Map Analysis, Plotting and Isoplething

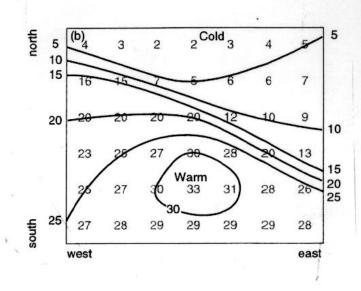
Meteorology for Scientists and Engineers 2nd Edition, Roland Stull, pg. 260

Key Points:

- Isopleths are lines of equal value. For example, an isobar is a line of equal pressure, and an isotherm is a line of equal temperature.
- · Weather maps are simplified by drawing isopleths.
- Isopleths are drawn by connecting points of equal value.
- · When drawing isopleths, keep in mind the following rules:
 - 1. Isopleths are drawn at regular intervals.
 - 2. Interpolate where necessary between locations.
 - 3. Isopleths never cross other isopleths.
 - 4. Isopleths never end in the middle of a map.
 - Each isopleth should be labeled, either at the edges of the map or along closed isopleths.
 - 6. Isopleths should generally not have kinks. (Exception is at fronts or jets...you will learn about this later.)

Here is a simple example of how to draw isotherms, following the rules above.

north	(a) 4	3	2	2	3	4	5
	16	15	7	5	6	6	7
	20	20	20	20	12	10	9
	23	25	27	30	28	20	13
	25	27	30	33	31	28	26
south	27	28	29	29	29	29	28
	vest						east



TEMPERATURE
FIELD
TEMPERATURE IS IN °C

ISOTHERM ANALYSIS