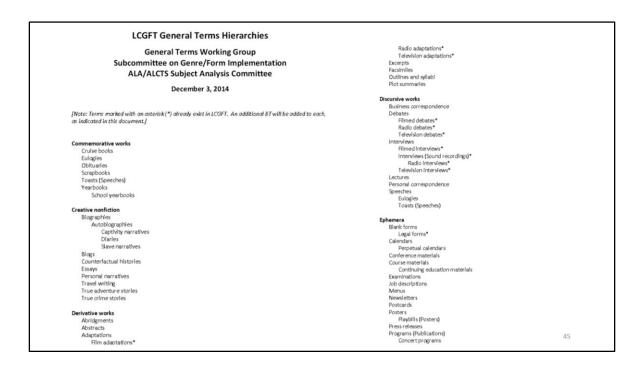
LCSH: \$v Tables LCSH: \$v Exhibitions LCGFT: Tables (Data) LCGFT: Exhibition catalogs

43

All LCGFT terms are in the plural form, unlike some LCSH headings. Terms in LCSH with "etc." were deemed undesirable, so you won't find them in LCGFT. All terms were reevaluated to be sure that they reflected current and common usage and made sense as stand-alone genre/form terms.

### "General" Terms

- Divided into 10 "top" terms: Commemorative works; Creative nonfiction; Derivative works; Discursive works; Ephemera; Illustrated works; Informational works; Instructional and educational works; Recreational works; Tactile works
  - These are mainly for gathering the general terms into broad categories; they will rarely be assigned in a bibliographic record because more specific terms are available
  - Some of the more specific terms may be in the hierarchies of multiple top terms. For example, Handbooks and manuals has two BTs, Instructional and educational works and Reference works, which is an NT of Informational works



LC has posted a hierarchical arrangement of the general terms that the GFIS Working Group created. Note that the current version online, dated December 3, 2014, does not reflect any changes that LC may have made to the records during the editorial process.

245 00 FOLDOC : \$b free on-line dictionary of computing / \$c editor, Denis Howe.

650 \_0 Computer science \$v Dictionaries.

650 \_0 Computers \$v Dictionaries.

650 \_0 Microcomputers \$v Dictionaries.

655 \_7 Dictionaries. \$2 lcgft



Another very simple case where the LCGFT term is identical to the LCSH form subdivision.

100 1\_ King, Coretta Scott, \$d 1927-2006, \$e author.

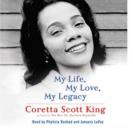
245 10 My life, my love, my legacy / \$c Coretta Scott King as told to the Rev. Dr. Barbara Reynolds.

250 \_\_ Unabridged.

300 \_\_ 1 online resource (1 sound file (14 hr., 30 min.)) : \$b digital

655 \_7 Autobiographies. \$2 lcgft

655 \_7 Audiobooks. \$2 lcgft



245 00 Stink bugs of Oregon.

264 1\_ Salem, OR: \$b Oregon Department of Agriculture, Plant Protection and Conservation Program, Insect Pest Prevention and Management,

\$c [2017]

300 \_\_ 1 poster; \$b color; \$c 46 x 31 cm

650 O Stinkbugs \$z Oregon \$v Posters.

655\_7 Wildlife posters. \$2 lcgft

Stink Bugs of Oregon

48

LCGFT has the general term **Posters**, but also a number of more specific terms for kinds of posters. Other examples include: **Environmental posters**, **Geological posters**, **Political posters**, **Propaganda posters**, **Travel posters**.

245 00 Travel writers / \$c compilation, Steve Cleary.

300 \_\_\_ 2 audio discs (150 min.) : \$b digital, CD audio ; \$c 4 3/4 in. + \$e 1 booklet (13 unnumbered pages : illustrations ; 12 cm).

500 \_\_ "A mixture of radio broadcasts and live talks and readings"--Accompanying booklet.

505 0\_ disc 1. Marooned on Elephant Island / Leonard D.A. Hussey (3:04). Speaking personally / Rosita Forbes (7:48). The philosophy of exploration / Freya Stark (17:35). Nuptials of the East and West / Sacheverell Sitwell (12:46). Interview at her home in Chandolin / Ella Maillant; interviewer, Bridget Carter (17:21). On the Bushmen of the Kalahari / Laurens van der Post (19:10) -- disc 2. The time of my life / Peter Fleming (20:49). The empty quarter / Wilfred Thesiger (16:02). The last fiesta / Laurie Lee (13:57). Turning points / Eric Newby (11.28). Trieste and the meaning of nowhere / Jan Morris (6:02). By camel across Sahara / Geoffrey Moorhouse; interviewer, Robert Williams (4:55)..

655 \_7 Travel writing. \$2 lcgft

655\_7 Literary readings (Radio programs) \$2 lcgft

655\_7 Interviews. \$2 lcgft

245 00 Volcano: \$b a board game odyssey to the May 18th eruption of Mount St. Helens.

300 \_\_ 1 game (1 board, 1 rules sheet, 6 colored move markers, 1 dice, 31 blue cards, 37 red cards, and 34 grey cards) : \$b paper, cardboard, and plastic ; \$c 34 x 30 x 5 cm

655 \_7 Board games. \$2 lcgft

100 1\_ Widmer, Don, \$e book artist.

245 10 Fanny and the doll corpse / \$c by Don Widmer.

300 \_\_\_ 2 volumes : \$b color illustrations ; \$c 21 x 25 cm, in box 23 x 26 x 6 cm

500 \_\_ Consists of two artist book structures housed in a drop-spine box. One is in codex format; the other is a tunnel book.

655\_7 Picture books. \$2 lcgft

655\_7 Tunnel books. \$2 lcgft

655 7 Historical fiction. \$2 lcgft

655 7 Detective and mystery fiction. \$2 lcgft

655\_0 Artists' books.



51

**Artists' books** is not yet in LCGFT, so the term is coded here with a second indicator value of 0, meaning that the term is from LCSH. However, this term will be coming into LCGFT through the upcoming project to add art terms.

- Top terms: Motion pictures and Television programs. Only used for collections composed of multiple genres and/or forms
- LCGFT Manual Instruction Sheet J 240:
  - The word *films* refers to resources that are originally recorded and released on motion picture film, on video, or digitally. The phrase *television programs* refers to those resources that were intended to be telecast.
  - Assign one of these terms: Fiction films; Nonfiction films; Fiction television programs;
     Nonfiction television programs
  - For films, assign either **Short films** (< 40 min.) or **Feature films** (40 min. or longer) as appropriate

- LCGFT Manual Instruction Sheet J 240:
  - For moving image resources produced with captions or sign language for viewing by the hearing impaired assign: Films for the hearing impaired or Television programs for the hearing impaired
  - For moving image resources with additional audio description provided for people with visual disabilities assign: Films for people with visual disabilities or Television programs for people with visual disabilities.
  - Local policy decision: instead of or in addition to above, may assign Video recordings for the hearing impaired and/or Video recordings for people with visual disabilities

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First and second subbullets: *Note:* The terms describe audiences, not genres or forms, and are provided in LCGFT as exceptions.

The terms Video recordings for the hearing impaired and Video recordings for people with visual disabilities, which likewise refer to audiences, are also provided as exceptions. Individual libraries may choose to develop local policies to assign them instead of, or in addition to, the above required terms.

 OLAC's Library of Congress Genre-Form Thesaurus (LCGFT) for Moving Images: Best Practices

(http://www.olacinc.org/sites/capc\_files/LCGFTbestpractices.pdf)

- Terms may be assigned from different levels of the same hierarchy if desired (e.g., Slasher films as well as Horror films; Sex comedy films as well as Comedy films)
- Fiction vs. nonfiction: useful for limiting/faceting; guidelines for borderline cases
- When to assign Short films and Feature films: films or videos that have been or are likely to have been originally exhibited theatrically or otherwise shown publicly and for films and videos similar in structure and style to films shown in theatrical venues where users may find these categories useful
- Accessibility terms: base accessibility form terms on the format in hand, normally video recordings, rather than the original format. Films for the hearing impaired and Films for people with visual disabilities should thus only be used when cataloging moving images in film format. Television programs for [...] terms would not be used at all

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OLAC's Library of Congress Genre-Form Thesaurus (LCGFT) for Moving Images: Best Practices (December 13, 2011)

Terms may be assigned from the same hierarchy: "First, OPACs, generally, neither do a good job of guiding the user through the syndetic structure nor make it easy to search both the larger category (e.g., Comedy films) and all of its subcategories (e.g., Screwball comedy films, Parody films) at one time. Assigning terms at different levels would make it easier for users to do comprehensive searches."

"Secondly, with topical headings, some specificity is lost by using broader headings in addition to headings that are specific to the item because it becomes impossible to retrieve items solely on the general, broader topic (e.g., if a library used Psychology as a subject heading on all psychology-related works as opposed to only general overviews). Genre terms are not specific in this same way. Specialized types of comedies are not lesser members of the general category of comedy."

Fiction films/Nonfiction films and Fiction television programs/Nonfiction television programs: Though these terms may not seem useful for direct searching, they have great potential as search limits or in faceted interfaces, particularly when combined

with genres that are not inherently either fiction or nonfiction, such as Biographical films.

Filmed or televised performances are considered recordings of events, and, therefore, nonfiction. For unclear cases, use cataloger judgment, taking into consideration the intent of the filmmakers and the likely perception of the audience.

Short films vs. Feature films: Do not apply to film serials, materials that were originally made for television, recordings of events such as lectures or conferences, instructional materials, live performances, unedited footage, or materials intended primarily as visual or conceptual art. When in doubt, apply the term.

- OLAC's Library of Congress Genre-Form Thesaurus (LCGFT) for Moving Images: Best Practices
  - (http://www.olacinc.org/sites/capc\_files/LCGFTbestpractices.pdf)
    - Recommends order of genre/form terms: from specific terms to broader terms, followed by terms relating to intended audience, technique, derivation, duration, fiction/nonfiction element, form of distribution, and accessibility. Any local terms should follow the authorized LCGFT terms
    - · Guidance on when to use Internet videos, Podcasts, and Webisodes
      - Internet videos: only when the piece in hand is on the Internet
      - Podcasts and Webisodes: for resources in their original format online as well as for DVDs containing them

### Moving Image Examples

245 00 Monsters, Inc. / \$c Walt Disney Pictures presents; Pixar Animation Studios film; producer, Darla K.

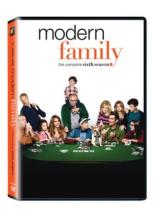
Anderson; written by Andrew Stanton, Daniel Gerson; directors, Pete Docter, David Silverman, Lee Unkrich.

- 650 \_ 0 Monsters \$v Juvenile drama.
- 650 \_0 Factories \$v Juvenile drama.
- 650 \_0 Monsters, Inc. (Imaginary organization) \$v Juvenile drama.
- 650 \_0 Girls \$v Juvenile drama.
- 650 \_0 Toddlers \$v Juvenile drama.
- 650 \_0 Male friendship \$v Juvenile drama.
- 650 \_ 0 Nightmares \$v Juvenile drama.
- 655 \_7 Comedy films. \$2 lcgft
- 655 \_7 Monster films. \$2 lcgft
- 655 \_7 Children's films. \$2 lcgft
- 655 \_7 Computer animation films. \$2 lcgft
- 655 \_7 Animated films. \$2 lcgft
- 655\_7 Feature films. \$2 lcgft
- 655 \_7 Fiction films. \$2 lcgft
- 655 \_7 Video recordings for the hearing impaired. \$2 lcgft
- 655 \_7 Video recordings for people with visual disabilities. \$2 lcgft



## Moving Image Examples

- 130 0\_ Modern family (Television program). \$n Season 6.
- 245 10 Modern family. \$n The complete sixth season / \$c Levitan Lloyd; 20th Century Fox Television; created by Christopher Lloyd & Steven Levitan.
- 650\_0 Families \$z United States \$v Drama.
- 650 \_ 0 Man-woman relationships \$z United States \$v Drama.
- 650\_0 Stepfamilies \$v Drama.
- 650\_0 Gay fathers \$v Drama.
- 650\_0 Adopted children \$v Drama.
- 650\_0 Suburban life \$v Drama.
- 651\_0 Los Angeles (Calif.) \$v Drama.
- 655\_7 Television comedies. \$2 lcgft
- 655 \_7 Documentary-style television programs. \$2 lcgft
- 655\_7 Fiction television programs. \$2 lcgft
- 655\_7 Television series. \$2 lcgft
- 655 \_7 Video recordings for the hearing impaired. \$2 lcgft



#### Music Terms

- Use for both sound recordings and notated music
- For notated music, there are additional terms that are assigned to bring out the notated aspect (e.g., Chorus scores; Fakebooks (Music); Musical sketches; Parts (Music); Piano scores; Scores; Songbooks; Vocal scores)
- LCGFT Manual J 250 Music "coming soon"
- Until J 250 comes out, use: Music Library Association's Best Practices for Using LCGFT for Music Resources

#### Music Terms

• Music Library Association's *Best Practices for Using LCGFT for Music Resources* 

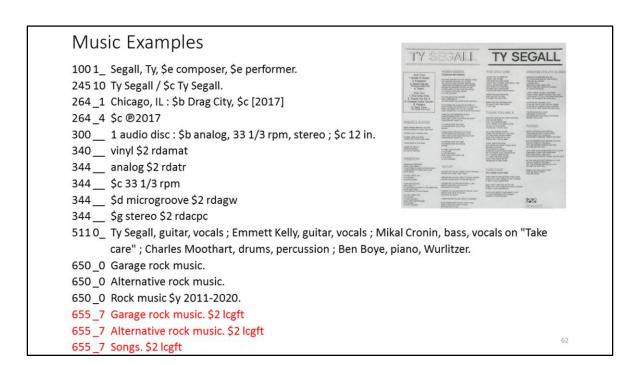
(http://c.ymcdn.com/sites/www.musiclibraryassoc.org/resource/resm gr/BCC Genre Form Task Force/BestPractices160621.pdf)

- Generally choose the most specific appropriate term available (e.g., Rock music instead of Popular music)
- If work combines aspects of two genres/forms that are in different hierarchies, or exemplifies more than one genre/form, give multiple terms (e.g., for an art song, assign both **Songs** and **Art music**)
- For notated music, give terms for the notated format in addition to any genre/form terms describing the musical work (e.g., for the score and set of parts for a string quartet, assign Chamber music, Scores, and Parts (Music))

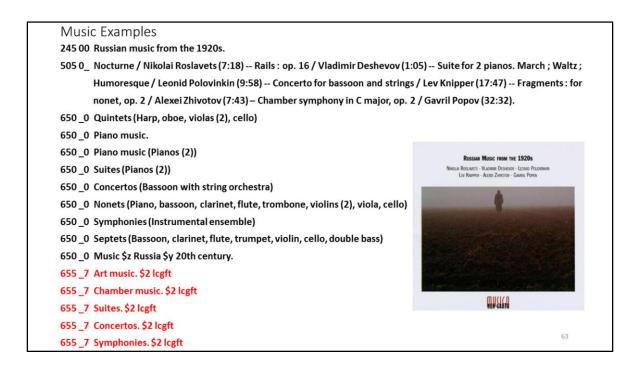
#### Music Terms

- Music Library Association's Best Practices for Using LCGFT for Music Resources
  - For sound recordings, do not assign Sound recordings, but assign terms for particular types of sound recordings if appropriate (e.g., Film soundtracks, Live sound recordings, Original cast recordings, Remixes (Music), Visual albums)
  - Guidance on some specific terms (Art music and Folk music; Chamber music; Arrangements (Music); Excerpts)
  - LCGFT terms should be used in conjunction with LCMPT terms
  - For now, continue to use LCSH in field 650 according to the guidelines in the Subject Headings Manual

- 100 1 Martin, Steve, \$d 1945- \$e composer, \$e librettist.
- 245 10 Bright star : \$b a new musical : original Broadway cast recording / \$c music, book & story by Steve Martin ; music, lyrics & story by Edie Brickell.
- 300 \_\_ 1 audio disc (61 min.) : \$b digital ; \$c 4 3/4 in.
- 650\_0 Musicals.
- 655 \_7 Musicals. \$2 lcgft
- 655 \_7 Original cast recordings. \$2 lcgft



This is an example of a brand new recording issued on vinyl, which is still very popular and even growing in popularity again.



