

# First VPLanet Developers Workshop



## Lesson 5

### How to Add an Output

# Overview

Outputs are easier than options, so we start here (no verify step)

Four steps:

- Determine which module(s) the output applies to
- Define a new integer ID
- Add text to InitializeOutput
- Create Write function

To add to repo:

- Add new test
- Run Valgrind
- Update documentation (if necessary)
- Update examples (if necessary)
- Issue Pull Request

# Worked Example: Adding Pericenter Distance

Pericenter is the point of closest approach of an orbit to the central mass

$$= a(1-e)$$

$$= \text{SemiMajorAxis} * (1 - \text{Eccentricity})$$

$$= \text{SemiMajorAxis} * (1 - \sqrt{\text{Hecc} * \text{Hecc} + \text{Kecc} * \text{Kecc}})$$

What the heck is Hecc?

- It's a change of variable from eccentricity and longitude of pericenter
- $\text{Hecc} = \text{Eccentricity} * \sin(\text{long. of peri.})$
- $\text{Kecc} = \text{Eccentricity} * \cos(\text{long. of peri.})$
- As  $e \rightarrow 0$ , long of peri becomes ill-defined; Hecc and Kecc don't
- Hecc and Kecc sometimes called Poincaré variables
- Hecc and Kecc are the Primary Variables for DistOrb

(Note that obliquity and precession angle similarly transformed)

# Step 1: Which Module(s)?

Pericenter is an orbital property

- SpiNBody
- DistOrb
- EqTide
- BINARY (we'll ignore this one for now)
- GalHabit (we'll ignore this one for now)

So pericenter is “multi-module”, we need to put it in output.[ch]

If it only applied to a single module, we'd put it in those source files

## Step 2: Define an Integer ID

Each output is defined a unique integer identifier

Each module has a unique range

Multi-module, or general, outputs also have a range

These are defined in `vplanet.h`

Pericenter is general, so we will need to pick a value in its range

# Step 2: Define an Integer ID

## vplanet.h

```
1777
1778  /*****
1779   * ADJUST AS NEEDED *
1780   *****/
1781
1782  /* Module limits:
1783   * General: 0 - 1000
1784   * EQTIDE: 1000 - 1100
1785   * RADHEAT: 1100 - 1200
1786   * ATMESC: 1200 - 1300
1787   * DISTORB: 1300 - 1400
1788   * DISTROT: 1400 - 1500
1789   * STELLAR: 1500 - 1600
1790   * SPINBODY: 1600 - 1700
1791   * THERMINT: 1700 - 1900
1792   * POISE: 1900 - 2000
1793   * FLARE: 2000 - 2100
1794   * BINARY: 2100 - 2200
1795   * GALHABIT: 2200 - 2300
1796   * MAGMOC: 2300 - 2400
1797   */
1798  // These need to be set to the largest previous limit
1799  #define MODULEOPTEND 2400
1800  #define MODULEOUTEND 2400
1801
```

General outputs are 0 — 999

Other outputs will be in the appropriate range

(Note if you add a new module (Lesson 9), you will need to update MODULEOPTEND and MODULEOUTEND)

## Step 2: Define an Integer ID

OK, so pericenter is 0 - 999, but what should it be?

We need to look in output.c to find an available integer

output.h

```
31
32  /* General Outuput 0-999 */
33  /* System properties 0-499, body properties 500-999 */
34  #define OUTSTART 0
35  #define OUTBODYSTART 500
36  #define OUTEND 1000
37
38  #define OUT_AGE 160
39  #define OUT_TIME 170
40  #define OUT_TOTANGMOM 180
41
42  #define OUT_TOTENERGY 190
43
44  #define OUT_POTENERGY 191
45  #define OUT_KINENERGY 192
46  #define OUT_TOTORBENERGY 193
47
48  #define OUT_DT 200
49
```

General outputs are divided into system-wide and body outputs

Pericenter is unique for each body, so it must be 500-999

## Step 2: Define an Integer ID

OK, so what value between 500 and 999?

Try to pick a number that makes sense, given what has been taken

```
85
86 #define OUT_KECC 610
87 #define OUT_ORBECC 615
88 #define OUT_ORBEN 620
89 #define OUT_ORBMEANMOTION 630
90 #define OUT_ORBPER 640
91 #define OUT_ORBSEMI 650
92 #define OUT_CRITSEMI 651
93 #define OUT_ORBANGMOM 660
94 #define OUT_ARGP 661
95 #define OUT_MEANA 662
96 #define OUT_INC 663
97 #define OUT_LONGA 664
98 #define OUT_MEANL 665
99 #define OUT_LONGP 667
100
```

Here's a block of numbers that looks related to orbits, let's pick 625

I try to leave room for new outputs to be added



## Step 2: Define an Integer ID

OK, so what value between 500 and 999?

