## Quiz 4 TQS 211

Hoy

You are welcome to use any written homework from Chapter 3, worksheets you completed, and a calculator but no books or class notes. Show *all* your work (algebraically or geometrically) for each and simplify. No credit is given without supporting work.

1. Find the derivative of the following functions:

(a) 
$$[4] \alpha(t) = -2t^2 + \frac{6}{\sqrt{t}} - \frac{1}{t^3} = -2t^2 + 6t^{-1/3} - t^{-3}$$
  

$$\alpha'(t) = (-2t^2)' + (6t^{-1/3})' - (t^{-3})'$$

$$= -2(t^2)' + 6(t^{-1/3})' - (-3)t^{-4}$$

$$= -2 \cdot 2t + 6 \cdot -15t^{-3/3} + 3t^{-4}$$

 $= -4 \cdot 4 - 3 \cdot 4^{-3} \cdot 3 \cdot 4^{-3} \cdot$ 

$$B'(x) = (x^{1/3})' + (x)'$$

$$= 7/3 x^{3/3} + 1$$
Power Power

(c) [3]  $\gamma(y) = 2^y + y^2 - 2$ 

dist/pecale(1)
over scale(3)
over ciddhun (.5)

dist/precale (1)

(d) [3] 
$$\delta(x) = 7 \ln x + \pi e^x$$

$$S'(x) = (7lnx)' + (\pi e^{x})'$$
  
=  $7(lnx)' + \pi (e^{x})'$   
=  $7 \cdot \frac{1}{x} + \pi \cdot e^{x}$ 

- 2. The cost function of a company is unknown but increasing production from 100 units to 101 units increased costs from \$1500 to \$1550.
  - (a) [1] Estimate the marginal cost at 100 units.

(b) [3] Find the linear function that will approximate the cost function for values near 100, that is, find the equation for the line tangent to the Cost function at 100.

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$$y = mx + b$$

$$m = 50$$

$$passes frough (100, 1500)$$

$$50 = 1500 = 50 \times 100 + b$$

Use (b) to estimate the cost of producing 118 units.

(c) [2] Use (b) to estimate the cost of producing 118 units.