*Note*: one could use \$3 in the 655s to specify which pieces are which genre/form.

- 100 1\_ Lowry, Todd, \$e composer, \$e author.
- 245 10 New Orleans piano styles : \$b a guide to the keyboard licks of Crescent City greats / \$c by Todd Lowry.
- 300 \_\_ 1 score (77 pages) : \$b illustrations ; \$c 31 cm + \$e 1 audio disc (4 3/4 in.)
- 348 \_\_ score \$2 rdafnm
- 500 \_\_ Accompanying CD contains demonstrations of all the musical examples in the book as recorded by Brent Edstrom.
- 500 \_\_ "Learn to play the piano styles of Jelly Roll Morton, James Booker, Fats Domino,
  Professor Longhair, Allen Toussaint, Harry Connick Jr., Dr. John, and more"--Page 4
  of cover.
- 650\_0 Piano \$v Methods (Jazz)
- 650\_0 Piano \$v Methods (Jazz) \$v Self-instruction.
- 650\_0 Jazz \$z Louisiana \$z New Orleans.
- 655 \_7 Jazz. \$2 lcgft
- 655\_7 Methods (Music) \$2 lcgft
- 655\_7 Scores. \$2 lcgft

- 1001\_ Fauré, Gabriel, \$d 1845-1924, \$e composer.
- 240 10 Instrumental music. \$k Selections
- 245 10 Berceuse pour violon et orchestre, op. 16, N 50b; \$b Ballade pour piano et orchestre, op. 19, N 56b; Élégie pour violoncelle et orchestre, op 24, N 66b; Romance pour violon et orchestre, op. 28, N 71b; Fantaisie pour piano et orchestre, op. 111, N 184b; Concerto pour violon et orchestre, op. 14, N 47 / \$c Gabriel Fauré; éditées par Peter Jost.
- 300 \_\_ 1 score (lxii, 278 pages): facsimiles; \$c 33 cm.
- 500 \_\_\_ The 1st and 4th works originally for violin and piano; the 3rd work originally for cello and piano.
- 650\_0 Violin with orchestra, Arranged \$v Scores.
- 650\_0 Ballades (Instrumental music) \$v Scores.
- 650\_0 Piano with orchestra \$v Scores.
- 650\_0 Cello with orchestra, Arranged \$v Scores.
- 650\_0 Concertos (Violin) \$v Scores.
- 655\_7 Art music. \$2 lcgft
- 655\_7 \$3 1st, 3rd-4th works: \$a Arrangements (Music) \$2 lcgft
- 655 7 \$3 2nd work: \$a Ballades (Instrumental music) \$2 lcgft
- 655\_7 \$3 6th work: \$a Concertos. \$2 lcgft
- 655\_7 Scores. \$2 lcgft



245 00 Lady Gaga saga: \$b bassoon quartet medley.

300 \_\_ 1 score (8 pages) + 4 parts; \$c 28 cm.

348 \_\_ score \$a part \$2 rdafnm

500 \_\_\_ A medley of songs made famous by Lady Gaga, including "Telephone," "Poker face," and "Bad romance," arranged for bassoon quartet.

650\_0 Woodwind quartets (Bassoons (4)), Arranged \$v Scores and parts.

655\_7 Popular music. \$2 lcgft

655\_7 Chamber music. \$2 lcgft

655\_7 Medleys (Music) \$2 lcgft

655\_7 Arrangements (Music) \$2 lcgft

655\_7 Scores. \$2 lcgft

655\_7 Parts (Music) \$2 lcgft



# Cartographic Materials

- LCGFT Manual: No separate instruction sheet for these materials
- Cartographic Resources Manual (2016) available through Cataloger's Desktop
  - Replaces LC's Map Cataloging Manual
  - · Chapter 4. Subject Access:
    - Assign at least one genre form heading for all cartographic materials. Assign a more specific applicable heading or headings in preference to a general one, that is, Road maps rather than Maps.
    - · There is no set order for genre form headings for maps.
    - However, for other cartographic materials, the first heading should be specific to the medium, such as Atlases, World atlases, Globes, or Relief models. This heading can then be followed, in no set order, by any another headings that apply, such as Physical maps or Road maps.

### Cartographic Materials

- Cartographic Resources Manual (2016) available through Cataloger's Desktop
  - · Chapter 4. Subject Access:
    - · A subsidiary map mentioned in a title, subtitle, or cover, even if not indexed, frequently receives a subject or genre/form tracing depending on prominence, detail, typography, or other factors.
    - · Subsidiary maps, especially insets, which portray a specific subject frequently receive subject or genre/form tracings, whether or not they are indexed.
    - The genre/form headings Maps, Tourist maps, and Road maps are all considered general headings, and the maps to which they apply are considered general maps. The use of two of the three general headings on the same work should be explained by the title, alternate title, series, or overall publishers' intent, often clarified by a shows note.

Title: Tourist map of Britain.

Title: Tourist road map of Britain.

Subject heading: Great Britain--Maps. Genre/form heading: Tourist maps.

Subject headings: Great Britain--Maps.

Roads--Great Britain--Maps.

Genre/form headings: Tourist maps; Road maps

See the **Special Applications and Instructions** section of chapter 4 of *Cartographic* Resources Manual for additional instructions on special kinds of cartographic resources.

## Cartographic Examples

- 1102\_ Replogle Globes, \$e cartographer.
- 245 10 Replogle world nation series 12 inch diameter globe / \$c LeRoy M. Tolman, chief cartographer; Terrence E. Donovan, cartographer.
- 255 \_\_ Scale 1:41,849,600. 660 miles per in. \$c (W 180°--E 180°/N 90°--S 90°).
- 300 \_\_\_ 1 globe : \$b color, plastic coated paper gores over plastic core, mounted on spindle crowned by a plastic clockface, in a metal meridian half circle, on metal base ; \$c 31 cm in diameter
- 500 \_\_ Raised relief globe.
- 651\_0 Earth (Planet) \$v Maps.
- 655\_7 Globes. \$2 lcgft
- 655\_7 Relief models. \$2 lcgft
- 655\_7 World maps. \$2 lcgft

# Cartographic Examples

- 110 2\_ Real World Globes, \$e cartographer.
- 245 10 Geological globe of the world = \$b Globe géologique du monde / \$c Real World Globes.
- 246 31 Globe géologique du monde
- 255 \_\_ Scale 1:27,900,000. 1 cm to 279 km.
- 300 \_\_ 1 globe : \$b color plastic-coated paper over foam core, mounted on separate ring stand ; \$c 46 cm in diameter + \$e legend sheet (31 x 61 cm) and measuring tape
- 650\_0 Geology \$v Maps.
- 651\_0 Earth (Planet) \$v Maps.
- 655\_7 Globes. \$2 lcgft
- 655\_7 Geological maps. \$2 lcgft
- 655\_7 World maps. \$2 lcgft

# Cartographic Examples

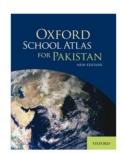
- 110 2\_ GeoLand Ltd., \$e cartographer.
- 245 10 Georgia--topographical map 1:50 000 / \$c GeoLand.
- 255 \_\_ Scale 1:50,000 \$c (E 39°52'--E 46°45'/N 43°51'--N 41°17').
- 300 \_\_ 100 maps : \$b color ; \$c 58 x 69 cm
- 500 \_\_ General-content topographic quadrangle maps of the Republic of Georgia also showing points-of-interest and foreign occupation zones.
- 500 \_\_\_ Relief shown by contours and spot heights; relief shown by contours, shading, spot heights, and rock drawings on some sheets.
- 651 0 Georgia (Republic) \$v Maps.
- 650\_0 Military occupation \$v Maps.
- 655\_7 Topographic maps. \$2 lcgft
- 655\_7 Quadrangle maps. \$2 lcgft



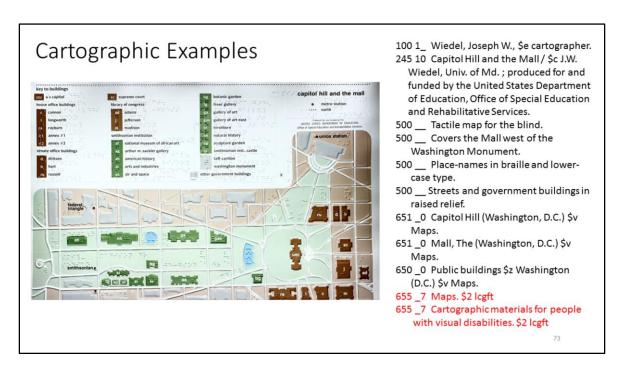
7:

# Cartographic Examples

- 110 2\_ Oxford University Press. \$b Cartographic Department, \$e cartographer.
- 245 10 Oxford school atlas for Pakistan / \$c all maps drawn by the Cartographic Unit, Oxford University Press, UK; editorial advisor, Dr. Fazle Karim Khan.



- 255 \_\_ Scales differ.
- 264\_1 Karachi, Pakistan: \$b Oxford University Press, \$c [2013]
- 300 \_\_ 1 atlas (112 pages) : \$b color illustrations, color maps ; \$c 29 cm
- 651 0 Pakistan \$v Maps.
- 650\_0 Atlases \$z Pakistan.
- 655\_7 Children's atlases. \$2 lcgft
- 655\_7 World atlases. \$2 lcgft



The LCGFT term *Cartographic materials for people with visual disabilities* is one of those exceptional terms that includes an audience. It's possible that in the future these will be cancelled or changed to some other form, such as *Tactile cartographic materials*.

# LCDGT

Library of Congress Demographic Group Terms

## Audience and Creator/Contributor Characteristics

- Explicit indications of audience and creators/contributors of works and expressions are out of scope for LCGFT (although currently there are a few exceptions)
- If we stop using LCSH to describe what resources are, this information needs to be retained somewhere

LCSH: Almanacs, Children's LCSH: Young adult fiction, Korean

LCGFT: Almanacs LCGFT: Fiction (or Novels, Short stories, etc.)

LCSH: Jazz \$z Lithuania LCSH: Music by African American composers

LCGFT: Jazz LCGFT: Music (or more specific terms)

LCSH: Music for the blind LCSH: Japanese essays \$x Women authors

LCGFT: Music (or more specific terms) LCGFT: Essays

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From the Introduction to Library of Congress Demographic Group Terms:

"When LCGFT is fully implemented, LCSH form headings – including those that include both form and audience, or form and creator/contributor characteristics – will no longer be assigned to resources that are

for particular audiences, or by members of a particular demographic group. Those headings will be reserved for topical resources about those resources."

# Audience and Creator/Contributor Characteristics

- MARC fields 385 and 386 were developed to have a place to record audience and creator/contributor characteristics
- Library of Congress Demographic Group Terms (LCDGT) is a controlled vocabulary specific to demographic groups and was developed for use in 385 and 386 fields
- Initial group of 387 terms were approved in 2015, and there were 1,090 approved terms as of April 2017
- SACO proposals may be made for additional needed terms
- LCDGT should be used with the Demographic Group Terms Manual (https://www.loc.gov/aba/publications/FreeLCDGT/freelcdgt.html)

## MARC 385 – Audience Characteristics

- Indicators both blank
- Subfields:
  - \$a Audience term (R)
  - \$b Audience code (R)
  - \$m Demographic group term (NR)
  - \$n Demographic group code (NR)
  - \$0 Authority record control number or standard number (R)
  - \$2 Source (NR)
  - \$3 Materials specified (NR)

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### **Field Definition and Scope**

A category of persons for which a resource is intended or a category of persons representing the intellectual level for which the content of a resource is considered appropriate.

If a demographic group is not specified then multiple audience characteristics from the same source vocabulary or code list may be recorded in the same field in separate occurrences of subfield \$a and subfield \$b. If a demographic group is specified then the characteristics in the field must all come from the same group. Terms from different source vocabularies are recorded in separate occurrences of the field.

# MARC 386 – Creator/Contributor Characteristics

- Indicators both blank
- Subfields:
  - \$a Creator/contributor term (R)
  - \$b Creator/contributor term code (R)
  - \$i Relationship information (R)
  - \$m Demographic group term (NR)
  - \$n Demographic group code (NR)
  - \$0 Authority record control number or standard number (R)
  - \$2 Source (NR)
  - \$3 Materials specified (NR)
  - \$4 Relationship (R)

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### **Field Definition and Scope**

A group category to which the creator(s) of a work or compilation of works, or the contributor(s) to an expression or compilation of expressions, belongs.

If a demographic group is not specified then multiple creator/contributor group categories from the same source vocabulary or code list may be recorded in the same field in separate occurrences of subfield \$a and subfield \$b. If a demographic group is specified then the categories in the field must all come from the same group. Terms from different source vocabularies are recorded in separate occurrences of the field.

# MARC 385/386 \$m and \$n

\$m – Demographic group term (NR) \$n – Demographic group code (NR)

- During the development of the 385 and 386 fields, some commented that
  many class of persons headings belong to broader group categories that
  users might want to search or limit by. For example, children, tweens,
  teenagers, young adults, middle-aged persons, and senior citizens are all
  examples of age groups. Catholics, Baptists, Jews, Buddhists, Mormons,
  Muslims, Hindus, and Wiccans are all examples of religious groups.
- LC PSD maintains the list of group terms and codes: http://www.loc.gov/standards/valuelist/lcdgt.html

### Library of Congress Demographic Group Categories Term and Code List

List identifier: lcdgt

http://www.loc.gov/standards/valuelist/lcdgt.html

### Term and Code List

The purpose of this list of demographic categories and associated codes is to allow terms that are authorized in Library of Congress Demographic Group Terms (LCDGT) to be collocated at a broad level.

The demographic group category codes are three-character lowercase alphabetic strings. They are derived from the first letter of the demographic group category and two additional letters from the word(s) making up the demographic group category name.

Age [age]
Use for the chronological age of the group members (e.g., Adults, Children, Infants).

Educational level [edu]
Use for the educational level of the group members (e.g., First grade students, Graduate students, High school students).

Ethnic/cultural [eth]
Use for the ethnic or cultural identification of the group members (e.g., Asian Americans, Maratha (Indic people), Muscogee (North American people). For ethnic and cultural groups that are also demonyms associated with a supra-national region, a country or a sub-national region or jurisdiction, prefer Nation/regional category.

Gender [gdr]
Use for the gender of the group members (e.g., Females, Males, Transgender people).

Language [Ing]
Use for the language associated with the group members (e.g., Arabic speakers, English speakers, Zulu speakers).

Medical, psychological, and disability [mpd]
Use for the medical or psychological condition, or the physical or mental disability, of the group members (e.g., Breast cancer patients; Mentally ill; Deaf).

National/regional [nat]
Use for the demonym related to a supra-national region, a country, or a sub-national region or jurisdiction that is associated with the group members (e.g., Angolans, Bavarians, Easterners (United States)). For ethnic and cultural groups that are not also demonyms, prefer Ethnic/cultural category.

### Occupation/field of activity [occ]

Use for the activity or avocation associated with the group members (e.g., Hunters, Mathematicians, Textile artists).

Religion [rel]
Use for the religion or denomination, sect, etc., of the group members (e.g., Buddhists, Presbyterians, Shiites).

### Sexual orientation [sxo]

Use for the sexual orientation of the group members (e.g., Bisexuals, Gay men, Heterosexuals).

Use for identifiable social groups that cannot be included in the other categories (e.g., Children of divorced parents, Nursing students, Socialists).

