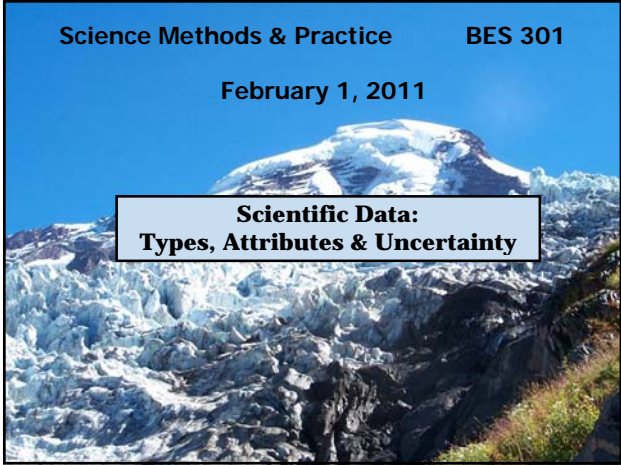
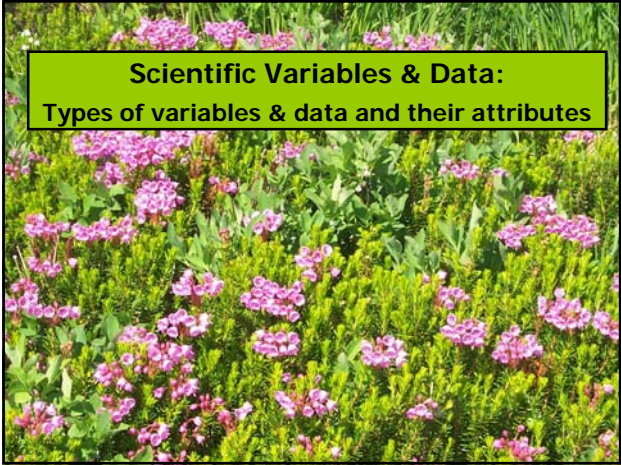


Science Methods & Practice BES 301
 February 1, 2011



**Scientific Data:
 Types, Attributes & Uncertainty**



**Scientific Variables & Data:
 Types of variables & data and their attributes**

Scientific Variables & Data ★

Variable:

Data:

Scientific Variables & Data ★

3 Main Types

Variable Type	Data Type
Categoric	Nominal
Ordered	Ordinal
Continuous	Interval

Scientific Variables & Data ★

3 Main Types

Variable Type	Data Type
Categoric	Nominal
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Scientific Variables & Data ★


Categoric Variables: Examples

Variables are categories of an attribute without ranking or numerical scale

Scientific Variables & Data

Nominal Data: information about categoric variables

Arctic Poppy (*Papaver radicum*) can have yellow flowers or white flowers



Habitat	# Yellow flowers	# White flowers
Polar semi-desert	42	58
Polar desert	67	33

Statistical methods for such nominal data are unique – so it is important to recognize the kind of data.

Scientific Variables & Data

3 Main Types

Variable Type	Data Type
Categoric	Nominal
Ordered	Ordinal
Continuous	Interval

Scientific Variables & Data

Ordered Variables: Examples

Variables are categories of an attribute with a meaningful ordered ranking

Scientific Variables & Data

Ordinal Data: information using ordered variables

Observed order of germination of alpine plant seeds in the early summer

Order Germinating	Mount Rainier	Mount Baker	Mount Hood
First	<i>Aster alpigenus</i>	<i>Silene acualis</i>	<i>Aster alpigenus</i>
Second	<i>Epilobium alpina</i>	<i>Aster alpigenus</i>	<i>Smelowskia calycina</i>
Third	<i>Smelowskia calycina</i>	<i>Epilobium alpina</i>	<i>Epilobium alpina</i>
Fourth	<i>Silene acualis</i>	<i>Smelowskia calycina</i>	<i>P. davidsonii</i>
Five	<i>Penstemon davidsonii</i>	<i>Penstemon davidsonii</i>	<i>Silene acualis</i>

Data contains categories of an attribute with a meaningful ordered ranking

Scientific Variables & Data

3 Main Types

Variable Type	Data Type
Categoric	Nominal
Ordered	Ordinal
Continuous	Interval

Scientific Variables & Data

Continuous Variables: examples

Continuous • values in numeric order
Variables: • size of the intervals between values is meaningful

Scientific Variables & Data

Interval Data: information using continuous variables

Continuous Variables:

- values in numeric order
- size of the intervals between values is meaningful

Scientific Variables & Data

Moving beyond the textbook

Variable Type	Data Type
Categoric	Nominal
Ordered	Ordinal
Continuous	Interval
Discontinuous	

Variables are characterized by values in numeric order in discrete categories AND the size of the intervals between values is meaningful

Scientific Variables & Data

Interval Data

Continuous variables
Original data that can assume any numerical value along a scale

Discontinuous variables

Scientific Variables & Data

Moving beyond the textbook

Variable Type	Data Type
Categoric	Nominal
Ordered	Ordinal
Continuous	Interval
Discontinuous	
Derived	

Interval data in which the original continuous or discontinuous variable is placed on a relative basis or derived from the combination of variables

Scientific Variables & Data

Derived Variables
Variables in which the original data are normalized to allow meaningful comparisons

Original, Discontinuous data

Derived, Continuous data

What if these sites were of different size?

