

"FORMULAS FOR FIXED CIRCULAR PLATES"

$$\sigma_r = \frac{G M_r}{t^2} ; \quad \sigma_\phi = \frac{G M_\phi}{t^2}$$

*Formulas
for Stress, Strain & Structural Matrices, Pilkey, 1994*

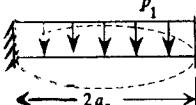
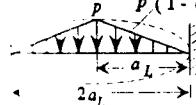
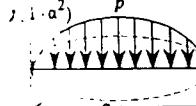
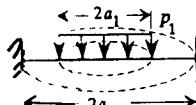
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TABLE 18-3 DEFLECTIONS AND INTERNAL FORCES FOR CIRCULAR PLATES WITH AXIALLY SYMMETRIC LOADS AND BOUNDARY CONDITIONS

Notation

w = deflection	Q_r = transverse shear force per unit length
M_r, M_ϕ = bending moments per unit length	ν = Poisson's ratio
r = radial coordinate	a_1 = radial location of loading
a_L = radius of outer boundary	$\beta = a_1/a_L$
$\alpha = r/a_L$	
$D = Eh^3/[12(1 - \nu^2)]$	p, p_1 = distributed loading (F/L^2)

WITH AXIALLY SYMMETRIC LOADS AND BOUNDARY CONDITIONS

Structural System and Static Loading	Deflection and Internal Forces
9. 	$w = \frac{p_1 a_L^4}{64D} (1 - \alpha^2)^2$ $M_r = \frac{1}{16} p_1 a_L^2 [1 + \nu - (3 + \nu)\alpha^2]$ $M_\phi = \frac{1}{16} p_1 a_L^2 [1 + \nu - (1 + 3\nu)\alpha^2]$ $Q_r = -\frac{1}{2} p_1 a_L \alpha$
10. 	$w = \frac{pa_L^4}{14,400D} (129 - 290\alpha^2 + 225\alpha^4 - 64\alpha^5)$ $(M_r)_{\alpha=0} = (M_\phi)_{\alpha=0} = \frac{29pa_L^2}{720}(1+\nu)$ $(Q_r)_{\alpha=1} = -\frac{1}{6}pa_L, \quad (M_r)_{\alpha=1} = (M_\phi)_{\alpha=1} = -\frac{7pa_L^2}{120}$
11. 	$w = \frac{pa_L^4}{576D} (7 - 15\alpha^2 + 9\alpha^4 - \alpha^6)$ $M_r = \frac{1}{96} pa_L^2 [5(1+\nu) - 6(3+\nu)\alpha^2 + (5+\nu)\alpha^4]$ $M_\phi = \frac{1}{96} pa_L^2 [5(1+\nu) - 6(1+3\nu)\alpha^2 + (1+5\nu)\alpha^4]$ $Q_r = -\frac{1}{4} pa_L (2\alpha - \alpha^3)$
12. 	If $\alpha \leq \beta$, $w = \frac{p_1 a_L^4}{64D} [C_1 + 2C_2(1 - \alpha^2) + \alpha^4]$ where $C_1 = 4\beta^2 - 5\beta^4 + 8\beta^2 \ln \beta + 4\beta^4 \ln \beta$ $C_2 = \beta^2 (\beta^2 - 4 \ln \beta)$ $M_r = \frac{p_1 a_L^2}{16} [(1+\nu)(\beta^4 - 4\beta^2 \ln \beta) - (3+\nu)\alpha^2]$ $M_\phi = \frac{p_1 a_L^2}{16} [(1+\nu)(\beta^4 - 4\beta^2 \ln \beta) - (1+3\nu)\alpha^2]$ $Q_r = -\frac{p_1 a_1}{2} \frac{\alpha}{\beta}$