# 385/386 Fields

- \$m and \$n are optional
- \$2 is optional, but recommended if terms recorded are from a controlled vocabulary. Use *lcdgt* for terms from LCDGT
- May repeat \$a when terms are from the same vocabulary:

```
386 __ Catholics $a Canadians $a Librarians $2 lcdgt A work or works created by Catholic Canadian librarians
```

 Must repeat the field if \$m or \$n is used and terms belong to different demographic categories:

```
386 __ $n rel $a Catholics $2 lcdgt
386 __ $n nat $a Canadians $2 lcdgt
```

386 \_\_ \$n occ \$a Librarians \$2 lcdgt

# 385/386 Fields

 Must repeat field if terms are from different controlled vocabularies:

```
385 __ Teenagers $2 lcdgt
385 __ Adolescents $2 ericd
A work or works for teenagers
```

```
386 __ Indians, North American $2 mesh
```

386 \_\_ American Indians \$2 ericd

386 \_\_ Indians of North America \$2 lcsh

A work or works created by Native Americans

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Note: There currently is no collective term in LCDGT for Native Americans

# 385/386 Fields

Generally, break up compound terms into their components. For example:

```
386 ___Japanese American women teachers $2 lcsh
use instead:
386 ___ Japanese Americans $a Women $a Teachers $2 lcdgt
or
386 ___ Japanese Americans $2 lcdgt
386 ___ Women $2 lcdgt
386 ___ Teachers $2 lcdgt
```

A work or works created by Japanese American women teachers

## 386 Field

• New \$i (Relationship information) and \$4 (Relationship) can be used to record relationship of the term(s) recorded and the resource described

```
100 1 Messiaen, Olivier, $d 1908-1992, $e composer.245 10 Turangalîla-symphonie / $c Messiaen.
```

5110\_ Pierre-Laurent Aimard, piano; Dominique Kim, ondes Martenot; Berliner Philharmoniker; Kent Nagano, conductor.

```
386 __ $i Composer: $a French $2 lcdgt
```

386 \$i Instrumentalist (piano): \$a French \$2 lcdgt

386 \_\_\_ \$i Instrumentalist (ondes Martenot): \$a South Koreans \$2 lcdgt

386 \_\_ \$i Performer: \$a Germans \$2 lcdgt

386 \_\_\_ \$i Conductor: \$a Americans \$a Japanese Americans \$a Sanseis \$2 lcdgt

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### \$i - Relationship information

Designation of a relationship between one or more members of the demographic group recorded in the 386 field and the resource described in the 1XX/245 of the record. This may be an uncontrolled textual phrase or a controlled textual value from a list of relationships between bibliographic resources.

If gender was important, it could be included as another subfield \$a in the 386 fields, the 386 fields could be doubled, or the \$i could be repeated:

```
386 ___ $i Composer $i Instrumentalist (piano) $i Conductor: $a Men $2 lcdgt 386 ___ $i Instrumentalist (ondes Martenot): $a Women $2 lcdgt
```

Sanseis: third generation Japanese-Americans

OCLC will fix a validation error with \$i in its December 3 validation install. You will be able to use \$i in the 386 field after then.

### 386 Field

- New \$i (Relationship information) and \$4 (Relationship) can be used to record relationship of the term(s) recorded and the resource described
- 130 0 Gravity (Motion picture: 2013)
- 245 10 Gravity / \$c directed by Alfonso Cuarón; written by Alfonso Cuarón & Jonás Cuarón; produced by Alfonso Cuarón; produced by David Heyman; executive producers, Nikki Penny, Chris DeFaria, Stephen Jones; a Warner Bros. Pictures presentation; an Esperanto Filmoj produktado; a Heyday Films production; an Alfonso Cuarón film.
- 257 \_\_ United States \$a Great Britain \$2 naf
- 386 \_\_\_ \$4 http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/relators/fmd \$i Film director: \$a Mexicans \$a Men \$2 lcdgt

### \$4 - Relationship

Code or URI that specifies the relationship from the entity described in the record to the entity referenced in the field.

## Which Vocabularies to Use?

 Any vocabularies that are on the Subject Heading and Term Source Codes list or other appropriate specialized lists such as Occupation Term Source Codes

http://www.loc.gov/standards/sourcelist/subject.html

- LCDGT is being developed as a preferred vocabulary to use in these fields
- My advice:
  - 1) use LCDGT as first choice
  - 2) propose needed new terms through SACO whenever possible
  - 3) use other vocabularies (LCSH, MeSH, AAT, etc.) as third resort
  - 4) use uncontrolled or locally maintained terms as last resort \*\*

### Where Can You Find LCDGT Terms?

- Available in Classification Web and through LC's Linked Data Service (id.loc.gov)
- Now also searchable through Cataloger's Desktop (if you have a Class Web subscription)
- Annually created PDF file at https://www.loc.gov/aba/publications/FreeLCDGT/DEMOGRAPHIC.pdf
- Netanel Ganin's list at http://www.netanelganin.com/projects/lcdgt/lcdgt.html
- New and changed terms are posted in the monthly lists at <a href="http://www.loc.gov/aba/cataloging/subject/weeklylists">http://www.loc.gov/aba/cataloging/subject/weeklylists</a>; free subscriptions to the monthly lists, via e-mail or RSS feed, can be arranged at <a href="http://www.loc.gov/rss">http://www.loc.gov/rss</a>
- Full MARC 21 authority records in MARC UTF-8 format are free to download from <a href="http://classificationweb.net/LCDGT/">http://classificationweb.net/LCDGT/</a> and in a variety of formats from the Linked Data Service
- Authority records not available in OCLC Connexion or SkyRiver



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The primary source for access to the approved LCDGT terms is Classification Web. The terms can now also be searched in Cataloger's Desktop if you also have a Classification Web subscription. There is a PDF file compiled annually posted on the LCDGT Manual web page. Authority records in MARC UTF-8 format may be freely downloaded from <a href="http://classificationweb.net/LCDGT/">http://classificationweb.net/LCDGT/</a>, and they are also available for download in a variety of formats from LC's Linked Data Service, <a href="http://id.loc.gov">http://id.loc.gov</a>. Hopefully, with enough interest, people will convince OCLC to make the terms available through Connexion, so you can search the authorities there.

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# LCDGT Authority Record

- · Authorized terms are tagged 150 even though they are used in 3XX fields
- · 010 has prefix "dg" and 040 \$f "lcdgt"
- 072 field contains code(s) for the demographic group categories a term falls into

```
ID:
                    dg2016060467
                                      Entered:
                                                          161117
                                                                            Replaced:
                                                                                                20170713
 008/06 Geo Subd: |-No attempt
                                      008/11 SH System: z-Other
                                                                            008/29 Ref Eval:
                                                                                                a-Eval
 008/07 Roman:
                   -No attempt
                                      008/15 Subj Use: a-Appropriate
                                                                            008/31 Rec Upd:
                                                                                                a-Can be used
 008/09 Kind Rec: a-Estab hdg
                                      008/17 Type Subd: n-Not applic
                                                                            008/33 Level Estab: a-Fully
 010 $a dg):016060467
040 $a WaU $b eng $c DLC $f lcdgt
                                                   072 code "eth" indicates that the established
072 7 $a eth $2 lcdgt
                                                   term Bosnian Swedes is an ethnic/cultural group
 150 $a Bosnian Swedes
 450 $a Swedes, Bosnian
 670 $a Work cat.: Mahmutović, Adnan. Ways of being free, 2012: $b p. 4 of cover (Adnan Mahmutović is a Bosnian-Swedish lecturer of literature in
       English, cultural studies, and creative writing at the Department of English, Stockholm University)
 670 $a Adnan Mahmutović, the author, via Thus spake the mighty Wha-keem blog, posted on 19 July 2010, viewed on Nov. 17, 2016 $b (his experiences
       as a Bosnian-Swede)
```

# Why Use LCDGT?

- LCDGT includes many terms that are not in LCSH:

  - demonyms for persons from states, provinces, regions, etc.

Wisconsinites Newfoundlanders Tuscans

- non-U.S. ethnic groups formed as compound terms
   Japanese Canadians Asian Australians Bosnian Swedes
- members of named religious denominations and political parties
   Church of Scotland members
   Fianna Fáil members (Ireland)
- LCDGT terms may be different from LCSH:
  - phrase headings instead of [Main heading]--[Subdivision] strings
     Breast cancer patients
     Bookstore employees
  - Native American tribal groups formed differently
     Cherokee (North American people) vs. Cherokee Indians
  - · new authority research might lead to choice of different authorized form

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In LCSH some class of persons headings are formed by adding subdivisions to a main heading:

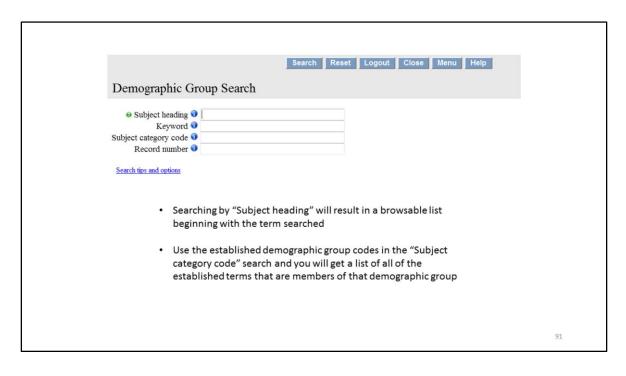
Breast \$x Cancer \$x Patients Bookstores \$x Employees

There are no subdivided terms in LCDGT. All terms are formed in direct order as plural nouns.

Terms for Native American tribes are formed the same way in LCDGT as they are for other groups around the world. The term for the tribe or ethnic group is qualified by a qualifier in the form "([demonym] people)". Hence "Cherokee (North American people)" and "Basques (European people)" and "Bengali (South Asian people)". This provides consistency throughout the vocabulary and is less North American-centric.

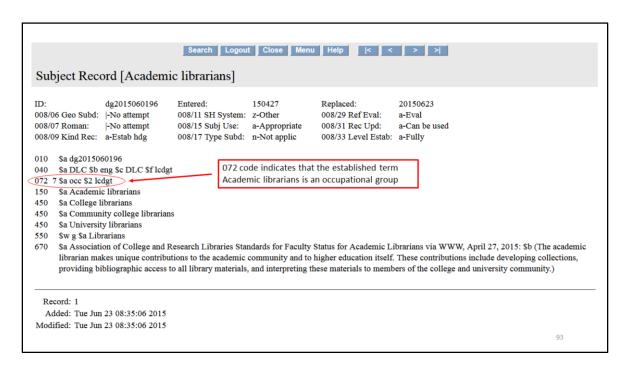


LCDGT via Classification Web

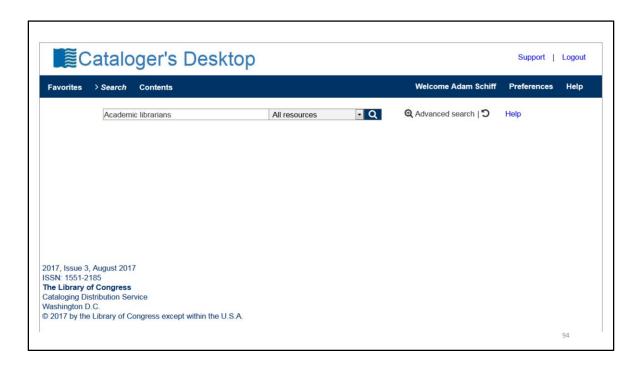


LCDGT via Classification Web

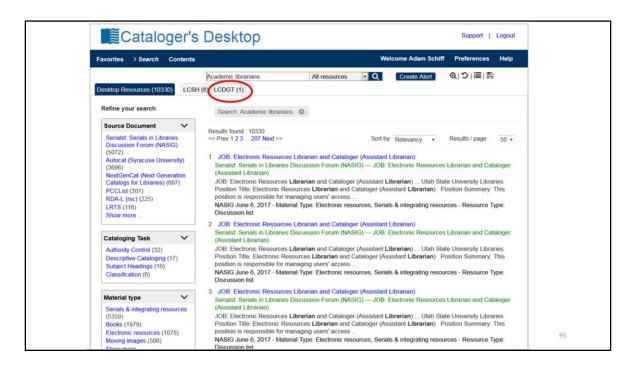
A.M.E. Church members	
USE African Methodist Episcopal Church members	
Abbots	
BT Monks	
Abusers, Drug	
USE Drug abusers	
COL DING WOOD	
Abyssinian speakers	
USE Amharic speakers	
Abyssinians (Ethiopian Orthodox Tewahedo Church members)	
USE Ethiopian Orthodox Tewahedo Church members	
Academic librarians	Click on bubble to view MARC record
UF College librarians	Click off bubble to view WARC record
Community college librarians	
University librarians	
BT Librarians	
D1 Lioranais	
Academicians	
USE <u>University and college faculty members</u>	
Academics (University and college faculty members)	
USE University and college faculty members	
Accountants	
UF Certified public accountants	
Chartered accountants	92
Public accountants	92
1 done accountants	



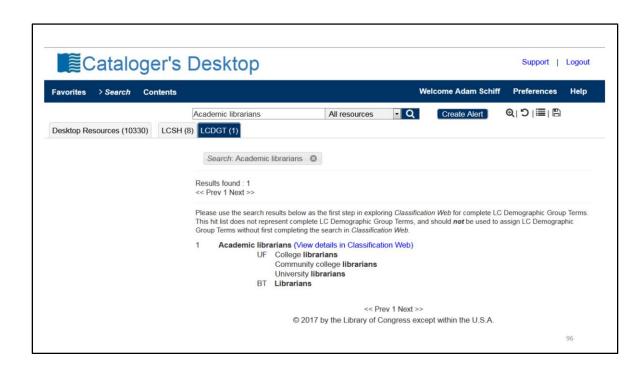
Authority record for LCDGT term Academic librarians viewed in Classification Web

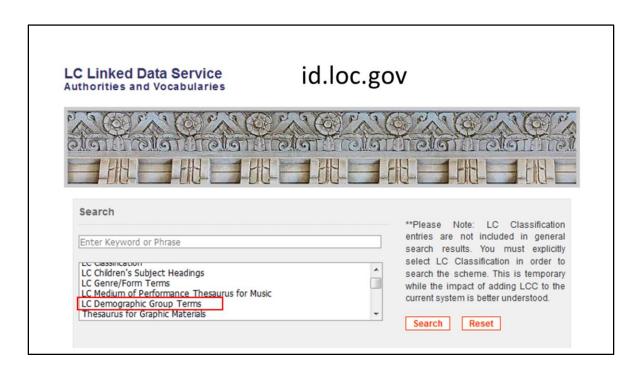


If you have a subscription to both Classification Web and Cataloger's Desktop, you can now search LCDGT terms through Cataloger's Desktop.

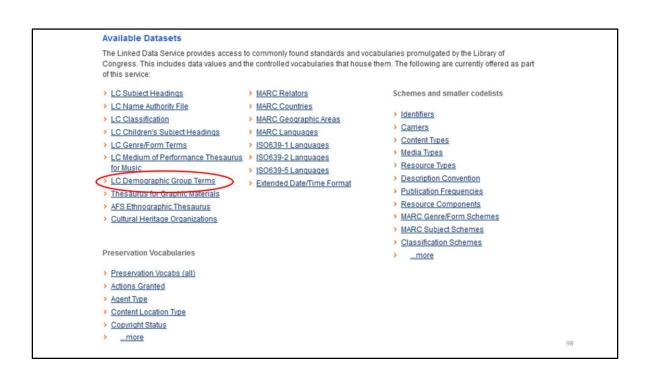


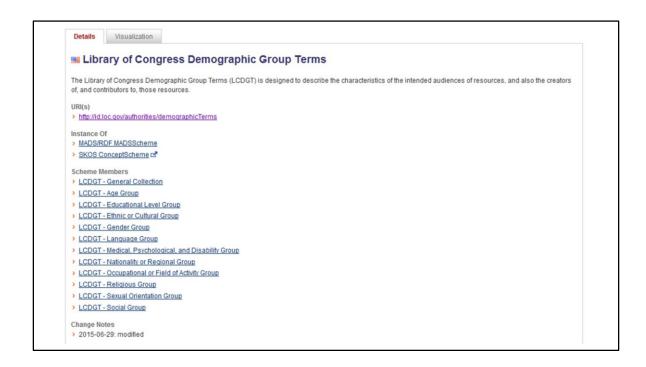
If you have a subscription to both Classification Web and Cataloger's Desktop, you can now search LCDGT terms through Cataloger's Desktop.

