# The Serverless Trilemma

## (Function Composition for Serverless Computing)

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## Talk Outline

The key points of the talk:

- **Serverless composition-as-function problem**
- **The Core (Reactive) Model - Using Apache OpenWhisk**
- **Problem: The serverless trilemma**
- **Solution: Trilemma-Safe Sequential Composition**
- **Critique**

## Paper Overview

**The problem?**

Composition-as-functions must violate at least one of the 3 constraints:

- **Functions should be considered as black boxes;**
- **Function composition should obey a substitution principle with respect to synchronous invocation.**
- **Invocations should not be double-billed.**

**Why it is problem?**

Economics, performance, and synchronous composition.



## Paper Overview

- **Composition via Reflection:**
  - f1 followed by f2
  - running time of f1 will be billed twice: once as f1 and once as part of f2
- **Composition via Fusion**
  - f3 is a function that inlines the code of the sequence members
  - violate a black box constraint; e.g. they assume availability of source code, and that functions are monoglot (written in the same language)
- **Composition with Asyncs**
  - fire-and-forget model of composition
  - violate a substitution principle: f3 is no longer a composable serverless function
- **Composition on the Client**
  - follows a client-scheduled structure these compositions cannot be nested inside of other compositions that are unaware of that client

# Introduction

**Trilemma-Safe Sequential Composition**

Serverless core must offer more than actions, rules, and triggers to satisfy all the three constraints

> **Overview of the OpenWhisk Invocation Flow**
  - Handling of invocations
  - Consists of 4 components: Controller, Invokers, Message Queue and System of Record.

> **Realizing Completion Triggers with "active ack"**
  - Microarchitectural strategy of pipeline bypass known as active ack
  - Notion of completion triggers
  - Used to reduce the latency of request-response invocations, orchestrate and optimize invocations.
  - Reduction of overhead by blocking calls by 18X.



# Introduction

> **ST-Safe Sequences with active ack**
  - Active ack strategy to schedule sequences
  - **Includes 2 changes:**
    - Specifying the action to be of type Sequence and component OpenWhisk actions to form the composition.
    - The controller must handle the invocation of a Sequence action differently.
  - User does not get double billed
  - Very less system overhead by avoiding the use of heavy weight resources for action invocation.

## Key Contributions

- **A formulation of the serverless trilemma**
- **A programming model to build new serverless functions**
- **A solution to the trilemma for the sequential composition of functions**
- **The implementation in Apache OpenWhisk, an open source serverless runtime**
- **Improvement in Latency reduction**
  - New latency for result passing from the invoker to the controller: 1-2ms on average.
  - Old latency for storing and then fetching a document with the system of record: 26ms and 10ms on average.



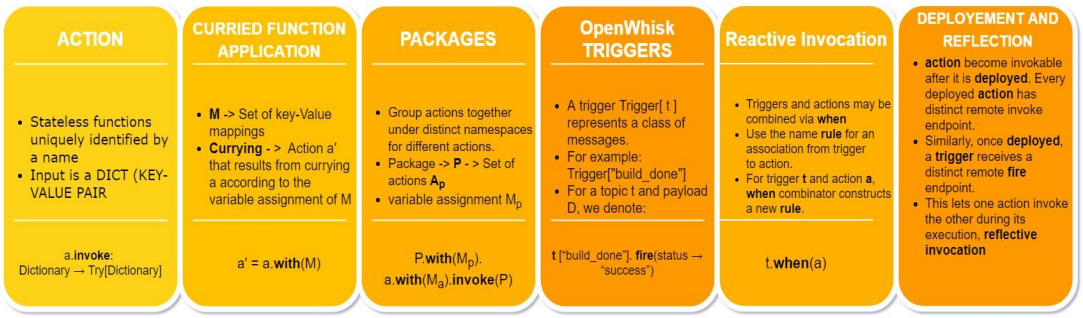
## Background/Related Work

**Serverless Computing:**

- **Functions as a Service**
  - Micro-services are offered as separated “actions” or “functions”.
  - One function generates an output ( example JSON) that acts as input to any other function.
- **Event-driven invocations**
  - The function should invoked based on events.
    For example: When a function build completes, it “triggers” the other function(s).
- **Function composition**
  - Rather than create a single monolithic function, it is often desirable to separate the concerns of schema alignment and notification.

