

NAME:

1. [10] TRUE/FALSE: Circle T in each of the following cases if the statement is *always* true. Otherwise, circle F. Let  $a$  and  $b$  be constants with  $a \leq b$  and  $f(x)$  and  $g(x)$  be continuous functions on  $[a, b]$ .

T F  $\int_a^b f(x) dx = - \int_b^a f(x) dx$

T F  $\int_a^b f(x)g(x) dx = \int_a^b f(x) dx * g(x) + f(x) * \int_a^b g(x) dx$

T F  $\frac{\alpha x^3 + \beta x^2 + \gamma}{x(x-1)^2(x^2+1)^3}$  can be put in the form of  $\frac{A}{x} + \frac{B}{x-1} + \frac{Cx+D}{x^2+1}$  for any constants  $\alpha, \beta$ , and  $\gamma$ .

T F If  $f$  is continuous, then  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \int_{-t}^t f(x) dx$ .

T F If  $\int_a^{\infty} f(x) dx$  and  $\int_a^{\infty} g(x) dx$  are both convergent, then  $\int_a^{\infty} f(x) + g(x) dx$  is convergent.

Show your work for the following problems. The correct answer with no supporting work will receive NO credit (this includes multiple choice questions).

2. [2] *Carefully* write down the first Fundamental Theorem of Calculus.

3. [2] *Carefully* write down the second Fundamental Theorem of Calculus.

4. [5]  $\frac{d}{dt} \int_0^t e^{x^2} dx$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_0^{x^2+3x} e^{t^2} dt$$

5. [5] The graphs of  $JIM(t)$  and  $JOHN(t)$  below trace the velocity of Jim and John respectively from time 0, measured in minutes. Explain what the physical meaning of  $\int_0^5 JIM(t) - JOHN(t) dt$  is.

6. [5] Let  $F(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$  and  $f(t)$  have the graph given below. Sketch the graph of  $F(x)$ .

7. Let  $f(x) = \ln x$ .

(a) [5] Find the average value of  $f$  on the interval  $[1, e]$ .

(b) [5] Is there a number  $c$  between 1 and  $e$  so that  $f(c)$  is equal to the value you found in part a? Explain, *briefly* why or why not.

8. [10 *each*] Evaluate the following if they exist.

(a)  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sec^4 x \tan^4 x \, dx$

(b)  $\int x \cos^2 x \, dx$

(c)  $\int_1^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^2} \, dx$

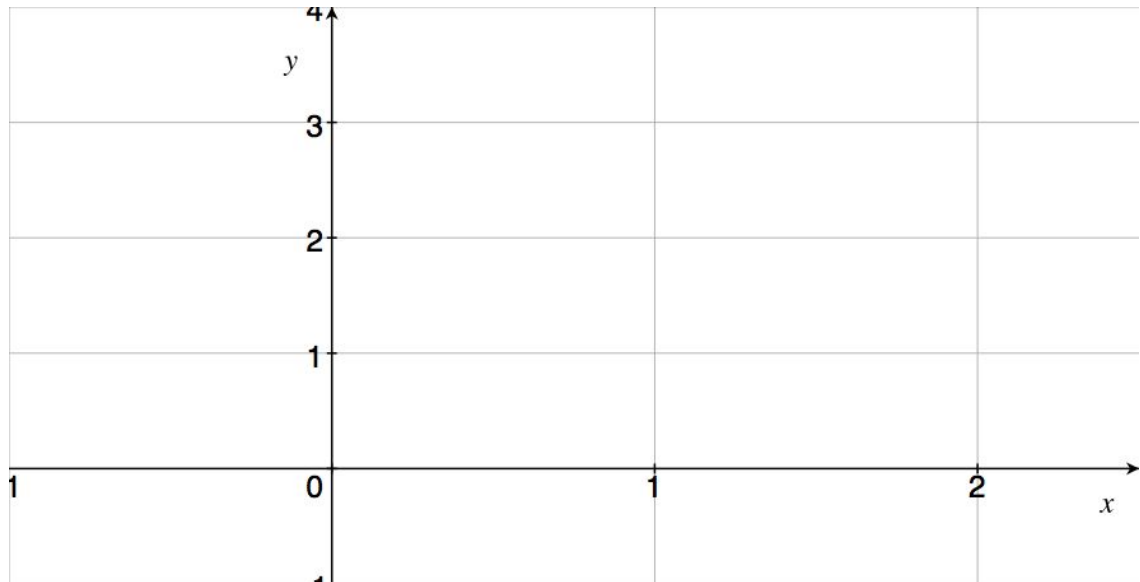
$$(d) \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{x^2 + 4}} dx$$

$$(e) \int_1^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^2} dx$$

$$(f) \int \frac{17x - 1}{2x^2 + 3x - 2} dx$$

9. Let  $f(x) = x^2$ .

(a) [3] Carefully draw the graph of  $f$  on the set of axis provided.



(b) [4] Let  $g$  be the function tangent to  $f$  at  $x = 1$ . Find the rule for  $g$  and draw the graph of  $g$  on the above graph.

(c) [6] Find the area of the region bounded by the parabola  $y = x^2$ , the tangent line to this parabola at  $(1, 1)$ , and the  $x$ -axis.

10. [10] Use calculus to show  $\frac{L^2h}{3}$  is the volume of a pyramid whose base is a square with side  $L$  and whose height is  $h$ .

11. [10] A tank has the shape of an inverted circular cone with height 10m and base 4 m. It is filled with water to a height of 8m. Find the work required to empty the tank by pumping all of the water to the top of the tank. (The density of water is  $1000\text{kg/m}^3$ .)