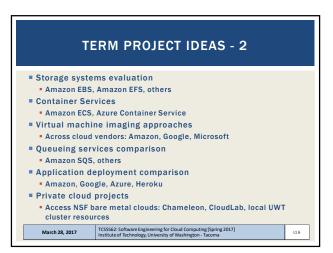
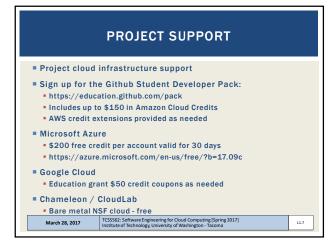
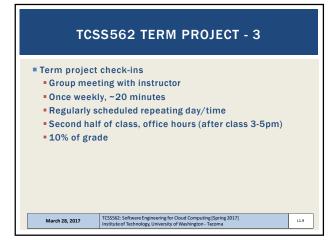


TERM PROJECT IDEAS Object/blob storage comparison Amazon S3, Google blobstore, Azure blobstore, vs. self-hosted Cloud Relational Database Amazon Relational Database Service vs. Self-Hosting Cloud Application containers Amazon Elastic Beanstalk, Heroku, others ■ Microservices / Serverless computing Amazon Lambda, Azure Functions, Iron.io Cloud Load Balancer Amazon Elastic Load Balancer vs. self-hosted load balancer Cloud VM performance comparison Amazon, Microsoft, Google TCSS562: Software Engineering for Cloud Computing [Spring 2017] Institute of Technology, University of Washington - Tacoma March 28, 2017 L1.5

