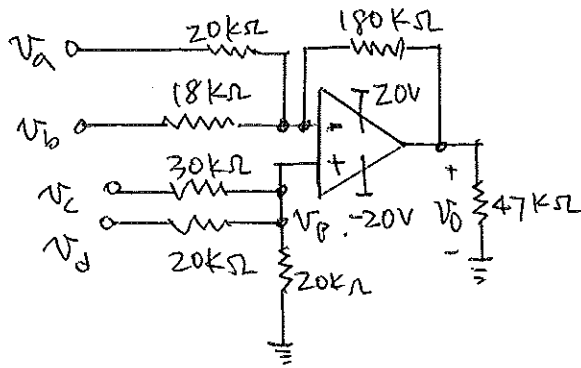


Example 5.28



(a) Find V_o when $V_a = 1\text{ V}$, $V_b = 2\text{ V}$, $V_c = 3\text{ V}$ and $V_d = 4\text{ V}$.

(b) If V_a , V_b and V_d are held constant, what values of V_c will not saturate the op amp.

(a) Find V_p as function of V_c , V_d , and then

from $V_p = V_n$, solve the relation between V_o and V_n . (V_a , V_b , V_c , V_d) ...

$$\text{Applying KCL at } V_p: \frac{V_p}{20000} + \frac{V_p - V_c}{30000} + \frac{V_p - V_d}{20000} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 8V_p = 2V_c + 3V_d = 8V_n$$

$$\text{Applying KCL at } V_n: \frac{V_n - V_a}{20000} + \frac{V_n - V_b}{18000} + \frac{V_n - V_o}{180000} = 0$$

$$\therefore V_o = 20V_n - 9V_a - 10V_b$$

$$= 20 \left[\frac{1}{4}V_c + \frac{3}{8}V_d \right] - 9V_a - 10V_b$$

$$= 16\text{ V.}$$

(b). From previous:

$$V_o = 5V_c + \frac{60}{8}V_d - 9V_a - 10V_b$$

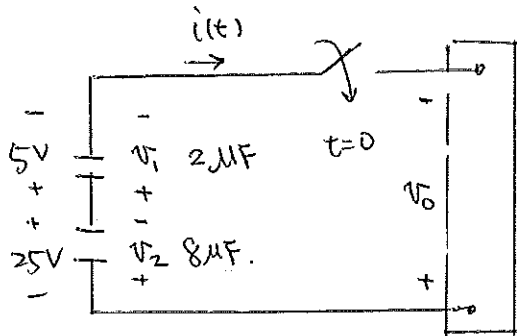
and

$$120\text{ V} = 5V_c + 1. \text{ (edge of saturation).}$$

$$\therefore V_c = -4.2\text{ V. and } V_c = 3.8\text{ V.}$$

$$\Rightarrow -4.2\text{ V} \leq V_c \leq 3.8\text{ V.}$$

Example: 6.31.



$$i(t) = 800 e^{-25t} \text{ mA } t > 0.$$

(a) $C_{eq} = ?$

(b) Find $v_1(t)$ $t \geq 0$.

(c) Find $v_2(t)$.

(d) Energy delivered to black box

(e) Initial E stored by C_s

(f) E trapped.

(a). C_{eq} : Capacitor in series...

$$C_{eq} = \frac{2 \times 8}{2+8} = 1.6 \mu F \Rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{c} 800 e^{-25t} \text{ mA} \\ \text{---} \\ 20V \text{ } 1.6 \mu F \\ \text{---} \end{array} \right] t \geq 0.$$

$$v_0 = \frac{10^6}{1.6} \int_0^t 800 \mu e^{-25x} dx - 20 \quad \left[v = \frac{1}{C} \int i dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{10^6}{1.6} \times 800 \times 10^{-6} \int_0^t e^{-25x} dx - 20.$$

$$= 500 \times \frac{1}{-25} (e^{-25t} - 1) - 20 = -20 e^{-25t} V. \quad t \geq 0$$

$$(b) \quad v_1 = \frac{10^6}{2} \int_0^t 800 \mu e^{-25x} dx + 5 = -16 e^{-25t} + 21 V. \quad t \geq 0.$$

$$(c) \quad v_2(t) = \frac{10^6}{8} \int_0^t 800 \mu e^{-25x} dx - 25 = -4 e^{-25t} - 21 V. \quad t \geq 0.$$

(d) Total Energy:

$$p = -i v = -(-20 e^{-25t})(800 \times 10^{-6}) e^{-25t}$$

$$= 16 \times 10^{-3} e^{-50t} \quad (\text{POWER})$$

$$E = \int_0^\infty p dt = \int_0^\infty 16 \times 10^{-3} e^{-50t} dt = 16 \times 10^{-3} \times \frac{1}{-50} (e^{-50t}) \Big|_0^\infty$$

$$= 320 \mu J.$$

(e) Initial Energy: from $\frac{1}{2} C V^2$.

$$E = \frac{1}{2} (2 \times 10^{-6}) \times 5^2 + \frac{1}{2} (8 \times 10^{-6}) \times 25^2 = 2525 \mu J.$$

(f) E trapped:

$$\frac{1}{2} (2 \times 10^{-6}) (21)^2 + \frac{1}{2} (8 \times 10^{-6}) (21)^2 = 2205 \mu J$$