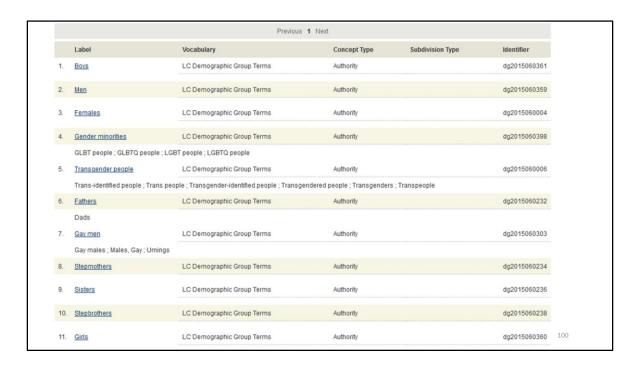




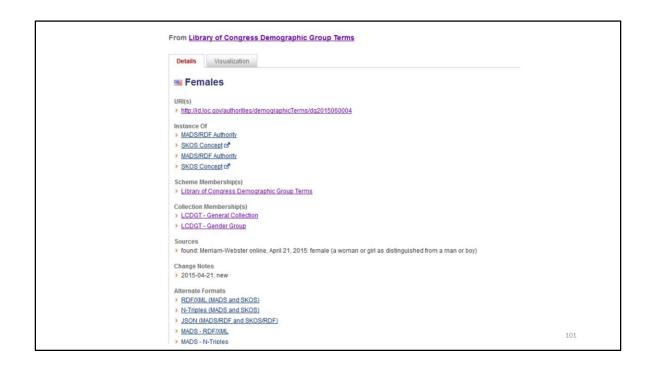
LCDGT via the LC Linked Data Service

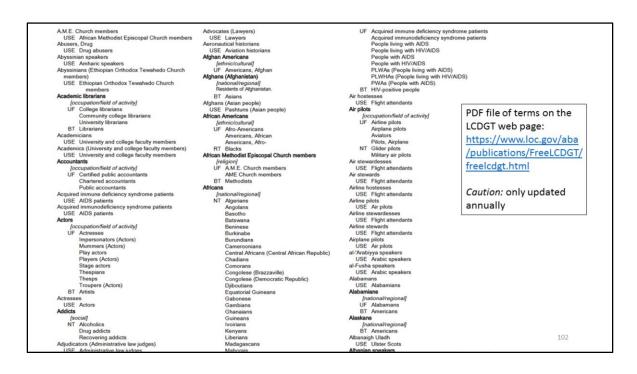




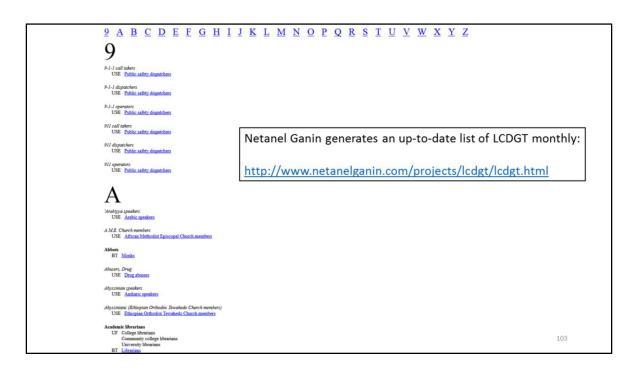


Screen display after clicking on the Gender Group link





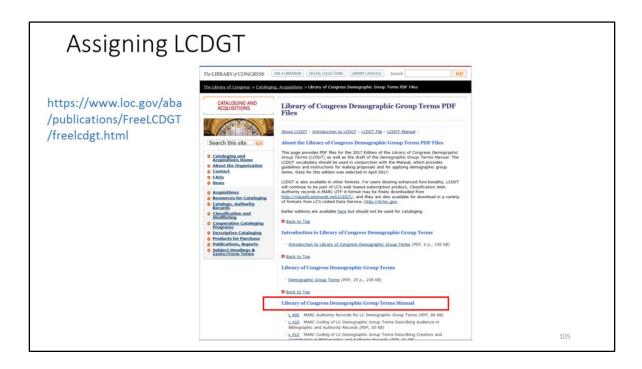
PDF file of LCDGT on the LCDGT Manual website. This is only updated annually.



Netanel Ganin (former of Brandeis University, now at Library of Congress National Audio-Visual Conservation Center) is generating an alphabetical list of the terms for those who don't have access to Classification Web.

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS SUBJECT HEADINGS MONTHLY LIST 06 (June 19, 2017)			
	Select this link to view the <u>Summary of Decisions</u> of the weekly editorial meeting.		
DEMOGRAPHIC GROUP TERMS			
150 A	ubbots [dp2016060513]	(C)	
072 o	cc		
550 B	BT Monks		
150 A	Albanians [dp2016060350]	(C)	
072 n	at		
450 U	JF Shqiptarët		
550 B	T Europeans		
150 A	angolans [dp2015060352]	(C)	
450 U	JF Angolanos ADD FIELD		
450 U	JF Angolenses ADD FIELD		
150 A	antiguan Americans [dp2016060154]	(C)	
072 et	th		
450 U	JF Americans, Antiguan		
150 A	Armenian Cypriots [dp2016060376]	(C)	
072 et	th		
450 U	JF Cypriots, Armenian		
150 B	Bangladeshi Americans [dp2016060340]	(C)	
072 et	th		
	JF Americans, Bangladeshi		

New and changed demographic terms are published on the LC Subject Headings Monthly Lists at http://www.loc.gov/aba/cataloging/subject/weeklylists/ or https://classificationweb.net/approved-subjects/



The LCDGT Manual, currently in a draft edition, is the source for guidelines and principles for assigning and establishing LCDGT terms. The manual is available in PDF form online. The final version, expected some time in 2018, will probably also be available through Cataloger's Desktop.

- May add Audience Characteristics (field 385) and Creator/Contributor Characteristics (field 386) to bibliographic and authority records
- *LC practice:* one term per field. Repeat field if recording multiple terms. Optionally include \$n code.

```
385 __ Lawyers $2 lcdgt
385 __ Japanese speakers $2 lcdgt
or
385 __ $n occ $a Lawyers $2 lcdgt
385 __ $n lng $a Japanese speakers $2 lcdgt
```

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The Program for Cooperative Cataloging has not yet announced a particular practice or best practice.

- LCDGT Manual L 480 (Audience) and L 485 (Creators/Contributors)
  - Audience may be explicitly stated or implicit. Infer audience through examination of the resource (subject matter, format, etc.).
  - Liberally assign inferred audiences for juvenile resources, both fiction and nonfiction. Not restricted to age and educational level terms. For example, for a picture book on intercountry adoption for ages 5-9, you could assign both **School children** and **Adoptees**, if considered useful for those wishing to find a resource to help explain adoption to young children
  - · No limit to number of terms that can be assigned

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#### L 480

#### 1. b. Implicit indication of intended Audience.

Assign one or more terms that describe the intended audience and that come readily to mind from a superficial review of the resource, including the subject matter, format, etc. Assign such terms with caution, since even resources that seem to have a relatively narrow inferred audience may be useful to a wide variety of readers, depending on the viewpoints of the readers. In case of doubt, do not include terms for audiences that are only inferred.

- LCDGT Manual L 480 (Audience) and L 485 (Creators/Contributors)
  - Generally, all editions of a resource should get the same audience terms assigned, unless the audience has changed significantly. Generally, all editions of a resource by the same creator should get the same creator terms.
  - You may assign terms that overlap in meaning if they are in different group categories (e.g., Teenagers and High school students; Asian Americans and Americans)
  - Creator/contributor terms should be based on self-identification as a member of a particular demographic group
  - Avoid assigning terms based solely on a photograph or a person's name. Gendered titles (Ms., Mr., Madame, contessa) and pronouns (he, she, elle, er, etc.) may be used, with caution, to choose terms describing a person's gender

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Avoid assigning terms based on a photograph or picture of the creator, or based on the creator's name, because they can be misleading regarding age, ethnicity, gender, etc. Gendered titles such as Ms., Mr., or Dottoressa (i.e., an Italian title for a female university graduate) may be useful in assigning terms describing gender, but they must be used with caution, as must pronouns such as he, she, and their equivalents in other languages.

### What do each of these people have in common?







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They are all named Michael.

Michael Learned, actress from the TV show The Waltons
Michael Steele, bassist and guitarist in bands such as The Bangles and The Runaways
Michael Burnham, fictional character on *Star Trek: Discovery*, portrayed by American
actress Sonequa Martin-Green

- LCDGT Manual L 480 (Audience) and L 485 (Creators/Contributors)
  - Demographic terms assigned to one of a creator's resources generally can be used on other resources created by the same person
  - Assign a term that is broader or more general than the group it is intended to cover only when it is not possible to establish a precise term, or when an array of terms is needed
  - Assign a separate term for each discrete element rather than compound terms (e.g., Japanese Americans and Women and Teachers, rather than the LCSH term Japanese American women teachers)
- L 487 gives guidance on the order of the terms
  - If classification number does not reflect either the audience or creator/contributor characteristics, the order doesn't matter

- Follow special instructions in L 510-L 560 if there are any
  - Age level and Educational level terms can both be assigned

385 \_\_ Teenagers \$2 lcdgt

385 \_\_ Junior high school students \$2 lcdgt

385 High school students \$2 lcdgt

• Assign **Adults** only when resource specifically states that as the audience. This can include statements found on a resource such as "Ages 10 and up":

385 \_\_ Preteens \$2 lcdgt

385 \_\_ Teenagers \$2 lcdgt

385 \_\_ Adults \$2 lcdgt

• Many resources may not have a specific audience and that's OK. Resources with a general audience do not get any audience terms assigned.

- Follow special instructions in L 510-L 560 if there are any
  - Ethnic/cultural terms and nationality/regional terms may both be assigned, even if they share wording (e.g., Korean Americans and Americans)
  - Assign demonyms based on statements that indicate current or former residence in a place
  - Do not attempt to distinguish between people who were born and/or grew up in a place and those who moved to that place later in their lives. Do not attempt to discern immigration and naturalization status, except as explicitly indicated on the resource itself.

"... was born and raised in Australia and currently lives in Spain"

386 \_\_ Australians \$a Spaniards \$2 lcdgt

- Follow special instructions in L 510-L 560 if there are any
  - When the audience or creator/contributor resides below the first-level administrative subdivisions of countries (e.g., a state, a province), assign terms for the first-level administrative subdivision (e.g., for a resident of San Francisco or someone who grew up in San Francisco, assign Californians)
  - Note: LC is still deciding whether and how to establish demonyms for places below the first-level administrative subdivision of a country
  - · Possible interim practice:
    - If there is an well known demonym for the local place, assign it without a subfield \$2 or with \$2 local if you keep your own list of locally assigned terms
    - For creator/contributors, could also add 370 \$g for the place of origin of work
       For example: A collection of poetry written by people from Richmond, Virginia

```
370 __ $g Richmond (Va.) $2 naf
386 __ Richmonders or Richmonders $2 local
386 __ Virginians $2 lcdgt
```

- Follow special instructions in L 510-L 560 if there are any
  - Do not assign language terms just to reflect the language of a resource (e.g., don't assign audience German speakers to every resource in German).
     Language terms for audience are usually assigned for resources that instruct speakers of one language who are learning another language.
  - Bilingual dictionaries may have two audience speaker terms assigned if speakers of both languages would find it useful

```
245 00 Collins English-Italian, Italian-English dictionary ...
385 __ English speakers $2 lcdgt
385 __ Italian speakers $2 lcdgt
```

 Monolingual language dictionaries would not be assigned a language audience term, e.g., don't assign English speakers to the OED or to A Dictionary of Economics

- Do not assign a term from the Occupation/Field of Activity category when the term is redundant with the format of resource being cataloged. That is, don't assign Composers as a creator characteristic of a score. It's a score, so its creator must be a composer! Similarly, don't assign Poets to every book of poetry. However, if you have a novel or non-fiction work written by a composer, then assigning Composers as a creator characteristic is useful.
- Consider SACO proposals for new LCDGT terms needed in new cataloging
- Continue to follow current subject cataloging policies and procedures as found the *Subject Headings Manual*. That is, assignment of LCDGT in fields 385 and 386 is *in addition* to what you assign in 6XX fields.

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It is highly unlikely that someone will come to the reference/information desk with a question such as: "do you have any music by composers?" or "I'd like to find all of the novels you have by authors." Therefore it is unnecessary and redundant to record a creator term that corresponds to the format of the resource being cataloged. On the other hand, users might want to know if you have any novels written by composers, or music written by poets.

245 00 Monsters, Inc. / \$c Walt Disney Pictures presents; Pixar Animation Studios film; producer, Darla K. Anderson; written by Andrew Stanton, Daniel Gerson; directors, Pete Docter, David Silverman, Lee Unkrich.

- 385 \_\_ Children \$2 lcdgt
- 650\_0 Monsters \$v Juvenile drama.
- 650 O Factories \$v Juvenile drama.
- 650 \_0 Monsters, Inc. (Imaginary organization) \$v Juvenile drama.
- 650\_0 Girls \$v Juvenile drama.
- 650\_0 Toddlers \$v Juvenile drama.
- 650\_0 Male friendship \$v Juvenile drama.
- 650\_0 Nightmares \$v Juvenile drama.



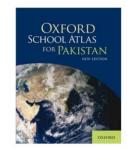
116

Another possible 385 that could be useful here, especially since LCGFT does not have the term **Family films**:

385 Families \$2 lcdgt

- 100 1\_ Lowry, Todd, \$e composer, \$e author.
- 245 10 New Orleans piano styles : \$b a guide to the keyboard licks of Crescent City greats / \$c by Todd Lowry.
- 300 \_\_ 1 score (77 pages) : \$b illustrations ; \$c 31 cm + \$e 1 audio disc (4 3/4 in.)
- 385 \_\_ Piano students \$2 lcdgt
- 500 \_\_ Accompanying CD contains demonstrations of all the musical examples in the book as recorded by Brent Edstrom.
- 500 \_\_ "Learn to play the piano styles of Jelly Roll Morton, James Booker, Fats Domino,
  Professor Longhair, Allen Toussaint, Harry Connick Jr., Dr. John, and more"--Page 4
  of cover.
- 650\_0 Piano \$v Methods (Jazz)
- 650\_0 Piano \$v Methods (Jazz) \$v Self-instruction.
- 650\_0 Jazz \$z Louisiana \$z New Orleans.
- 655 \_7 Jazz. \$2 lcgft
- 655\_7 Methods (Music) \$2 lcgft
- 655 \_7 Scores. \$2 lcgft

- 110 2\_ Oxford University Press. \$b Cartographic Department, \$e cartographer.
- 245 10 Oxford school atlas for Pakistan / \$c all maps drawn by the Cartographic Unit, Oxford University Press, UK; editorial advisor, Dr. Fazle Karim Khan.

