Lines & Planes

While working in a group make sure you:

- Expect to make mistakes but be sure to reflect/learn from them!
- Are civil and are aware of your impact on others.
- Assume and engage with the strongest argument while assuming best intent.

Some line equations (in 2D):

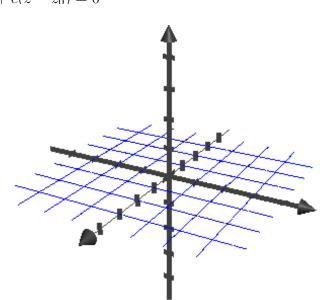
- $y y_0 = m(x x_0)$ Ax + By + C = 0• Algebra: y = mx + b
- Vectors: Let $t \in \mathbb{R}$, then
 - Position Vectors of form: $\langle x, y \rangle = \langle x_0, y_0 \rangle + t \overrightarrow{v}$
 - (Position) Vector Equations: $\langle x, y \rangle = (x_0 + tv_1)\langle 1, 0 \rangle + (y_0 + tv_2)\langle 0, 1 \rangle$

 - Parametric Equations: $x = x_0 + tv_1$ and $y = y_0 + tv_2$ Symmetric Equations: $\frac{x x_0}{v_1} = \frac{y y_0}{v_2}$
- 1. Consider the line L passing through P(1, 2, -1) and Q(2, 2, 3).
 - (a) Find two equations for L

(b) Where does L intersect the yz plane?

Some Plane equations (in 3D):

- Algebra: $z = z_0 + m_x(x x_0) + m_y(y y_0)$ Ax + By + Cz + D = 0
- Vectors: Let $t \in \mathbb{R}$, $s \in \mathbb{R}$, $\eta = \langle a, b, c \rangle$ and perpendicular to the plane, then – Position Vectors of form: $\langle x, y, z \rangle = \langle x_0, y_0, z_0 \rangle + t \overrightarrow{v} + s \overrightarrow{w}$
 - Vector Equations: $\overrightarrow{\eta} \cdot (\langle x, y, z \rangle \langle x_0, y_0, z_0 \rangle) = 0$
 - Scalar Form: $a(x x_0) + b(y y_0) + c(z z_0) = 0$
- 2. Consider the vector $\overrightarrow{\eta} = 3\overrightarrow{i} + 1\overrightarrow{j} + 2\overrightarrow{k}$.
 - (a) Graph $\overrightarrow{\eta}$.
 - (b) Sketch the plane that is perpendicular
 - (c) Find the vector equation to the plane that is perpendicular to $\overrightarrow{\eta}$.



(d) Find the vector equation to the plane that is perpendicular to $\overrightarrow{\eta}$ and also passes through P(-2, 0, 1).