

# Quiz 2

Key

Show *all* your work algebraically for each. No credit is given without supporting work. There are *two* sides to this quiz.

1. Assume that  $g$  and  $h$  are the functions *completely* defined by the tables below:

$x$	$g(x)$
-3	-1
-1	1
1	2.5
3	-2

$x$	$h(x)$
-4	2
-2	-3
2	-1.5
3	1

(a) [1] (§1.2 #13) What is the domain of  $g$ ?

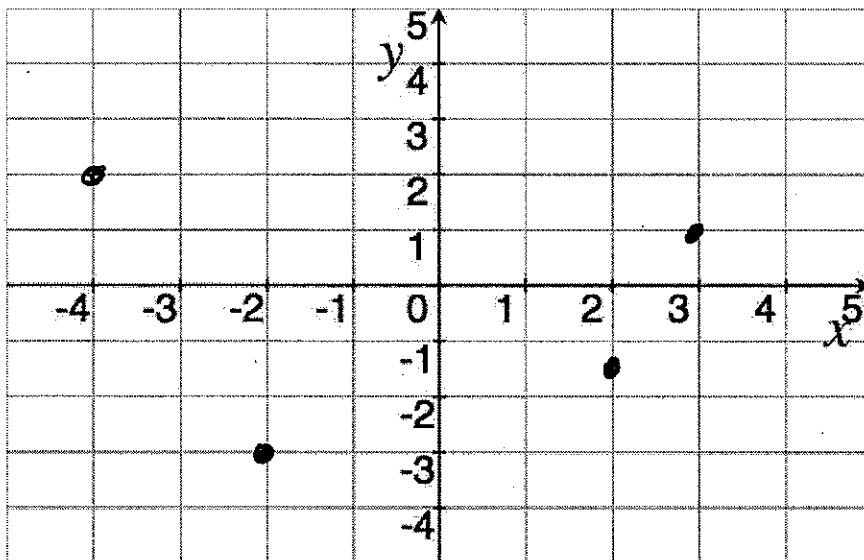
$$\{-3, -1, 1, 3\}$$

(b) [1] (§1.4 #3) Find the value of  $(h \circ g)(3)$ .

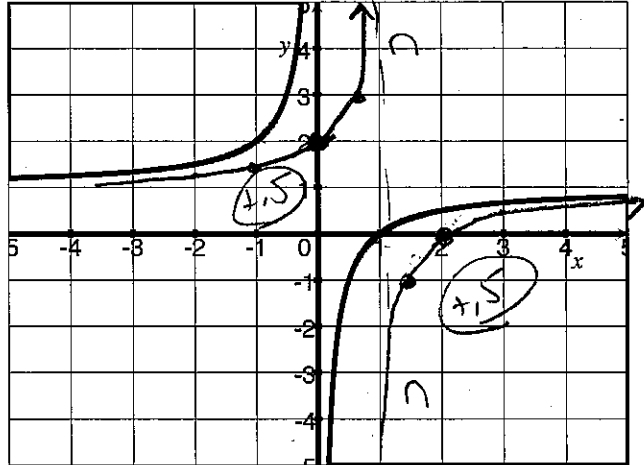
$$(h \circ g)(3) = h(g(3)) = h(-2) = -3$$

(1.5)      (1.5)

(c) [2] (§1.2 #11) Sketch the graph of the function  $h$ .



2. Suppose  $f(x) = \frac{x-1}{x}$ .  
The graph of  $f$  is provided on the right.



(a) [1] (WebHW2 #4) Find  $(f \circ f)(3)$ .

$$\begin{aligned} (f \circ f)(3) &= f(f(3)) && (+1.5) \\ &= f\left(\frac{3-1}{3}\right) = f\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) \\ &= \frac{\frac{2}{3}-1}{\frac{2}{3}} = \frac{-\frac{1}{3}}{\frac{2}{3}} \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} && (+1.5) \end{aligned}$$

(b) [1] (Inverse Wks #2a) Does  $f$  have an inverse? Why or why not?

yes b/c the graph of  $f$  passes the horiz line test  
sketch (+1.5)  
got it (+1.5)

(c) [2] (§1.3) Let  $n(x) = f(x-1)$ . Write down the rule of  $n$  and simplify.

$$f(x-1) = \frac{(x-1)-1}{(x-1)} = \frac{x-2}{x-1} \quad \text{simply (+1.5)}$$

comp (+1.5)

(d) [2] (WebHW2 #13) Carefully draw the graph of  $n$  on the axes above.

shifted to the right 1 unit. (+1)

$$\text{ex } n(0) = f(0-1) = f(-1) = 2$$