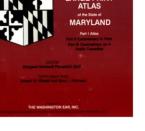


- 255 \_\_ Scales differ.
- 264\_1 Karachi, Pakistan: \$b Oxford University Press, \$c [2013]
- 300 \_\_ 1 atlas (112 pages) : \$b color illustrations, color maps ; \$c 29 cm
- 385 \_\_ High school students \$2 lcdgt
- 651\_0 Pakistan \$v Maps.
- 650\_0 Atlases \$z Pakistan.
- 655\_7 Children's atlases. \$2 lcgft
- 655\_7 World atlases. \$2 lcgft

```
Examples - Audience
245 00 Conozca Andalucia.
264 1 San Antonio, TX: $b Babbitt Instructional Resources, $c [2013]
300 __ 1 videodisc (31 min.) : $b sound, color ; $c 4 3/4 in. + $e 1 computer disc (4 3/4 in.)
385 Spanish students [Term not yet in LCDGT – could be proposed]
385 __ English speakers $2 lcdgt
500 __ "This DVD is for advanced beginning and intermediate students. It is composed of five lessons
        devoted to the history and folklore of the old province of Andalucia. The goal of this program is to
        help students beginning the study of Spanish to learn about the history, art and folklore of
        Andalucia while, at the same time, gain skills in the language itself"--Container.
650_0 Spanish language $v Films for English speakers.
650_0 Spanish language $x Study and teaching $x English speakers.
651_0 Andalusia (Spain) $x Civilization.
651_0 Andalusia (Spain) $x History.
650_0 Folklore $z Spain $z Andalusia.
655_7 Instructional films. $2 lcgft
655_7 Nonfiction films. $2 lcgft
```

Note: **Spanish students** is not yet established in LCDGT. If a library were cataloging this resource, they would probably want to propose this term through SACO. The omission of \$2 in the first 385 field shows that the term is currently uncontrolled.

- 100 1\_ Wiedel, Joseph W., \$e cartographer.
- 245 14 The tactile and large print atlas of the state of Maryland / \$c editor, Margaret Rockwell Pfanstiehl, Ed.D.; cartographers, Joseph W. Wiedel and Mary L. Helmsen.
- 340 \_\_ \$n large print \$2 rdafs
- 346 \$b Braille code.
- 385 Blind \$2 lcdgt
- 385 \_\_ People with visual disabilities \$2 lcsh
- 651\_0 Maryland \$v Maps.
- 655\_7 Atlases. \$2 lcgft
- 655\_7 Braille books. \$2 lcgft
- 655 \_7 Cartographic materials for people with visual disabilities. \$2 lcgft
- 655\_0 Large type books.



120

The second 385 field contains a term taken from LCSH, because the needed term was not found in LCDGT. It could be proposed for LCDGT through SACO. This atlas contains both large print and braille, so its audience is both blind persons and people with limited sight.

100 1\_ Bruce, Hank, \$e author.

245 10 Florida gardening for seniors / \$c by Hank Bruce.

385 \_\_ Gardeners \$2 lcdgt

385 \_\_ Older people \$2 lcdgt

385 \_\_ Floridians \$2 lcdgt

500 \_\_\_ A booklet providing gardening advice for senior Florida gardeners.

650 \_0 Gardening for older people \$z Florida.





245 00 Women on the edge: \$b writing from Los Angeles / \$c edited by Samantha Dunn and Julianne Ortale; foreword by Janet Fitch.

386 \_\_ Californians \$2 lcdgt

386 \_\_ Women \$2 lcdgt

650 \_0 Short stories, American \$z California \$z Los Angeles.

650 O American fiction \$x Women authors.

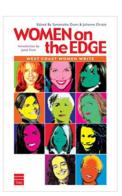
651\_0 Los Angeles (Calif.) \$v Fiction.

655 \_7 Short stories. \$2 lcgft

Also consider including:

386 \_\_ Angelenos [without \$2 or with \$2 local]

370 \$\\$g Los Angeles (Calif.) \$2 naf



122

This is a compilation of short stories by Californian women. Currently, LC does not accept proposals for demonyms below the level of a state or province, that is, demonyms for local places like cities. There's nothing that prevents you, however, from recording an uncontrolled term, should you decide that is important for access. Simply record the term without a subfield \$2. Another option is to record the local place in the 370 subfield \$g (place of origin of work or expression).

Since users looking for American short stories would probably also want to retrieve this collection, it might also be beneficial to include a 386 for Americans as well.

100 1\_ King, Coretta Scott, \$d 1927-2006, \$e author.

245 10 My life, my love, my legacy / \$c Coretta Scott King as told to the Rev. Dr. Barbara Reynolds.

386 \_\_ African Americans \$2 lcdgt

386 \_\_ Americans \$2 lcdgt

386 \_\_ Civil rights workers \$2 lcsh

386 \_\_ Activists \$2 lcdgt

386 \_\_ Baptists \$2 lcdgt

386 \_\_ Widows \$2 lcdgt

386 \_\_ Women \$2 lcdgt

655\_7 Autobiographies. \$2 lcgft

655 \_7 Audiobooks. \$2 lcgft



123

#### An individual work.

Note: the third 386, Civil rights workers, is not yet in LCDGT. The LCSH term has been recorded, but it could be proposed through SACO to be added to LCDGT.

```
100 1_ Anusauskas, Artūras, $e composer.
```

245 10 Tylos puota / \$c Artūras Anusauskas Jazz Quartet.

```
386 __ Lithuanians $2 lcdgt
```

511 0\_ Artūras Anusauskas Jazz Quartet (Artūras Anusauskas, piano; Aleksandras Fedotovas, alto saxophone; Eugenijus Kanevičius, double bass; Darius Rudis, drums).

```
650 _0 Jazz $z Lithuania.
```

650 \_0 Jazz \$y 2001-2010.

655 7 Jazz. \$2 lcgft

710 2\_ Artūras Anusauskas Jazz Quartet, \$e performer.

124

A sound recording of jazz by a Lithuanian composer, performed by a Lithuanian jazz quartet.

#### Another way to do this:

```
386 __ $i Composer: $a Lithuanians $2 lcdgt 386 __ $i Performer: $a Lithuanians $2 lcdgt
```

#### or even

386 \_\_ \$i Composer, \$i Performer: \$a Lithuanians \$2 lcdgt

100 1\_ Higdon, Jennifer, \$d 1962- \$e composer.

240 10 Concertos, \$m viola, orchestra

245 10 Viola concerto / \$c Jennifer Higdon.

300 \_\_ 1 score (75 pages); \$c 44 cm

348 score \$2 rdafnm

382 01 \$b viola \$n 1 \$a orchestra \$e 1 \$r 1 \$t 1 \$2 lcmpt

386 \_\_ Americans \$2 lcdgt

386 \_\_ Women \$2 lcdgt

386 \_\_ Lesbians \$2 lcdgt

650 \_0 Concertos (Viola) \$v Scores.

655 \_7 Concertos. \$2 lcgft

655 \_7 Scores. \$2 lcgft



- 100 1\_ Segall, Ty, \$e composer, \$e performer.
- 245 10 Ty Segall / \$c Ty Segall.
- 264 \_1 Chicago, IL: \$b Drag City, \$c [2017]
- 264\_4 \$c @2017
- 300 \_\_ 1 audio disc : \$b analog, 33 1/3 rpm, stereo ; \$c 12 in.
- 386 \_\_ Californians \$a Americans \$2 lcdgt
- 386 \_\_ Men \$2 lcdgt
- 511 0\_ Ty Segall, guitar, vocals; Emmett Kelly, guitar, vocals; Mikal Cronin, bass, vocals on "Take care"; Charles Moothart, drums, percussion; Ben Boye, piano, Wurlitzer.
- 650 \_0 Garage rock music.
- 650 \_ 0 Alternative rock music.
- 650 \_0 Rock music \$y 2011-2020.
- 655 \_7 Garage rock music. \$2 lcgft
- 655 \_7 Alternative rock music. \$2 lcgft
- 655 \_7 Songs. \$2 lcgft

126

According to AllMusic, Ty Segall was born June 8, 1987 in Laguna Beach, California, and he is a California-based garage rock revivalist and lo-fi musician.

I've included Americans in addition to Californians, in contradiction to the draft LCDGT Manual, because users might want to facet on the national group rather than the regional group.

245 00 Russian music from the 1920s.

505 0\_ Nocturne / Nikolai Roslavets (7:18) -- Rails : op. 16 / Vladimir Deshevov (1:05) -- Suite for 2 pianos. March ; Waltz ; Humoresque / Leonid Polovinkin (9:58) -- Concerto for bassoon and strings / Lev Knipper (17:47) -- Fragments : for nonet, op. 2 / Alexei Zhivotov (7:43) - Chamber symphony in C major, op. 2 / Gavril Popov (32:32).

386 \_\_ \$i Composer: \$a Russians \$2 lcdgt

386 \_\_ \$i Composer: \$a Men \$2 lcdgt

650\_0 Music \$z Russia \$y 20th century.

655\_7 Art music. \$2 lcgft

655\_7 Chamber music. \$2 lcgft

655\_7 Suites. \$2 lcgft

655\_7 Concertos. \$2 lcgft

655\_7 Symphonies. \$2 lcgft



127

A collection of Russian music by different male composers. The slide illustrates the use of subfield \$i.

1001\_ Greenberg, Jay, \$d 1991-\$e composer.

240 10 Symphonies, \$n no. 5

245 10 Symphony no. 5; \$b Quintet for strings / \$c Jay Greenberg.

260 \_\_ New York, N.Y.: \$b Sony Classical, \$c @2006.

300  $\_$  1 audio disc : \$b digital, SACD; \$c 4 3/4 in.

386 \_\_ \$3 Symphony no. 5 \$i Composer: \$a Teenagers \$2 lcdgt

386 \_\_ \$3 Quintet for strings \$i Composer: \$a Preteens \$2 lcdgt

386 \_\_ \$i Composer: \$a Boys \$2 lcdgt

386 \_\_ \$i Composer: \$a Americans \$2 lcdgt

650\_0 Symphonies.

650\_0 String quintets (Violins (2), viola, cellos (2))

650\_0 Music by child composers.

655\_7 Symphonies. \$2 lcgft

655\_7 Chamber music. \$2 lcgft

700 12 Greenberg, Jay, \$d 1991-\$t Quintets, \$m violins (2), viola, cellos (2)



128

The symphony was written when the composer was 13. The quintet when he was 12. The slide illustrates the use of subfields \$3 and \$i

- 245 00 Sonata no. 4 / \$c Eugene Ysaÿe. Prelude and fugue in B minor / Max Reger. Recitativo and scherzo / Fritz Kreisler. Sonata no. 3, BWV 1005 / Johann Sebastian Bach. Tango etudes / Astor Piazzolla.
- 246 1\_ Title from container: \$a Violin solo
- 386 \_\_ \$3 Sonata no. 4 \$i Composer: \$a Belgians \$2 lcdgt
- 386 \_\_\_ \$3 Prelude and fugue in B minor; Sonata no. 3, BWV 1005 \$i Composer: \$a Germans \$2 lcdgt
- 386 \_\_\_ \$3 Recitativo and scherzo \$i Composer: \$a Austrian Americans \$a Americans \$2 lcdgt
- 386 \_\_\_ \$3 Tango etudes \$i Composer: \$a Argentines \$2 lcdgt
- 386 \_\_ \$i Composer: \$a Men \$2 lcdgt
- 386 \_\_\_ \$i Instrumentalist: \$a Coloradans \$a Chinese Americans \$a Americans \$a Women \$a University and college faculty members \$a Violin teachers \$2 lcdgt
- 511 0 Linda Wang, violin.
- 700 1\_ Wang, Linda \$c (Violinist), \$e instrumentalist, \$e audio producer.

12

Another slide showing how \$i and \$3 may be combined if necessary.

Linda Wang is String Chair and Professor of Violin at University of Denver's Lamont School of Music

I've included both Coloradans and Americans in the last 386 because users might just be looking for any American regardless of state.

# Examples - Audience and Creator

100 1\_ Lindgren, Astrid, \$d 1907-2002, \$e author.

240 10 Pippi Långstrump i Humlegården. \$I English

245 10 Pippi Longstocking in the park / \$c by Astrid Lindgren; with pictures by Ingrid Nyman.

385 \_\_ Children \$2 lcdgt

386 \_\_ Swedes \$2 lcdgt

386 Women \$2 lcdgt

600 10 Longstocking, Pippi \$v Juvenile fiction.

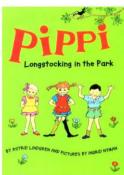
650\_0 Parks \$v Juvenile fiction.

650\_0 Criminals \$z Sweden \$v Juvenile fiction.

650 \_ 0 Girls \$z Sweden \$v Juvenile fiction.

651\_0 Sweden \$v Juvenile fiction.

655\_7 Fiction. \$2 lcgft



130

Another individual work. In this example, the cataloger has chose to record the demographic group codes in subfield \$n in addition to the LCDGT terms. Both audience (385) and creator/contributor characteristics (386) have been recorded. In this example the creator (Lindgren) and the contributor (Nyman) are both Swedish women. The translator (another contributor) is unnamed.

# Examples – Audience and Creator

100 1\_ Labrecque, Ellen, \$e author.

245 14 The science of a triple axel / \$c Ellen Labrecque.

385 \_\_ Preteens \$2 lcdgt

385 Fourth grade students \$2 lcdgt

385 \_\_ Fifth grade students \$2 lcdgt

385 \_\_ Sixth grade students \$2 lcdgt

386 \_\_ Pennsylvanians \$2 lcdgt

386 \_ Women \$2 lcdgt

5211 8-12.

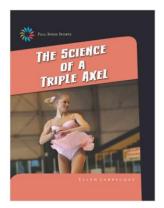
521 2\_ 4-6.

650\_0 Axel jump \$v Juvenile literature.

650\_0 Figure skating \$v Juvenile literature.

650\_0 Physics \$v Juvenile literature.

650\_0 Sports sciences \$v Juvenile literature.



131

Although there is some meaning in overlap between the age group "Preteens" and the educational level groups recorded here, because the terms are from different categories, they can all be recorded.

## Examples – Audience and Creator

```
130 O_ Young American (New York, N.Y.)
```

245 14 The young American.

260 \_\_\_ New York : \$b Frank Leslie, \$c 1874-1876.

385 \_\_ Teenagers \$2 lcdgt

386 \_\_ Americans \$2 lcdgt

650 \_0 Adventure stories, American \$v Periodicals.

650 \_0 American fiction \$y 19th century \$v Periodicals.

650 \_ 0 Young adult fiction, American \$v Periodicals.

655 \_7 Action and adventure fiction. \$2 lcgft

655 \_7 Short stories. \$2 lcgft

655 \_7 Periodicals. \$2 lcgft

A serial for teenagers, written by Americans.

```
100 1_ Collins, Suzanne. $t Hunger Games (Novel)
```

370 \_\_ \$g United States \$2 naf

380 \_\_\_ Novels \$a Dystopian fiction \$a Apocalyptic fiction \$a Science fiction \$a Action and adventure fiction \$2 lcgft

380 \_\_ Young adult fiction \$2 lcsh

385 \_\_ Teenagers \$2 lcdgt

386 \_\_ Americans \$2 lcdgt

386 \_\_ Women \$2 lcdgt

530 \_0 \$i Adapted as motion picture (work): \$a Hunger Games (Motion picture) \$w r

500 1\_ \$i Sequel: \$a Collins, Suzanne. \$t Catching fire \$w r

133

Fields 385 and 386 are also authorized in work and expression authority records.