# Background -> OpenWhisk

**Overview of Key terms:**




Source: http://openwhisk.incubator.apache.org/



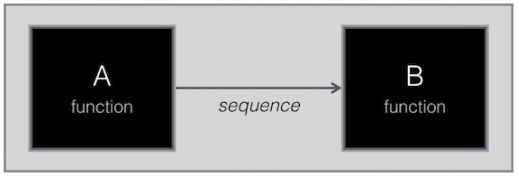
# Related Work

> *OpenWhisk relies heavily on prior work for lightweight isolated execution environments. The current implementation exploits technologies developed for Linux Containers [3].*

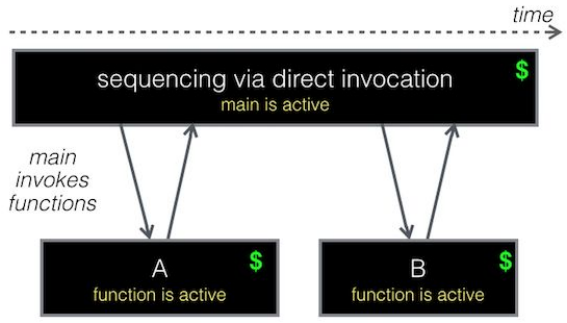
> *AWS Step Functions [4] is an example of composing functions as steps, and describing a state machine for the overall orchestration of a large application.*

## The Serverless Trilemma

> This desired sequential combinator as then i.e. a.then(b).then(c) => c (b (a()))




> **Composition by Reflective Action Invocation** (Double Billing Constraint)

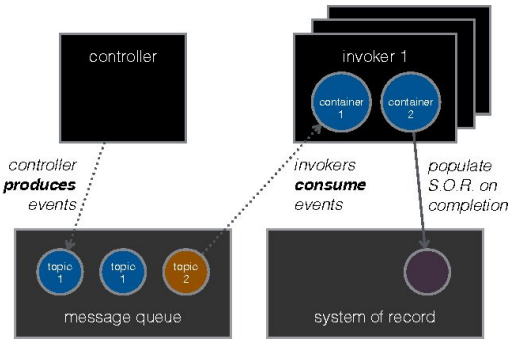





## The Serverless Trilemma

> **Composition by Fusion of Actions** (Black-Box/Polyglot Constraint)
  - To avoid the double billing, we can infuse all functions in one source code.
  - Challenges: The source to every action is available, and in the same language
> **Interlude: The Serverless Substitution Principle**
  - Compositions-as-actions conform to the the JSON in, JSON out protocol of actions
  - Implies a single entry-single exit structure
  - Replace it with async/await pattern
> **Client-Side Scheduling (Abnegation)**
  - since it runs on the Client side scheduler not implemented as an action
  - There is no black box, no double billing
  - Satisfies substitution
  - The approach doesn't work always

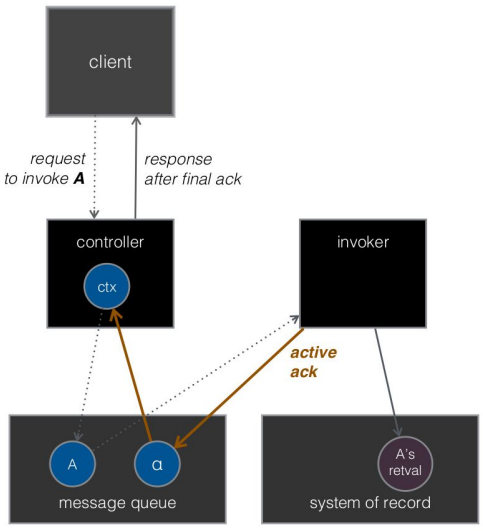
# Trilemma-safe Sequential Composition




1. Overview

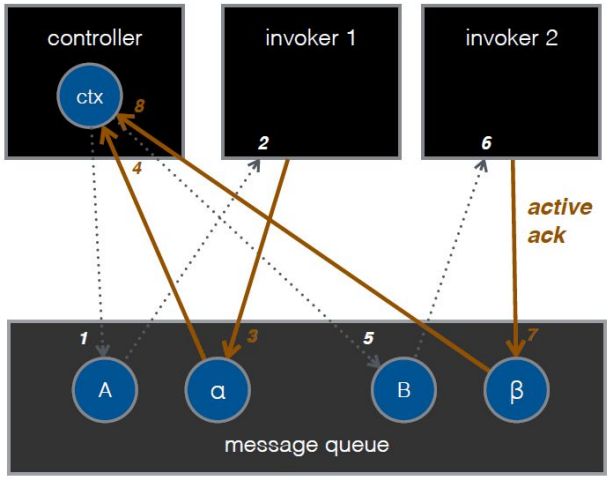


# Trilemma-safe Sequential Composition




2. Active-ack scheme

# Trilemma-safe Sequential Composition




3. ST-Safe Sequences with active ack



# Author's Conclusions

- **Event - driven core of serverless**
  - Not yet expressive enough to implement compositions of functions, as serverless functions.
- **Continuation-passing style of invocation**
  - Cannot be expressed against the purely reactive core programming model that serverless platforms currently offer
- **Extension of core to implement sequential composition of functions.**
  - Available in open-source project Apache OpenWhisk.

