

Quiz 4

Key

Show *all* your work. No credit is given without reasonable supporting work. There are *two* sides to this quiz.

1. [3] (LogFunctionWks #4) Let the graph to the right be the $g(x)$. Given that $g(x)$ is an logarithmic function of the form $y = \log_b(x)$ that has been horizontally shifted. Find the equation.

shifted left $\frac{1}{2}$ units $\Rightarrow \log_b(x+2)$

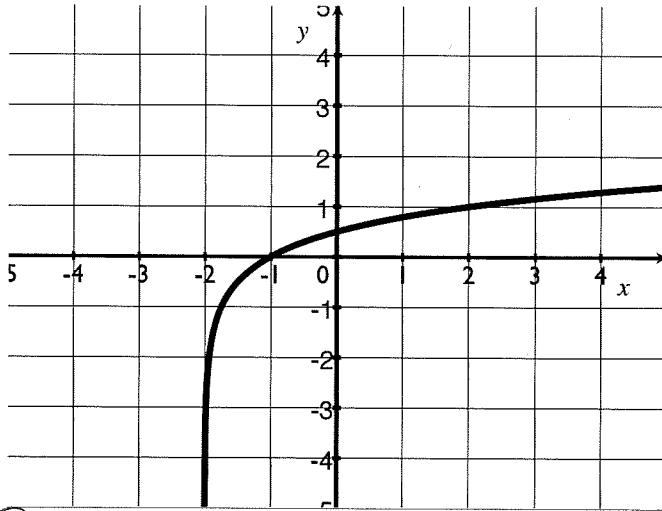
passes thru $(2, 1)$ so $b^{\frac{1}{2}} = 1$

$$\begin{aligned} 1 &= \log_b(2+2) \\ 1 &= \log_b(4) \\ b^{\frac{1}{2}} &= 1 \end{aligned} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \end{array} \right\} +1$$

so
 $y = \log_4(x+2)$

sum $\frac{1}{2}$

2. [2] (WebHW17 #12) Simplify



Show shift is of the form $y = \log_b(x+h)$

passes thru $(-1, 0)$ so $0 = \log_b(-1+h)$
 or $b^0 = -1+h \Rightarrow 1 = -1+h \Rightarrow h = 2$

passes thru $(2, 1)$ so $1 = \log_b(2+2)$
 sum $\frac{1}{2}$ $b=4$ (same steps on left)

reg exp $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ each

$$\frac{2x^{-4}}{2^{-1}x} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{passes thru } 2 \\ \text{powers of } x \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{2x^{-4}}{2^{-1}x} &= \frac{2 \cdot \frac{1}{x^4}}{\frac{1}{2}x} = \frac{\left(\frac{2}{x^4}\right)}{\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)} \\ &= \frac{2}{x^4} \div \frac{x}{2} \\ &= \frac{2}{x^4} \cdot \frac{2}{x} \\ &= \frac{4}{x^5} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{2x^{-4}}{2^{-1}x} &= \frac{2 \cdot 2^1}{x^4 x} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{or} \\ = \frac{4}{x^5} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{or} \\ = \frac{2^{1-4}}{2^{-1}x^1} = \frac{2^{-3}}{2^{-1}x} = 2^{-3-(-1)} x^{-4-1} \\ = 2^2 x^{-5} \\ = 4 x^{-5} \end{array} \\ &= 4 x^{-5} \end{aligned}$$

3. [2] (§3.2 #95) How long would it take to double your money if you invested P dollars at the rate of 8% compounded continuously?

(+5) $\$@ \text{ time } t = Pe^{kt}$

(2.5) start with P , so double is $2P$

$$\frac{2P}{P} = Pe^{0.08t}$$

$$2 = e^{0.08t}$$

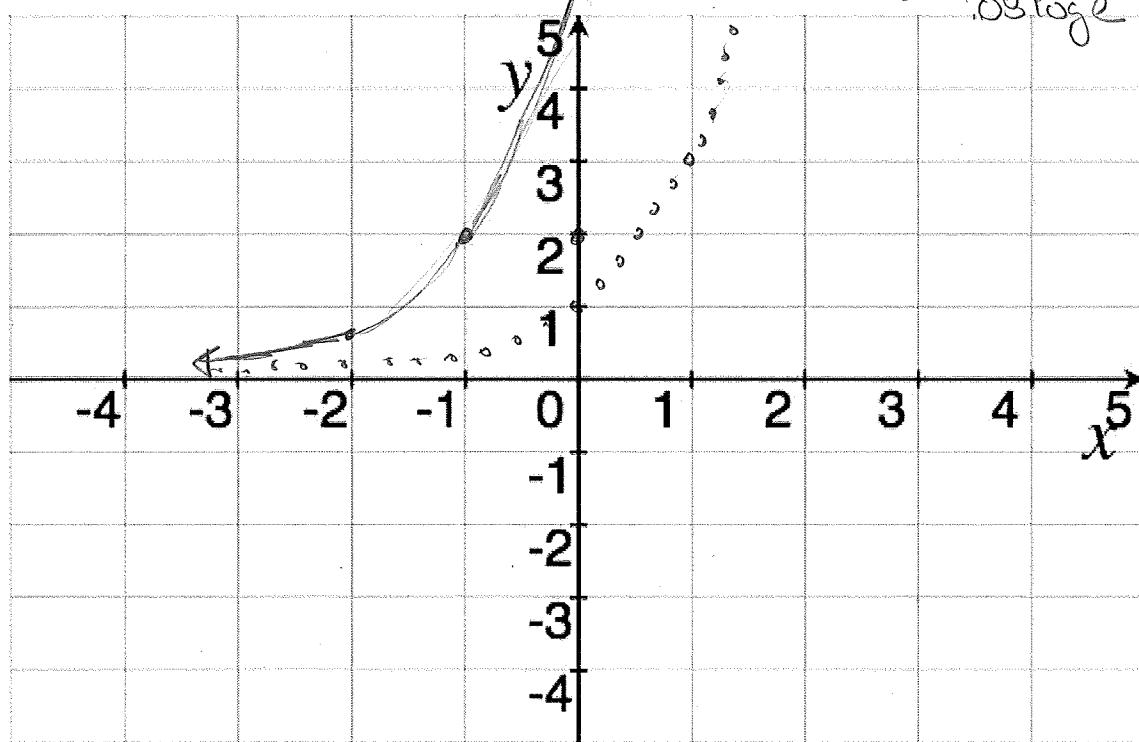
\log (+5)
alg/for + (+5)

$$\ln 2 = \ln e^{0.08t} \Rightarrow \ln 2 = 0.08t \\ \Rightarrow t = \frac{\ln 2}{0.08}$$

$$2 = e^{0.08t} \quad \text{def of log} \quad \ln 2 = 0.08t \Rightarrow t = \frac{\ln 2}{0.08}$$

$$\log 2 = \log e^{0.08t} \Rightarrow \log 2 = 0.08t \log e \\ \Rightarrow t = \frac{\log 2}{0.08 \log e}$$

4. [3] (ExpFunctions Wks #2) Graph $2 \cdot 3^{x+1}$



Graph of $3^x - y$ is dotted

shape (+1)

$$2 \cdot 3^{x+1}$$

vertical stretch/multiply value by 2^{x+1}
horizontal shift left by 1 unit (+1)