- 100 1\_ Higdon, Jennifer, \$d 1962-\$t Concertos, \$m viola, orchestra
- 380 \_\_ Concertos \$2 lcgft
- 382 0\_ \$b viola \$n 1 \$a orchestra \$n 1 \$2 lcmpt
- 386 \_\_\_ Americans \$a Women \$a Lesbians \$2 lcdgt
- 400 1\_ Higdon, Jennifer, \$d 1962-\$t Viola concerto
- 500 1\_ \$i Composer: \$a Higdon, Jennifer, \$d 1962-\$w r
- 5001\_ \$i Dedicatee: \$a Díaz, Roberto \$c (Violist) \$w r
- 5001\_ \$i Honouree: \$a Coolidge, Elizabeth Sprague, \$d 1864-1953\$w r
- 5102\_ \$i Commissioning body: \$a Library of Congress \$w r
- 670 \_\_ Higdon, Jennifer. Viola concerto, 2015.
- 670 \_\_ Theodore Front Musical Literature website, September 9, 2017 \$b (under Lawdon Press: Viola Concerto; Higdon, Jennifer; A concerto in three movements for viola and mid-sized orchestra. Dedicated to Roberto Diaz. Commissioned by the Library of Congress in honor of Elizabeth Sprague Coolidge on the occasion of the 90th anniversary of the Library's concert series. Premiered by Roberto Diaz and the Curtis Chamber Orchestra in Washington, DC, March 2015. Higdon composed this work for Diaz to perform on the Library of Congress's Tuscan-Medici viola. Duration ca. 22 minutes) \$u http://www.tfront.com/p-398730-viola-concerto.aspx

We saw this example earlier for bibliographic records. The same characteristics ideally could be recorded just once, in the work authority record, or in the personal name authority record, and perhaps future systems could take advantage of this instead of putting it in every manifestation record.

```
100 1_ Mao, Zedong, $d 1893-1976. $t Mao zhu xi yu lu
```

380 \_\_ Quotations \$2 lcgft

386 \_\_ Chinese \$2 lcdgt

386 \_\_ Communists \$2 lcdgt

386 \_\_ Statesmen \$2 lcdgt

386 \_\_ Rulers \$2 lcdgt

386 \_\_ Revolutionaries \$2 lcsh

386 \_\_ Zhongguo gong chan dang members (China) \$2 lcdgt

386 \_\_ Men \$2 lcdgt

400 1\_ Mao, Zedong, \$d 1893-1976. \$t 毛主席语录

400 1 Mao, Zedong, \$d 1893-1976. \$t 毛主席語錄

13

Note that the term **Revolutionaries** is not yet found in LCDGT. A SACO library could propose it, but the slide shows the term taken from LCSH. The term **Zhongguo gong chan dang members** is not yet established but has been proposed through SACO.

```
100 1_ Benjamin, Martin, $d 1968- $t Swahili phrasebook
```

380 \_\_ Phrase books \$a Dictionaries \$2 lcgft

385 \_\_ English speakers \$2 lcdgt

400 1\_ Benjamin, Martin, \$d 1968- \$t Swahili phrasebook & dictionary

400 1\_ Benjamin, Martin, \$d 1968- \$t Swahili phrasebook and dictionary

500 1\_ \$i Author: \$a Benjamin, Martin, \$d 1968- \$w r

136

First subject heading assigned to this work:

650 \_0 Swahili language \$v Conversation and phrase books \$x English.

- 130\_0 Anthology of North American Indian and Eskimo music
- 380 \_\_\_ Folk dance music \$a Folk songs \$2 lcgft
- 386 \_\_ Indians of North America \$a Eskimos \$2 lcsh
- 400 1\_ Asch, Michael. \$t Anthology of North American Indian and Eskimo music
- 430 \_ 0 Musica degli Indiani e degli Eschimesi dell'America del Nord
- 670 \_\_\_ An anthology of North American Indian and Eskimo music [SR]
  1973: \$b label (An anthology of North American Indian and Eskimo
  music / compiled and edited by Michael I. Asch)
- 670 \_\_\_ Musica degli Indiani e degli Eschimesi dell'America del Nord [SR] p1974: \$b label (Musica degli Indiani e degli Eschimesi dell'America del Nord)

137

The authority record shown in this slide is for an anthology of music by North American Indians and Eskimos. Again, SACO proposals should be made for ethnic groups not yet in LCDGT. The slide shows the use of repeatable subfield \$a. However, LC policy is to repeat the field.

```
130_0 World's best plays by celebrated European authors
```

370 \_\_ \$g New York (N.Y.) \$2 naf

380 \_\_ Monographic series \$a Series (Publications) \$2 lcsh

380 \_\_ Drama \$2 lcgft

386 \_\_ Europeans \$2 lcdgt

643 \_\_\_ New York \$a London \$b S. French

644 \_\_ f \$5 ICU

645 \_\_ t \$5 DPCC \$5 ICU

646 \_\_ s \$5 ICU

 $670 \, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$  Everyman, a morality play, ©1925: \$b series title page (The

world's best plays by celebrated European authors)

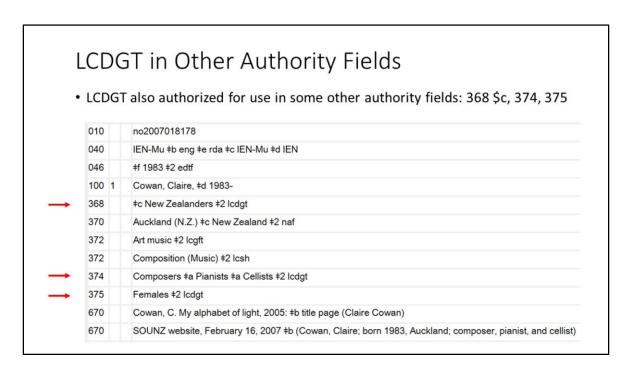
Example of a series authority record with a creator characteristic added

Potential use of \$4 and \$i. Neither has yet to be implemented in NACO authority records.

- 100 1\_ Fauré, Gabriel, \$d 1845-1924. \$t Après un rêve; \$o arranged \$s (Casals)
- 381 \_\_ arranged
- 381 \_\_ Casals
- 382 \_\_ cello \$n 1 \$a piano \$n 1 \$2 lcmpt
- 386 \_\_ \$4 http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/relators/arr \$i Arranger: \$a Catalans \$a Cellists \$a Men \$2 lcdgt
- 500 1\_ \$i Arranger of music: \$a Casals, Pablo, \$d 1876-1973 \$w r
- 670 \_\_ Fauré, G. Après un rêve, after 1910: \$b title page (Après un rêve / G. Fauré ; transcripción para cello y piano de Pablo Casals)

139

Example showing the use of \$i and \$4 (not yet implemented by NACO) to indicate the nationality, occupation, and gender of the arranger.



Note: 385 and 386 are only valid in work and expression authority records. For attributes of persons that don't fit in any of the other MARC 3XX fields in the authority format, field 368 \$c (Other Attributes of Person or Corporate Body) can be used in a personal name authority record. In the example shown in the slide, this person's nationality has been recorded in 368 \$c.

374 - Profession/Occupation

375 - Gender

## LCDGT Exercise 1

### Here are some established terms found in LCDGT:

Americans	High school students	Library employees
<b>British Columbians</b>	Hotel employees	Librarians
Buddhists	Japanese	Males
Calligraphers	Japanese Canadians	Men
Children	Japanese speakers	Monks
Chinese	Journalists	Restaurant employees
Chinese Americans	Junior high school students	Teenagers
Chinese speakers	Korean speakers	Travelers
Chosŏnjok	Koreans	Tourism industry employees
English speakers	Lamas	Women
Females	Lawyers	Zen Buddhists

## LCDGT Exercise 1

Assign audience and creator/contributor characteristics for the following resources based on these subject headings assigned:

- 1. Children's poetry, Chinese.
- 2. Korean language \$v Textbooks for foreign speakers \$x Japanese.
- Japanese language \$v Conversation and phrase books (for restaurant and hotel personnel)
  - Japanese language \$v Conversation and phrase books \$x Korean.
- 4. Sermons, Korean \$x Women authors.
- 5. Whitman, Walt, \$d 1819-1892 \$v Translations into Chinese.
- American drama \$x Chinese American authors.
   American drama \$x Buddhist authors.
   Young adult drama, American.
- 7. Monks' writings, Japanese \$z British Columbia \$z Vancouver. Zen literature, Japanese \$z British Columbia \$z Vancouver. Gautama Buddha \$v Juvenile literature.

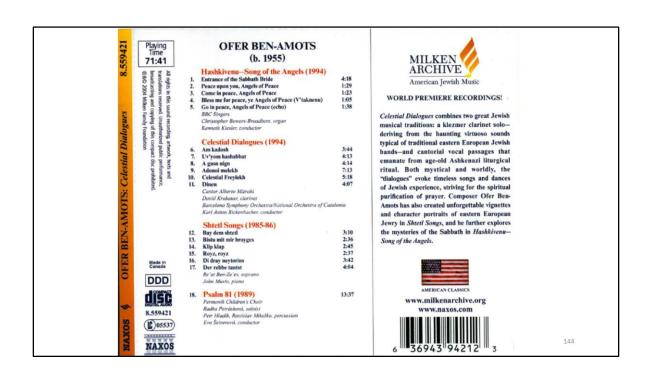
- 1. 385 Children \$2 lcdgt
  - 386 Chinese \$2 lcdgt
- 2. 385 Japanese speakers \$2 lcdgt
- 3. 385 Restaurant employees \$2 lcdgt
  - 385 Hotel employees \$2 lcdgt
  - 385 Korean speakers \$2 lcdgt
- 4. 386 Koreans \$2 lcdgt
  - 386 Women \$2 lcdgt
- 5. 386 Americans \$2 lcdgt
  - 386 Men \$2 lcdgt
- 6. 385 Teenagers \$2 lcdgt
  - 386 Americans \$2 lcdgt
  - 386 Chinese Americans \$2 lcdgt
  - 386 Buddhists \$2 lcdgt

- 7. 385 Children \$2 lcdgt
  - 386 Monks \$2 lcdgt
  - 386 Zen Buddhists \$2 lcdgt
  - 386 Japanese Canadians \$2 lcdgt
  - 386 British Columbians \$2 lcdgt

## LCDGT Exercise 2

Based on the information found in the resources shown on the following slides, what audience and/or creator/contributor characteristics would you want to assign? (Don't worry about the exact authorized terms.)

1/13



#### About the Composer



OFER BEN-AMOTS (b.1955), who was born in Haifa, Israel, gave his first piano concert at age nine, and at sixteen he was awarded first prize in the Chet Piano Competition. Later, following composition studies with Joseph Dorfman at Tel Aviv University, he was invited to study at the Conservatoire de Musique in Geneva, Switzerland, where he was a student of Pierre Wismer and Alberto Ginastera. He received degrees in composition, theory, and piano from the Hochschule für Musik in Detmold, Germany, and in 1987 he emigrated to the United States and began studies with George Crumb and Richard Wernick at the University of Pennsylvania, where he received his Ph.D. in composition (1991).

Ben-Amots's music has been performed by such orchestras as the Zürich Philharmonic, the Munich Philharmonic, the Austrian Radio Orchestra, the Brooklyn Philharmonic, the Moscow Camerata, the Heidelberg, Erfurt, and Brandenburg symphonies, the Fillarmonici di Sicili, and the Colorado Springs

Symphony. His works have been recorded by the Munich Chamber Orchestra, the Gewandhaus Orchestra of Leipzig, and the renowned Czech choir, Permonik. He has been commissioned by the Schleswig-Holstein Musik Festival, the Fuji International Music Festival in Japan, the Delta Ensemble in Amsterdam, and the Assisi Musiche Festival, among others.

Ben-Amots was the winner of the 1994 International Competition for Composers, in Vienna, where his chamber opera, Fool's Paradise, was premiered. He is also the recipient of the 1988 Kavannagh Prize for his composition Fanfare for Orchestra and the Gold Award at South Africa's 1993 Roodepoort International Competition for Choral Composition. His Avis Urbanus, for amplified flute, was awarded first prize at the 1991 Kobe International Competition for Flute Composition in Japan. Subsequently, Avis Urbanus became a required composition at the Kobe Flute Performance Competition. In 1999 he was awarded the Aaron Copland Award and the Music Composition Artist Fellowship by the Colorado Council on the Arts. Ben-Amots is a Jerusalem Fellow of the Center for Jewish Culture and Creativity, and he has been its artistic director for North America since 1997. Currently he is associate professor of music at the Colorado College in Colorado Springs. His work for soprano, klezme clarinet, and men's chorus, Mizmor: Seven Degrees of Praise, an imaginative setting of Psalm 150, received its premiere performance at Lincoln Center in New York in November 2003 as part of "Only in America," an international conference-festival sponsored jointly by the Jewish Theological Seminary and the Milken Archive.

8.559421

ANSWER:

Creator:

Jews
Americans / Coloradans
Israeli Americans
Men
Music teachers
College professors

# Florence B. Price

## An Album of Piano Pieces

Edited by Barbara Garvey Jackson

CN101

ClarNan Editions 235 East Baxter Lane Fayetteville, AR 72701

#### **Preface**

Florence Beatrice Smith Price (1887-1953) was born in Little Rock, Arkansas where she studied piano with her mother and apparently was introduced to the organ at a Little Rock convent. She graduated from the Black Capitol high school and went to the New England Conservatory, graduating there in 1906 with an Artist's Diploma in organ and a piano teacher's Diploma in piano. She taught in colleges until 1912 when she came back home to Little Rock and married Thomas J. Price, a lawyer. In the late 1920s the family moved to Chicago where she did further study at the American Conservatory and the Chicago Musical College. She was active throughout her life as pianist, organist and private teacher.

In 1932 she entered the competition for the Wanamaker Award for Negro Music Compositions and won first place with her *Symphony No. 1 in e minor*. This work came to the attention of Fredrich Stock, conductor of the Chicago Symphony Orchestra, which performed the work in 1933, the second work by a Black composer to be played by a major American orchestra, and the first by a Black woman.

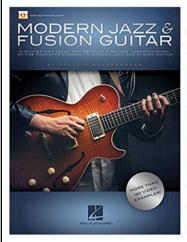
She composed many works for piano ranging from teaching pieces from beginners to a Piano Concerto, several Suites, a Piano Sonata (which won third place in the same Wanamaker Competition in 1932), chamber music with piano and many separate pieces. These pieces range in difficulty from moderate to virtuoso level. She employes many difficult techniques, hand-crossing being one. She apparently had large hands, for she seems to have easily played chords spanning a tenth. She often dated her works so we know that the works in this volume date from the 1920s through the 1940s.

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ANSWER:

Creator:

African Americans
Americans / Illinoisians / Chicagoans
Women
Pianists / Organists
Piano teachers



### INTRODUCTION

This book/video combo is meant to help you discover new ideas, develop a larger vocabulary, and have a better understanding of concepts that are common to modern jazz and fusion guitar. By working through lines over stationary chords, ii-V-I progressions, various jazz standards, and more modern-sounding progressions, we can develop a solid fundament and stylistic approach that will work well in modern jazz, fusion, and straight-ahead jazz. Learning about motif improvisation and working on different chord voicings and comping patterns will further increase our depth of knowledge. We will also study some highly influential guitarists and take a look at some of their signature licks and approaches, as well as learn a bit about different gear that is common for these styles of music.

Each example is demonstrated on the video and presented in standard notation and tablature (tab). Learning the examples in as many different keys as possible is recommended. Composing your own examples based on, or inspired by, the examples in the book is a great idea. It is important to not just learn a line, but to learn from the line. By writing and improvising your own lines, you will make this material a part of your own style, which will help you quickly develop your own unique and individual sound. Copying others is good, but editing and tweaking things a bit it is even better!

My goal is that everyone who works through this book will be a better player and have a better understanding of this music and become a more individual player. Some of the examples might be challenging, but if you work through them at slower tempos and do a little of it every day, you will be able to get them under your fingers and in your head. Have fun!



ANSWER:

Audience:

Guitarists
Guitar students
Jazz musicians

Creator:

Guitarists
Norwegians
New Yorkers (New York State)
Jazz musicians
Men



#### U.S. and Canada Tactile-Print Atlas

The U.S. & Canada Tactile/Print Atlas is a reference volume of thematic maps for use in geography, history, or social studies classes in middle grades or higher, or for general informational use outside the classroom.

Each page spread has a combined braille and print key paired with a print map in contrasting colors and a clear tactile overlay. The maps are held in a three-ring binder, so pages can easily be removed as needed. The page size is  $11.5 \times 11$  inches, with some larger maps presented as foldouts.