## Critique: Strengths

- **Primary strengths of the new approach**
  - ST-Safe sequence composition
  - Optimization strategies to reduce the impact of cold start
  - Reduces Overhead
  - Better performance
  - Cost effective
  - Scalable
  - Secure
- **Strengths of the evaluation**
  - Use of three constraints: black boxes, substitution principle and double-billing



## Critique: Weaknesses

- **No reference to the "state of the art"**
- **Explanation missing for disregarding Composition on the Client as serverless**
- **Function composition -**
  - Is it a standard or a hypothesis for the sake of this paper?
  - Are there any other function composition(s) which could have been explored?
- **Comparison of performance and cost with other function-as-a-services would have been helpful**

## Critique: Evaluation

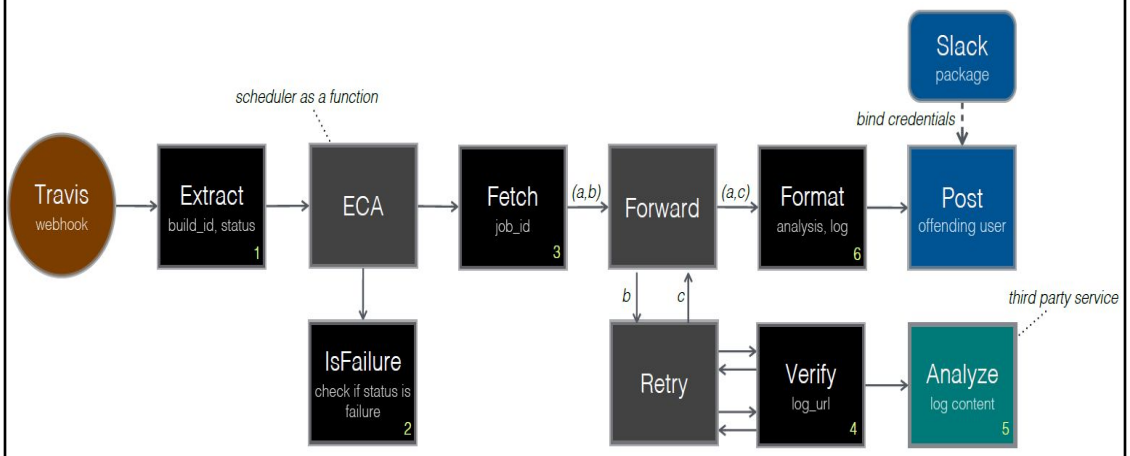
- **Paper's evaluation is satisfactory.**
- **Proof for serverless trilemma is missing.**
- **Less information on performance and cost metrics used.**
- **Results are hard to believe without proof and numbers.**
- **Enough information is not available to repeat /reproduce tests.**



## Future Work

- **Provide proofs of the serverless trilemma**
- **To extend the core to handle a larger class of compositions.**
- **To describe the classes of expressivity in serverless.**
- **Expansion of sequences for composition patterns:**
  - Addition of three combinators: Event-Condition-Action (ECA), retry, and data forwarding.
  - ECA: Static Composition versus Combinator
  - Retry as Metaprogram
  - Forward as Metaprogram

## Looking to the future: New Combinators




Case Study: the full Travis-to-Slack application includes three new composition patterns



## References


1. Baldini, Ioana, et al. "The serverless trilemma: function composition for serverless computing." Proceedings of the 2017 ACM SIGPLAN International Symposium on New Ideas, New Paradigms, and Reflections on Programming and Software. ACM, 2017.
2. https://medium.com/openwhisk/composing-functions-into-applications-70d3200d0fac
3. Dirk Merkel. 2014. Docker: Lightweight Linux Containers for Consistent Development and Deployment. Linux J. 2014, 239, Article 2 (March2014).
4. Amazon. 2016. AWS Step Functions. (2016). https://aws.amazon.com/step-functions/

## Questions

# Questions ?