Note: This is a practice exam and is intended only for study purposes. The actual exam will contain different questions and may have a different layout.

- 1. TRUE/FALSE: Circle T in each of the following cases if the statement is always true. Otherwise, circle F. Let a and b be constants with  $a \leq b$  and f(x) and g(x) be continuous functions on [a, b].
  - T F We can differentiate any rudimentary collection of functions with calculus 1 methods.
  - T F We can integrate any rudimentary collection of functions with calculus 2 methods.

T F 
$$\int_a^b f(x) dx = -\int_b^a f(x) dx$$

T F 
$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x)g(x) dx = \int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx * g(x) + f(x) * \int_{a}^{b} g(x) dx$$

T F If f is continuous, then 
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx = \lim_{t \to \infty} \int_{-t}^{t} f(x) dx$$
.

T F If 
$$\int_a^{\infty} f(x) dx$$
 and  $\int_a^{\infty} g(x) dx$  are both convergent, then  $\int_a^{\infty} f(x) + g(x) dx$  is convergent.

Show your work for the following problems. The correct answer with no supporting work will receive NO credit (this includes multiple choice questions).

- 2. Carefully write down the first Fundamental Theorem of Calculus.
- 3. Describe Simpson's Rule for approximating areas. (I don't want a formula here, but rather an explanation of where the formula comes from.)

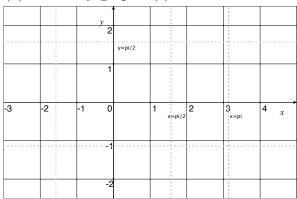
4. Find the following:

$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_{x}^{3} \frac{3^{u}\pi - e}{\sqrt{u^{3} + 7}} du$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_0^{x^2 + 3x} e^{t^2} dt$$

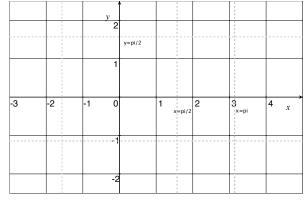
5. Let v be the function that records the velocity of a particle which is well approximated by the following formula.

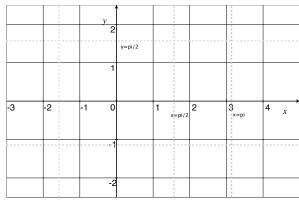
(a) Carefully graph 
$$v(t)$$
 on the set of axis.



$$v(t) = \begin{cases} -2 & t \le -1\\ 2t & \text{if } -1 \le x \le 0\\ \sin t & \text{if } 0 < t \end{cases}$$

(b) Give a rough sketch of the function recording the acceleration of the particle on the set of axis on the left.





- (c) Give a rough sketch of the graph  $\int_0^x v(t) dt$  on the set of axis on the right.
- (d) Describe the physical meaning of  $\int_0^x v(t) dt$ .

6. For each of the following outline the method(s) you would use to find the general antiderivative. For extra credit, find the general antiderivative (each one will earn 1%).

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sec^4 x \tan^4 x \, dx$$

$$\int x \cos^2 x \, dx$$

$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^2} \, dx$$

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{x^2 + 4}} \, dx$$

$$\int_0^3 \frac{1}{x-1} \, dx$$

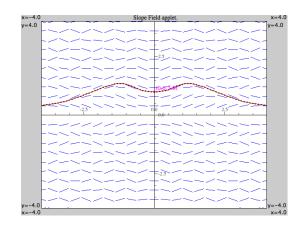
$$\int \frac{17x - 1}{2x^2 + 3x - 2} \, dx$$

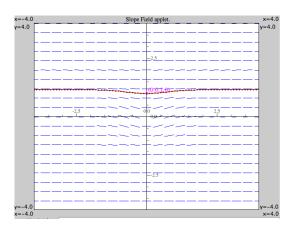
7. Let  $g(x) = \frac{12x}{x^2 + x - 2}$ . Find the average value of g on the interval [2, 5].

8. Match the differential equations with the solutions graphs. Briefly *justify* your choice.

(a)
$$y' = xe^{-x^2 - y^2}$$

(b) 
$$y' = \sin(xy)\cos(xy)$$

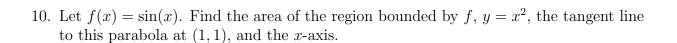




9. Write the following in sigma notation:

$$-\frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{7} - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{5}{9} - \frac{3}{5} + \frac{7}{11}$$

$$1 + 2 + 4 + 8 + 16 + 32$$



- 11. Consider the region trapped between  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ , the x-axis, and from x = 0 to x = 1.
  - (a) If this region was revolved about the y-axis, what would the resulting volume be?

(b) What would its volume be if it was revolved about the x-axis?

12. A tank has the shape of an inverted circular cone with height 10m and base 4 m. It is filled with water to a height of 8m. Find the work required to empty the tank by pumping all of the water to the top of the tank. (The density of water is  $1000 {\rm kg/m^3}$ .)

13.	Dr. Card is found dead in his office at 5:00pm one evening. The temperature of his
	body was 80.0°F. One hour later, at 6:00pm, the body has cooled to 75.0°F. The room
	is kept at a constant temperature of 70°F. Assume Dr. Card had a normal temperature
	of 98.6°F at the time of death.

Let f(t) be the temperature of the body after t hours.

- (a) By Newton's law of cooling, the rate a body cools is proportional to the difference in temperature between the body and the ambient temperature. Write down the differential equation reflecting this particular situation.
- (b) Solve for f(t) as a function of t.

(c) When did the murder take place?