#### **Included Maps**

- North America
  Canada & the U.S. Major Cities
  Canada & the U.S. Land Regions
  Canada & the U.S. Elevation
  Canada & the U.S. Climate
  Canada & the U.S. Climate
- Canada
- Canada Western Provinces
   Canada Eastern Provinces
- The Unites States (foldout)
   Northeastern United States

- Northeastern United States
  U.S. Rivers (foldout)
  U.S. Economy (foldout)
  U.S. Northwest (two pages)
  U.S. Southwest (two pages)
  U.S. Midwest and Great Plains (two pages)
  U.S. South (two pages)
  U.S. Middle Atlantic
  U.S. Middle Atlantic Coast

- U.S. Northeast U.S. New England Coast
- U.S. Alaska U.S. Hawaii

Age Range: 11 and Up

#### ANSWER:

### Audience:

Blind / People with visual disabilities Middle school students / High school students Geography students / History students / Social studies students Preteens / Teenagers / Adults Americans / Canadians ?

# Other Facets

- Time Period of Creation
- Language
- Place of Creation
- Country of Producing Entity
- Music Medium of Performance

## Time Period of Creation

• If we stop using LCSH terms to describe what something is, we now know where to put genre/form, audience, and creator characteristics. But what about LCSH strings that include chronological information?

Rock music \$y 1971-1980

Orchestral music \$y 18th century

American poetry \$y 20th century

European drama \$y Renaissance, 1450-1600

Poetry, Medieval

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LCSH strings describing what something is may include a chronological aspect, either as part of a main heading (Poetry, Medieval) or as a chronological subdivision. If we limit LCSH to works about something, we know how to deal with the genre/form, audience, and creator/contributor characteristics, but what about the chronological aspect? For that, we have two options in MARC.

## MARC 046 - Special Coded Dates (R)

\$k - Beginning or single date created (NR)

\$I - Ending date created (NR)

\$0 - Single or starting date for aggregated content (NR)

\$p - Ending date for aggregated content (NR)

046 \_\_ \$k 2017 \$o 1800 \$p 1899 \$2 edtf

Anthology of 19th century poetry published in 2017

046 \_\_ \$k 2006 \$o 1932 \$p 1940 \$2 edtf

DVD set of films originally released 1932-1940 and issued as a collection in 2006

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\$0 - Single or starting date of original release of the contents of a collection/aggregation.

\$p - Ending date of original release of the contents of a collection/aggregation.

MARC 045 - Time Period of Content (NR) has also been used to record creation dates for some types of resources, specifically, for printed music and sound recordings.

For **books** and **continuing resources**, this field indicates the period depicted by the content of the item (e.g., history of the 16th century would be coded as 045 ##\$at-t-or 045 2#\$bd1500\$bd1599).

For collections of **mixed materials**, this field indicates the time period covered by the collection.

For **computer files**, this field indicates the period covered by the data in the file (e.g., a data file containing statistics for the period 1950-1960 would be coded 045 ##\$ax5x6).

For **cartographic material**, this field indicates the date portrayed on the item, that is, the situation date. A currently prepared map of Rome in 50 B.C. would be coded for the B.C. date. A remote-sensing map which depicts the time the satellite recorded the image would be coded for that time.

For **printed music** and **sound recordings**, this field indicates the period of the composition, and will usually relate to the date of the composition. If the precise date of composition cannot be determined, an approximate date (or range of dates) or the dates of the composer are used.

For **motion pictures** and **videorecordings**, this field indicates the time period depicted in the film (e.g., a videorecording documentary of the history of the brewing industry in Wisconsin for the period 1900-1986 would be coded 045 2#\$bd1900\$bd1986).

For **two-dimensional nonprojectable graphic representations**, this field indicates the time period depicted in the graphic (e.g., a collection of photographs from 1870 to 1930 would be coded 045 ##\$aw7x3).

For **artifacts**, this field indicates the time period covered by the content of the artifact (e.g., a model of an automobile repair shop of the 1920-1930 period would be coded 045 ##\$ax2x3).

For **naturally occurring objects**, this field indicates the time period of the content, that is, the time period that the item originated (e.g., a geode would be coded for the time period when it was formed).

# MARC 388 - Time Period of Creation (R)

First indicator - Type of time period

Second indicator - Undefined

# - No information provided

- 1 Creation of work
- 2 Creation of aggregate work

Subfields: \$a - Time period of creation term

\$0 - Authority record control number or standard number (R)

\$2 - Source of term

\$3 - Materials specified

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While 046 is used for coded dates of creation, field 388 was created to record controlled vocabulary for time period of creation.

#### First indicator:

- 1 The time period of creation or origin of the work/expression, or of the components of an aggregate work/expression considered collectively.
  - 2 The time period of creation or origin of an aggregate work/expression.

First indicator value 1 is probably what will be used most of the time, unless you consider it important to bring out the time of creation of an aggregate (e.g. a compilation created in the 21st century of 19th century poetry).

## What Vocabulary To Use in 388

- LC maintains a list called Temporal Term Source Codes
   (<a href="https://www.loc.gov/standards/sourcelist/temporal.html">https://www.loc.gov/standards/sourcelist/temporal.html</a>). But there is nothing currently on the list!
- "Many general subject lists and thesauri also contain controlled vocabularies for specifying time periods. Thus those general sources may also be used in usage elements identified for temporal terms, with the appropriate source code (see <u>Subject Heading and Term</u> <u>Source Codes</u>)"
- Maybe some day LC will decide it needs to create the LCTTT (LC Temporal Terms Thesaurus)
- For now, use terms from other general lists, e.g., LCSH, FAST

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First bullet: in other words, LC has not yet identified any sources for terms that are limited to just time periods.

"Temporal Term Sources contains a list of sources of terms used to record time periods in bibliographic records and assigns a code to each source. The purpose of this list is to identify the vocabulary used in records. For code assignment, general structure, usage, and maintenance guidelines see <u>Source Codes for Vocabularies</u>, <u>Rules, and Schemes</u>. Many general subject lists and thesauri also contain controlled vocabularies for specifying time periods. Thus those general sources may also be used in usage elements identified for temporal terms, with the appropriate source code (see <u>Subject Heading and Term Source Codes</u>). Only sources that are specific for time periods are listed here."

## Rock music \$y 1971-1980

```
046 __ $k 1969 $2 edtf
110 2_ Moody Blues (M
```

110 2\_ Moody Blues (Musical group), \$e performer. \$4 prf

245 10 To our children's children's children / \$c the Moody Blues.

260 \_\_ New York, NY: \$b Threshold, \$c @2008.

300 \_\_ 1 audio disc : \$b digital ; \$c 4 3/4 in.

388 1\_ Nineteen sixties \$2 lcsh

and/or

388 1\_ Nineteen sixty-nine, A.D. \$2 lcsh

and/or

388 1\_ 1961-1970 \$2 fast

and/or

388 1\_ 1969 \$2 fast

500 \_\_ Originally released November 1969.

650\_0 Rock music \$y 1961-1970.

650 \_0 Progressive rock music.

655 \_7 Progressive rock (Music) \$2 lcgft



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As you can see from this slide, there are a variety of possibilities that could be used to record time period of creation. As far as I am aware, there are no best practices yet developed for this. There is also no purpose-built controlled vocabulary for time periods. LCSH and FAST are typically being used at this time. Perhaps at some point LC will decide it needs to create the LCTTT - LC Temporal Terms Thesaurus.

## European drama \$y Renaissance, 1450-1600



046 \_\_ \$k 2012 \$o 1450~ \$p 1560 \$2 edtf

245 00 Comic drama in the Low Countries, c.1450-1560: \$b a critical anthology / \$c edited and translated by Ben Parsons and Bas Jongenelen.

260 \_\_ Cambridge; \$a New York: \$b D.S. Brewer, \$c 2012.

386 \_\_ Dutch \$a Flemings \$2 lcdgt

388 1\_ Renaissance \$2 lcsh

388 1 1450-1560 \$2 fast

650\_0 Dutch drama (Comedy)

650 \_ 0 Dutch drama (Comedy) \$v Translations into English.

650 \_0 Dutch drama \$y Early modern, 1500-1700.

650 \_0 Dutch drama \$y Early modern, 1500-1700 \$v Translations into English.

650\_0 European drama \$y Renaissance, 1450-1600.

650 \_0 European drama \$y Renaissance, 1450-1600 \$v Translations into English.

655 7 Farces. \$2 lcgft

655 \_7 Humorous monologues. \$2 lcgft

```
Orchestral music $y 18th century
Orchestral music $y 19th century
045 1_ $b d1786 $b d1775 $b d1864 $b d1899
046 __ $o 1775 $p 1899 $2 edtf
245 00 Violin concertos by Black composers of the 18th & 19th centuries.
386 __ Blacks $2 lcdgt
386 __ Men $2 lcdgt
388 1_ Eighteenth century $a Nineteenth century $2 lcsh
505 0_ Violin concerto no. 4 in D major (1786) / Chevalier J.J.O. de Meude-Monpas (16:56) --
       Violin concerto in A major, op. 5 no. 2 (1775) / Chevalier de Saint-Georges (23:43) --
       Violin concerto in F-sharp minor (1864) / Joseph White (21:34) -- Romance in G major
       for violin and orchestra (1899) / Samuel Coleridge-Taylor (12:33).
650 0 Concertos (Violin)
650 _0 Concertos (Violin with string orchestra)
650 _0 Violin with orchestra.
650 _0 Orchestral music $y 18th century.
650 _ 0 Orchestral music $y 19th century.
655 _7 Concertos. $2 lcgft
```

Two 388 fields could be used instead of a single one with repeated subfield \$a's.

Note: subsequent research has determined that Meude-Monpas had no African ancestry. Historical references had named him a "Black Musketeer", but research disclosed that "Black" referred to the color of the horses used by the members of his unit, not to the composer's race. Cf. http://africlassical.blogspot.com/2007/09/violinconcertos-by-black-composers-of.html

Additional 386s on the bibliographic record:

```
$386 $3 Violin concerto no. 4 in D major; Violin concerto in A major $a French $2 lcdgt
```

386 \$3 Violin concerto in F-sharp minor \$a Cubans \$2 lcdgt

386 \$3 Romance in G major for violin and orchestra \$a English \$a Britons \$2 lcdgt

386 \$3 Violin concerto in A major; Violin concerto in F-sharp minor; Romance in G major for violin and orchestra \$a Racially mixed people \$2 lcsh [not yet in LCDGT]

Additional 6XXs:

- 650\_0 Concertos (Violin)
- 650 \_0 Concertos (Violin with string orchestra)
- 650 \_0 Violin with orchestra.
- 650 \_0 Music by Black composers.
- 655\_7 Concertos. \$2 lcgft

## Language

- Code language in 008/35-37 and 041 and record notes in 546
- Give nationality/demonym for place of residence and other creator characteristics in 386

008/35-37 fre 008/35-37 fre

650 0 French poetry. 650 0 French poetry \$z Brazil.

386 French \$2 lcdgt 386 Brazilians \$2 lcdgt

008/35-37 fre

650\_0 Short stories, French \$z Ghana.

386 Ghanaians \$2 lcdgt

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First example: the 386 refers to the nationality or residence of the creators, not the language.

Second example: title of book: Poèmes français d'écrivains brésiliens.

Third example: title of book: La belle Fleure et d'autres histoires = "Beautiful Fleure" and other stories : 20 stories for your reading pleasure, with comprehension texts / J.N.D. Dodoo. J.N.D. Dodoo is a professor at the University of Ghana.

## Place of Creation

• In addition to recording demonyms for the place where a creator is from in 386, consider giving place of creation in 370 \$g. It's possible they might not be the same place, however (e.g., a musical work created by an American composer while living in Italy).

245 00 Short stories from Mozambique / \$c edited by Richard Bartlett.

370 \_\_ \$g Mozambique \$2 naf

386 \_\_ Mozambicans \$2 lcdgt

546 Translated from the Portuguese.

650 \_ 0 Short stories, Mozambican (Portuguese) \$v Translations into English.

655 \_7 Short stories. \$2 lcgft

# Country (Area) of Producing Entity

- Field 257 in bibliographic records
- Field 370 \$c or \$g in bibliographic and authority records
- New subfield \$i in 370 and/or 386 could be used to explain the relationship
- 245 00 Monsters, Inc. / \$c Walt Disney Pictures presents; Pixar Animation Studios film; producer, Darla K. Anderson; written by Andrew Stanton, Daniel Gerson; directors, Pete Docter, David Silverman, Lee Unkrich.

```
257 __ United States $2 naf
```

370 \_\_\_ \$i Production company: \$c United States \$2 naf

386 \$i Production company: \$a Americans \$2 lcdgt

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MARC 257 - At the June 2017 ALA conference, a proposal was approved to rename the field from Country of Producing Entity to Area of Producing Entity, so that jurisdictions that have strong film cultures and are often treated as countries can be used in this field, even if they are not legally recognized as countries. Examples: Palestine, Hong Kong, Taiwan, Quebec.

MARC 370 Bibliographic

#### \$c - Associated country

A country with which the work is identified. Dates that pertain to the country are recorded in subfields \$s (Start period) and \$t (End period).

### \$g - Place of origin of work or expression

The place(s) from which a work or expression originated. Dates associated with place of origin of work or expression are recorded in subfields \$s (Start period) and \$t (End period).

### \$i - Relationship information

Designation of a relationship between the associated place recorded in the 370 field

and the resource described in the 1XX/245 of the record. This may be an uncontrolled textual phrase or a controlled textual value from a list of relationships between bibliographic resources.

MARC 370 Authority

### \$c - Associated country

A country with which the person, corporate body, family, or work is identified. Dates that pertain to the country are recorded in subfields \$s (Start period) and \$t (End period).

### \$g - Place of origin of work or expression

The place(s) from which a work or expression originated. Dates associated with place of origin of work or expression are recorded in subfields \$s (Start period) and \$t (End period).

### \$i - Relationship information

Designation of a relationship between the associated place recorded in the 370 field and the 1XX entity in the record. This may be an uncontrolled textual phrase or a controlled textual value from a list of relationships.

The 370 field shown in the slide is redundant with the 257 field. In the authority format however, there is no field specifically for country of production. The use of the subfield \$i could help explain the relationship. OCLC will fix a validation error with \$i in bib fields 370 and 386 in its December 3 validation install. For authorities, NACO and OCLC have not yet implemented this subfield.

# **LCMPT**

Library of Congress Medium of Performance Thesaurus for Music

## Music Medium of Performance

- Instruments, ensembles, voices, and other things (e.g., armpit squeezing; baby rattle; flowerpot; foot tapping) needed to perform a piece of music
- LCSH has many headings that describe medium of performance
  - Entirely medium: Piano music; Violin and cello music; Bassoon, clarinet, trumpet with orchestra
  - Medium combined with genre/form: Concertos (Viola); Sonatas (Cellos (2)); Suites (Clarinet, English horn, flute, oboe with string orchestra); Symphonies (Band)
- Once we limit LCSH to describing what a work is about, these LCSH strings will only be used for works about these kinds of musical works
- The genre/form part goes in fields 380 and 655
- Field 382 was created for the medium of performance part; 382 also holds RDA element 6.15 Medium of Performance

## Music Medium of Performance

- RDA 6.15.1.3: Record a medium of performance using a term from a standard list, if available.
- MLA and LC collaborated to create a standard list that was extensive enough to support the needs of music libraries: LCMPT (2014-)
- LC-PCC Policy Statement for 6.15.1.3: *LC practice/PCC practice:* Use terms from LCMPT when possible. *Exception:* use *string orchestra* for an orchestra consisting primarily of string instruments and no wind instruments (even when it may include continuo, keyboard instruments, plucked instruments, or percussion). Use *orchestra* for an orchestra that has both string and wind instruments.
- 842 terms established through April 2017

## Music Medium of Performance

- Draft LCMPT Manual was released in June 2017 https://www.loc.gov/aba/publications/FreeLCMPT/freelcmpt.html
  - Currently limits itself to discussion of authority records and how to formulate them
  - No instructions on assigning terms in the 382 field
- MLA released Best Practices for Using LCMPT (A Manual for Use with MARC Field 382) in February 2017 <a href="http://c.ymcdn.com/sites/www.musiclibraryassoc.org/resource/resmgr/B">http://c.ymcdn.com/sites/www.musiclibraryassoc.org/resource/resmgr/B</a>
   CC Resources/BPsForUsingLCMPT 14022017.pdf
- For NACO authority records, the Descriptive Cataloging Manual Z1: Name and Series Authority Records, has additional guidance on field 382 https://www.loc.gov/catdir/cpso/dcmz1.pdf

## Where Can You Find LCMPT Terms?

- Available in Classification Web and through LC's Linked Data Service (id.loc.gov)
- Now also searchable through Cataloger's Desktop (if you have a Class Web subscription)
- · Annually created PDF file at https://www.loc.gov/aba/publications/FreeLCMPT/MEDIUM.pdf
- Netanel Ganin's list at http://www.netanelganin.com/projects/lcmpt/lcmpt.html
- New and changed terms are posted in the monthly lists at http://www.loc.gov/aba/cataloging/subject/weeklylists; free subscriptions to the monthly lists, via e-mail or RSS feed, can be arranged at http://www.loc.gov/rss
- Full MARC 21 authority records in MARC UTF-8 format are free to download from http://classificationweb.net/LCMPT and in a variety of formats from the Linked Data Service
- Authority records not available in OCLC Connexion or SkyRiver



The primary source for access to the approved LCDGT terms is Classification Web. The terms can now also be searched in Cataloger's Desktop if you also have a Classification Web subscription. There is a PDF file compiled annually posted on the LCMPT Manual web page. Authority records in MARC UTF-8 format may be freely downloaded from http://classificationweb.net/LCMPT/, and they are also available for download in a variety of formats from LC's Linked Data Service, http://id.loc.gov. Hopefully, with enough interest, people will convince OCLC to make the terms available through Connexion, so you can search the authorities there.