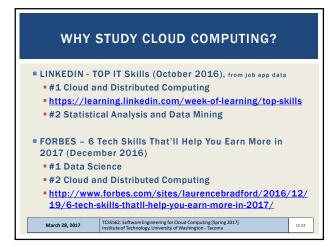


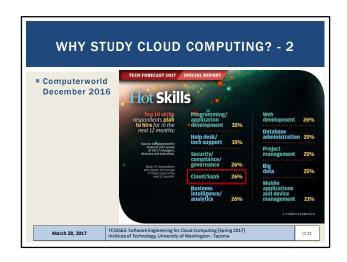


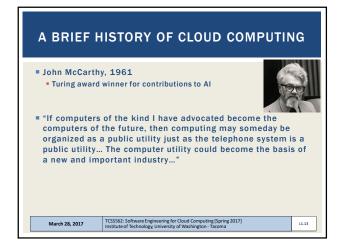


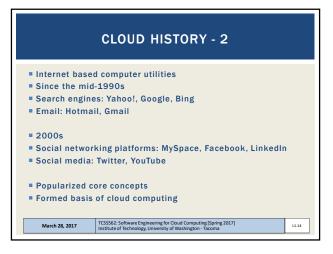


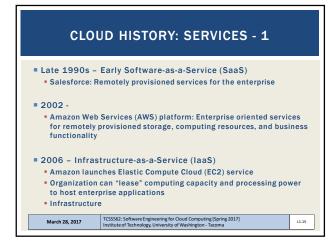






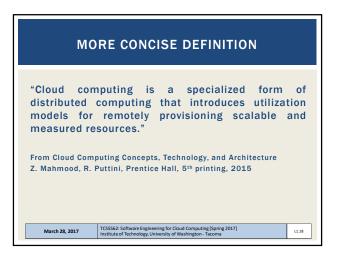


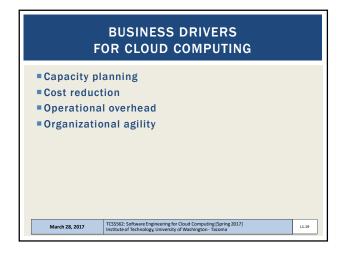


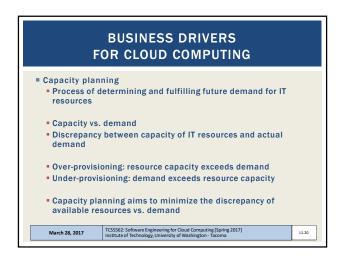


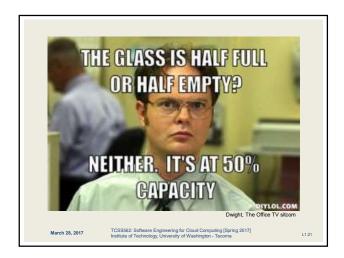


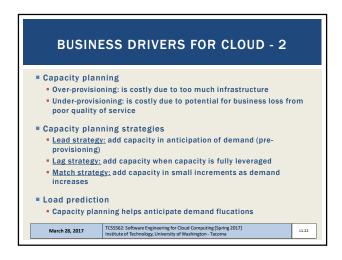
CLOUD COMPUTING NIST GENERAL DEFINITION "Cloud computing is a model for enabling convenient, on-demand network access to a shared pool of configurable computing resources (networks, servers, storage, applications and services) that can be rapidly provisioned and reused with minimal management effort or service provider interaction"... **TCSSSG2: Software Engineering for Cloud Computing (Spring 2017) Institute of Technology, University of Visibility (Investity of Visibility Con-Tacoma**)

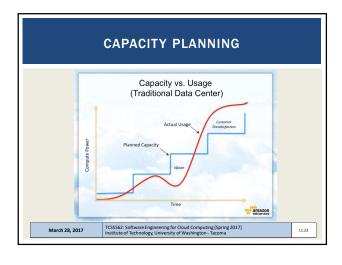


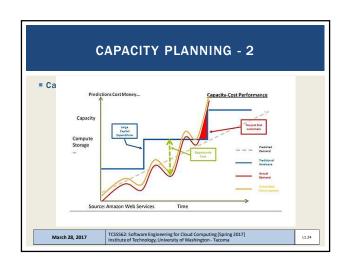


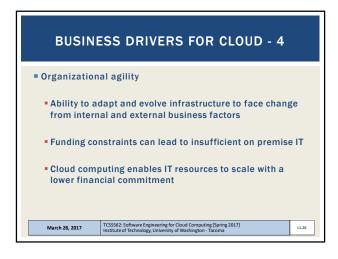




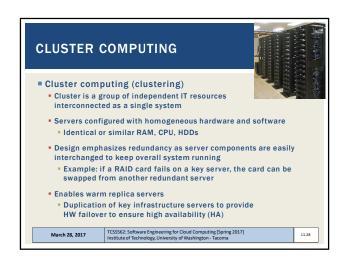


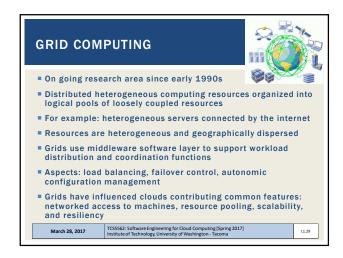


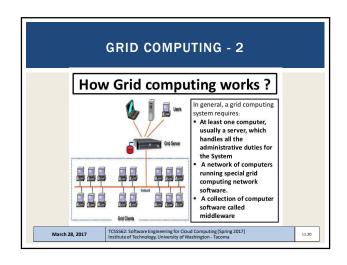


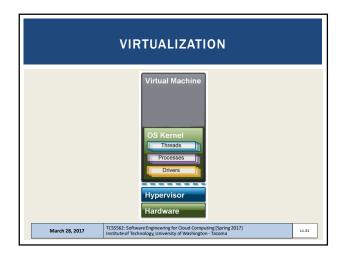


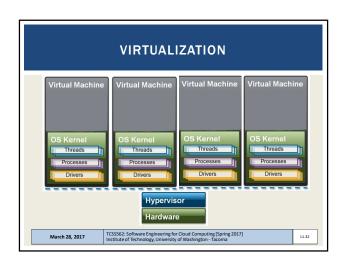












VIRTUALIZATION

Simulate physical hardware resources via software
The virtual machine (virtual computer)
Virtual local area network (VLAN)
Virtual hard disk
Virtual network attached storage array (NAS)

Early incarnations featured significant performance, reliability, and scalability challenges

CPU and other HW enhancements have minimized performance GAPs

March 28, 2017

TCSSS62: Software Engineering for Cloud Computing [Spring 2017] Institute of Technology, University of Washington-Tacoma

KEY TERMINOLOGY On-Premise Infrastructure Local server infrastructure not configured as a cloud Cloud Provider Corporation or private organization responsible for maintaining cloud Cloud Consumer User of cloud services Scaling Vertical scaling Scale up: increase resources of a single virtual server • Scale down: decrease resources of a single virtual server Horizontal scaling Scale out: increase number of virtual servers Scale in: decrease number of virtual servers March 28, 2017 L1.34

VERTICAL SCALING

Reconfigure virtual machine to have different resources:

CPU cores

RAM
HDD/SDD capacity

May require VM migration if physical host machine resources are exceeded

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