Scientific Variables & Data

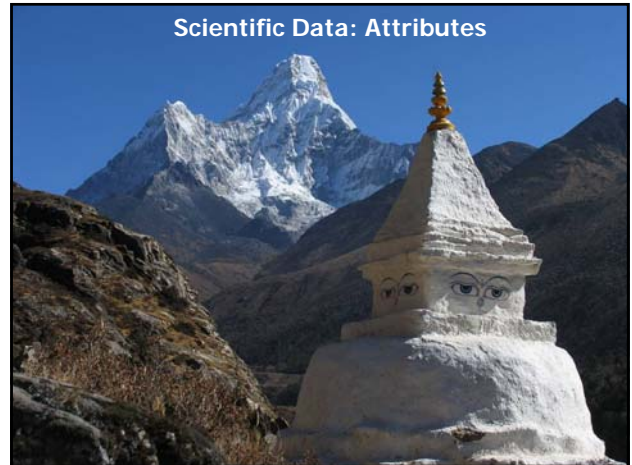
Derived Variables
Variables in which the original data are normalized to allow meaningful comparisons (per unit area, per unit time, etc.)

Bioregion	Number of grizzly bears	Density of grizzly bears (# / km ²)
North Cascades	14	0.23
Northern Rockies	260	0.31

Original, Discontinuous data Derived, Continuous data

BOTH types of data answer important, but they each address DIFFERENT questions AND require different statistical approaches

Scientific Variables & Data	
Variable Type	Data Type
Categoric	Nominal
Ordered	Ordinal
Continuous	Interval
Discontinuous	
Derived	



Scientific Data: Attributes

Accuracy & Precision

Accuracy

The degree to which measured values are close to the actual value

Precision

The degree to which measured values are close to each other (repeatability)

Scientific Data: Attributes

Accuracy & Precision

Accuracy

The degree to which measured values are close to the actual value

Precision

The degree to which measured values are close to each other (repeatability)

Accurate? Precise?

Scientific Data: Attributes

Accuracy & Precision

Is accuracy a good thing?

Is precision a good thing?

Scientific Data: Attributes


An Example to illustrate issues of precision & accuracy

Tree height can be measured with (1) a clinometer

Scientific Data: Attributes

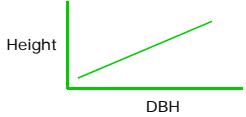
Precision & Accuracy Example

Tree height can be measured with (1) a clinometer or (2) calculated from an established relationship with DBH



① Measure Diameter at Breast Height (1.5 m) above the ground - DBH

② Establish DBH – height relationship from set of trees




③ Calculate height of new trees from known DBH – height relationship

Scientific Data: Attributes

Precision & Accuracy

Results of a test of these two techniques using five forestry technicians measuring one tree



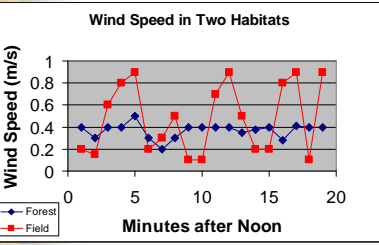
Technician	Clinometer	DBH Regression
Martha	26.2	32.2
John	27.1	28.1
Ed	26.8	26.4
Alicia	26.4	34.0
Barb	27.4	30.2
AVERAGE	26.78	30.18
STD DEV	0.49	3.05

30.0 ft tall

Which is more accurate?
precise?

Scientific Data: Attributes

The nature of precision



Which measurements are more precise?

Real values of environmental parameters often vary in time & space

Variability does not always equate with precision!

Scientific Data: Error & Uncertainty

Factors that contribute to variation in measurements

- Inherent variation in space and time
 - Sampling issues (next time)
- Measurement Errors
 - Human Error - perception
 - Instrument & Process Errors

Scientific Data: Error & Uncertainty

Factors that contribute to Variation in Measurements

II. Measurement Errors

- Human Error - perception
 - Variation from care in measurements
 - ✓ Parallax
 - ✓ Scale resolution
- Instrument & process errors: 3 selected issues
 - ✓ Instrument maintenance – calibration for accuracy
 - ✓ Instrument operation for accuracy
 - ✓ Instrument operation for precision

Instrument Calibration

What is CALIBRATION ?

Instrument Calibration

Measuring sunlight intensity

sensor

meter

1.345 mV

How do we get from electrical response to solar radiation intensity?

Instrument Calibration

Establishing the relationship & its limitations

Radiation (Watts m^{-2})

Electrical response (mV)

sensor

meter

1.345 mV

Instrument Calibration

Danger of using an instrument outside of where it has been calibrated

Radiation (Watts m^{-2})

Electrical response (mV)

Sensor readout

Actual value

Actual relationship

Meter output

sensor

meter

1.345 mV

Scientific Data: Error & Uncertainty

Factors that contribute to Variation in Measurements

II. Measurement Errors

2. Instrument & Process Errors

- Instrument maintenance: calibration for accuracy
- Instrument operation: standards to verify accuracy

Standards of known value used as _____ check

Sample

Standard

Instrument

An Example of Standards

Measuring NITROGEN in leaves

Acid digest extracts N ("sample")

Precise known concentration of N mixed into solution ("standard")

NH_4NO_3

Standards of known value used as _____ check

Sample

Standard

Instrument

An Example of Standards

Measuring NITROGEN in leaves

Acid digest extracts N ("sample")

Acid digest extracts N ("standard")

Apple leaves

Standards of known value used as _____ check

Sample

Standard

Continuous Flow Autoanalyzer

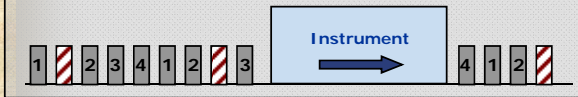
Factors that contribute to Variation in Measurements

11. Measurement Errors

2. Instrument & Process Errors

- Instrument maintenance: calibration for accuracy
- Instrument operation: standards to verify accuracy
- Instrument operation: duplicate samples for precision

Duplicate samples used as process & instrument check



Multiple leaves from same tree
Tissue samples from same leaf