# LCMPT Example - Bibliographic Record

```
100 1_ Groslot, Robert, $e composer.
```

240 10 Suites, \$m flute, piano

245 10 Suite for flute and piano / \$c Robert Groslot.

300 \_\_ 1 score (26 pages) + 1 part (10 pages) ; \$c 30 cm

382 01 flute \$n 1 \$a piano \$n 1 \$s 2 \$2 lcmpt

386 \_\_ Belgians \$a Men \$2 lcdgt

650 \_0 Suites (Flute and piano) \$v Scores and parts.

655 \_7 Suites. \$2 lcgft

655 \_7 Scores. \$2 lcgft

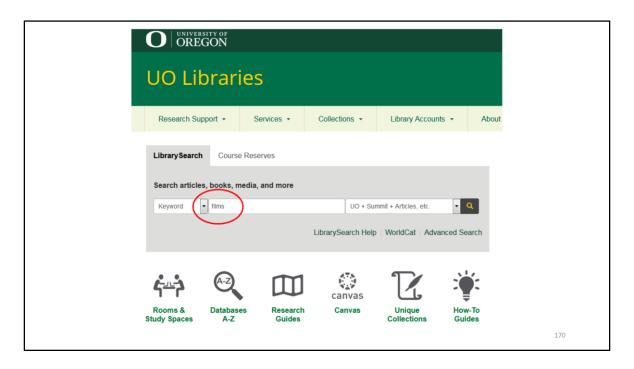
655 \_7 Parts (Music) \$2 lcgft

# LCMPT Example - Authority Record

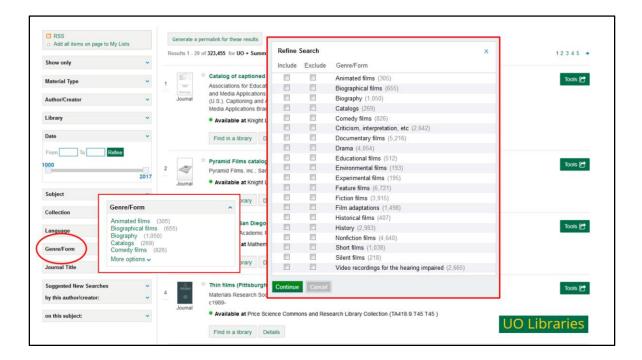
- 046 \_\_ \$k 1964 \$2 edtf
- 100 1\_ Adler, Samuel, \$d 1928-\$t Music for eleven
- 380 Suites \$2 lcgft
- 382 0\_ flute \$n 1 \$d piccolo \$n 1 \$a oboe \$n 1 \$a clarinet \$n 1 \$a bass clarinet \$n 1 \$a bassoon \$n 1 \$a timpani \$n 1 \$a xylophone \$n 1 \$a glockenspiel \$n 1 \$a percussion \$n 3 \$s 11 \$2 lcmpt
- 386 \_\_ Americans \$a German Americans \$a Jews \$a Men \$2 lcdgt
- 400 1\_ Adler, Samuel, \$d 1928-\$t Music for 11
- 670 \_\_\_ NEC Wind Ensemble student conductors, 2013: \$b program (Music for eleven: suite for woodwinds and percussion (1964))
- 670 \_\_\_ Adler, S. Music for eleven, c1968: \$b t.p. (Music for eleven: suite for woodwinds and percussion; for flute (piccolo), oboe, clarinet, bass clarinet, bassoon, timpani, xylophone and glockenspiel, and percussion (3 players))

# Facets and Your Discovery System

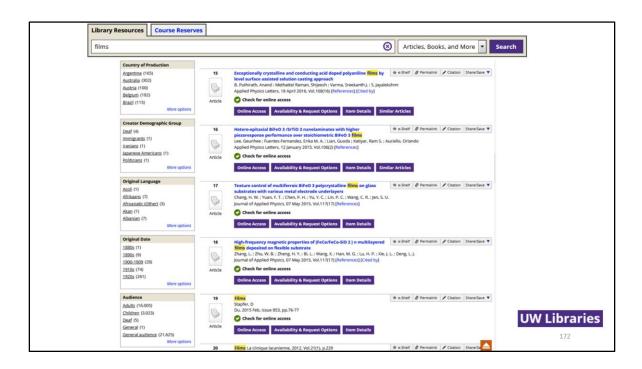
- We have deconstructed LCSH into a number of facets, and we have other additional facets that describe works. Now what does your ILS do with all of it?
- Possibilities:
  - Index everything for keyword
  - Provide facets for limiting
  - Provide browse searches



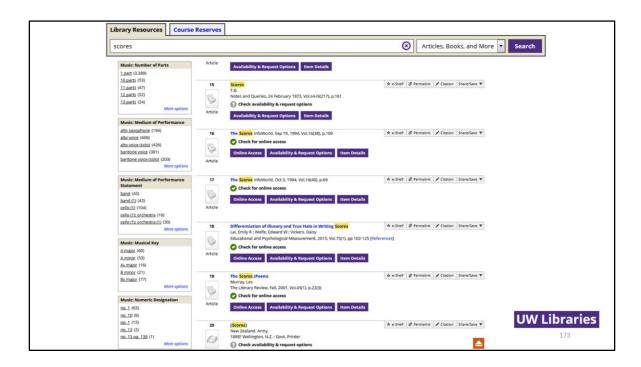
A few examples of what is possible in discovery systems. Here we are in the University of Oregon Primo online catalog, and we start with a keyword search for the word "films".



On the left side of the screen, there is a genre/form facet that enables you to include or exclude particular genres.

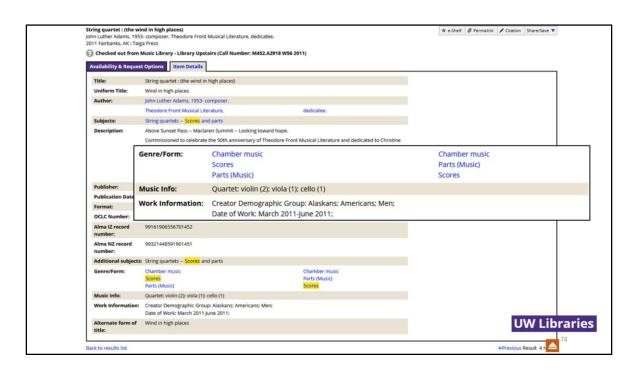


Another keyword search for "films," this time in the University of Washington Primo discovery system (sandbox version; you won't yet see this in the publicly available catalog). There are facets for Country of Production, Creator Demographic Group, Original Language, Original Date, and Audience, among others.

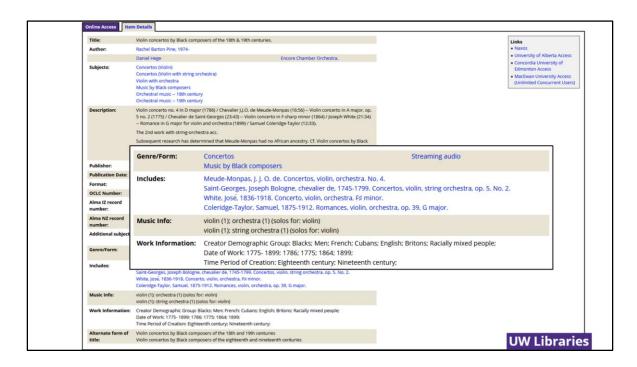


A keyword search for "scores." For music, there are facets for Number of Parts, Medium of Performance, Medium of Performance Statement, Musical Key, and Numeric Designation.

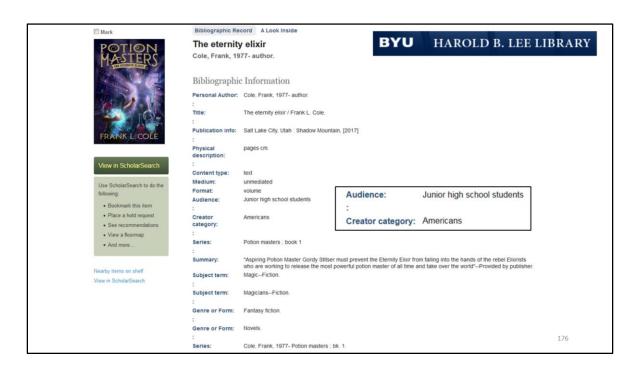
Medium of Performance facet lists each medium separately, while Medium of Performance Statement represents the complete list of all the instruments, voices, etc. found in a single 382 field.



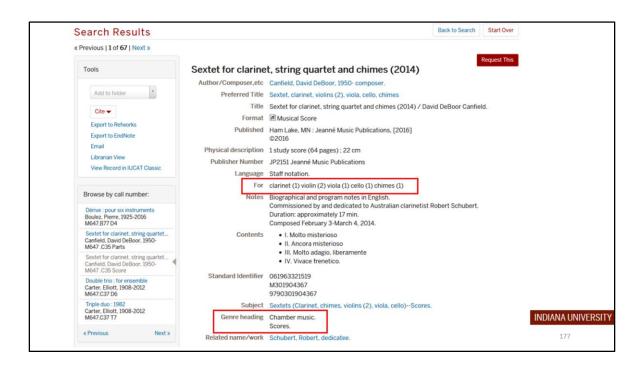
Note under Work Information that we have the demographic terms from the 386 field, and the creation date from the 046 \$k and \$l.



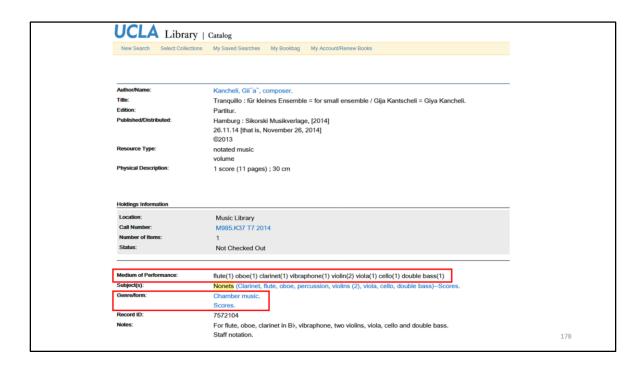
At the bottom of the slide you can see the medium of performance information and work information, including Time Period of Creation, taken from the 388 field.

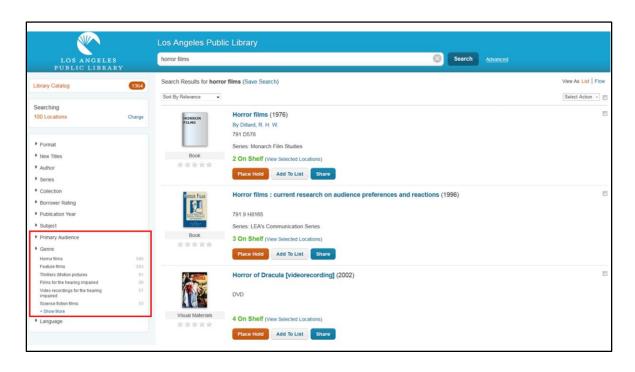


Brigham Young University is the only other library that I'm aware of that is displaying LCDGT audience and creator/contributor terms. The terms are also keyword indexed for searching. No limiting facets yet, however.

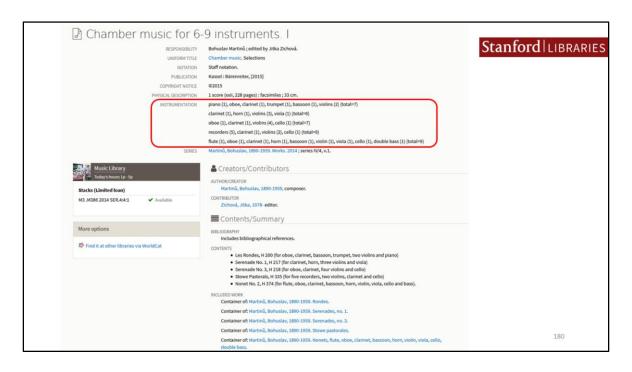


Screenshot from Indiana University Libraries catalog. There are no facets available for limiting by genre/form or medium of performance, but these are labeled clearly in the full display of the record.

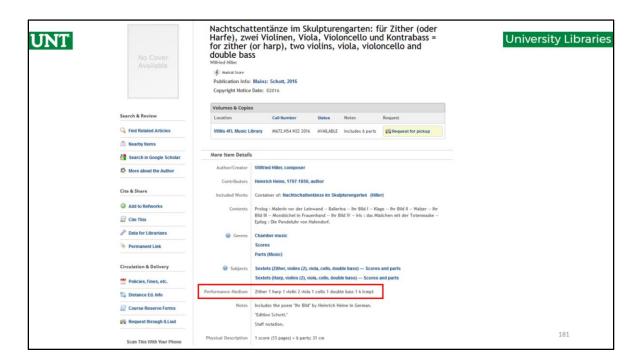




Los Angeles Public Library has a Genre face and a Primary Audience facet.



Stanford University Libraries - nicely done display of medium of performance information



University of North Texas Libraries displays performance medium, but the display could be clearer. The total number of performers isn't clear, and there's no reason to display "lcmpt".

# Finally - What About All Our Old Records?

- In order for faceted vocabularies to work best, we will need to figure out how to add facets to legacy records. Think about how many literature and music records don't have any genre/form terms in them. Audience and creator/contributor terms would also be helpful.
- ALCTS CaMMS Subject Analysis Committee has issued a white paper:
   A Brave New (Faceted) World: Towards Full Implementation of Library of Congress Faceted Vocabularies (http://hdl.handle.net/11213/8146)

# A Brave New (Faceted) World

### • Key Points:

- need critical mass of bibliographic metadata that includes these faceted attributes
- full-scale implementation requires a combination of broad and comprehensive training of catalogers ("current implementation") and retrospective implementation through the development of nuanced and powerful machine algorithms
- requires buy-in and support of national and international entities like PCC, LC, OCLC and library systems vendors
- addition of genre/form terms should be a core requirement for PCC records
- strongly encourage the addition of 382 fields, using LCMPT terms whenever appropriate
- add LCDGT to both bibliographic and authority records, until authority records are created for all personal names and works and expressions; then just add to authority records
- shows how retrospective enhancement of records could be achieved based on fixed field values and codes, LCSH and classification numbers, and other data already in records

Thank you!