Try to pick a number that makes sense, given what has been taken

```
85
86 #define OUT_KECC 610
87 #define OUT_ORBECC 615
88 #define OUT_ORPEN 620
89 #define OUT_PERICENTER 625
90 #define OUT_ORBMEANMOTION 630
91 #define OUT_ORBPER 640
92 #define OUT_ORBSEMI 650
93 #define OUT_CRITSEMI 651
94 #define OUT_ORBANGMOM 660
95 #define OUT_ARGP 661
96 #define OUT_MEANA 662
97 #define OUT_INC 663
98 #define OUT_LONGA 664
99 #define OUT_MEANL 665
100 #define OUT_LONGP 667
101
```

Here's a block of numbers that looks related to orbits, let's pick 625

I try to leave room for new outputs to be added

# Step 3: Update InitializeOutput

Next we need to let VPLanet know how to implement our new output

The InitializeOutput functions do that (starting in output.c)

```
2431
2432 void InitializeOutput(OUTPUT *output, fnWriteOutput fnWrite[]) {
2433     int iOut, iBody, iModule;
2434
2435     for (iOut = 0; iOut < MODULEOUTEND; iOut++) {
2436         memset(output[iOut].cName, '\0', OPTLEN);
2437         sprintf(output[iOut].cName, "null");
2438         output[iOut].bGrid = 0;
2439         output[iOut].bNeg = 0; /* Is a negative option allowed */
2440         output[iOut].dNeg = 1; /* Conversion factor for negative options */
2441         output[iOut].iNum = 0; /* Number of parameters associated with option */
2442         output[iOut].bDoNeg = malloc(MAXFILES * sizeof(int));
2443         memset(output[iOut].cDescr, '\0', OUTDESCR);
2444         sprintf(output[iOut].cDescr, "null");
2445         memset(output[iOut].cLongDescr, '\0', OUTLONDESCR);
2446         sprintf(output[iOut].cLongDescr, "null");
2447         memset(output[iOut].cNeg, '\0', OUTDESCR);
2448         sprintf(output[iOut].cNeg, "null");
2449         for (iBody = 0; iBody < MAXFILES; iBody++) {
2450             output[iOut].bDoNeg[iBody] = 0;
2451         }
2452     }
2453
2454
2455     InitializeOutputGeneral(output, fnWrite);
2456
```

## Step 3: Update InitializeOutput

Each output has a block of text that defines its properties

For our new output, we want to follow this format

```
1205
1206  /*
1207  * End individual write functions
1208  */
1209
1210 void InitializeOutputGeneral(OUTPUT *output, fnWriteOutput fnWrite[]) {
1211  /*
1212  * Age
1213  */
1214
1215  sprintf(output[OUT_AGE].cName, "Age");
1216  sprintf(output[OUT_AGE].cDescr, "System Age");
1217  sprintf(output[OUT_AGE].cNeg, "Gyr");
1218  output[OUT_AGE].bNeg      = 1;
1219  output[OUT_AGE].dNeg     = 1. / (YEARSEC * 1e9);
1220  output[OUT_AGE].iNum     = 1;
1221  output[OUT_AGE].iModuleBit = 1;
1222  fnWrite[OUT_AGE]        = &WriteAge;
1223
```

## Step 3: Update InitializeOutput

```
1610
1611     sprintf(output[OUT_PERICENTER].cName, "Pericenter");
1612     sprintf(output[OUT_PERICENTER].cDescr, "Pericenter Distance");
1613     sprintf(output[OUT_PERICENTER].cNeg, "AU");
1614     output[OUT_PERICENTER].bNeg = 1;
1615     output[OUT_PERICENTER].dNeg = 1. / AUM;
1616     output[OUT_PERICENTER].iNum = 1;
1617     output[OUT_PERICENTER].iModuleBit = EQTIDE + DISTORB + SPINBODY;
1618     fnWrite[OUT_PERICENTER] = &WritePericenter;
1619
```

- 1) Replace the index with the new OUT macro
- 2) Replace name and description
- 3) Allow a “negative unit”, set to [au]
- 4) Only one number is output to the files
- 5) The output will work for EqTide, DistOrb and SpiNBody
- 6) The function WritePericenter calculates the value

I think the short description is sufficient, so I didn't include a long version

## Step 4: Write the Write Function

Write functions are part of the fnWrite function pointer array

The argument list must match the typedef, even if we don't need all the data

```
541
542 void WriteMass(BODY *body, CONTROL *control, OUTPUT *output, SYSTEM *system,
543              UNITS *units, UPDATE *update, int iBody, double *dTmp,
544              char cUnit[]) {
545
546     *dTmp = body[iBody].dMass;
547
548     if (output->bDoNeg[iBody]) {
549         *dTmp *= output->dNeg;
550         strcpy(cUnit, output->cNeg);
551     } else {
552         *dTmp /= fdUnitsMass(units->iMass);
553         fsUnitsMass(units->iMass, cUnit);
554     }
555 }
556
```

## Step 4: Write the Write Function

```
776
777 void WritePericenter(BODY *body, CONTROL *control, OUTPUT *output,
778                   SYSTEM *system, UNITS *units, UPDATE *update, int iBody,
779                   double *dTmp, char cUnit[]) {
780
781     *dTmp = body[iBody].dSemi*sqrt(1 - body[iBody].dHecc*body[iBody].dHecc +
782                                   body[iBody].dKecc*body[iBody].dKecc);
783
784     if (output->bDoNeg[iBody]) {
785         *dTmp *= output->dNeg;
786         strcpy(cUnit, output->cNeg);
787     } else {
788         *dTmp /= fdUnitsLength(units->iLength);
789         fsUnitsLength(units->iLength, cUnit);
790     }
791 }
792
```

This code will work for DistOrb and EqTide, but not for SpiNBody

Primary Variables for it are x, y, z, vx, vy, vz

At start of WriteOutput step, code will calculate orbital elements

- but not Hecc and Kecc!

Need to differentiate between DistOrb and SpiNBody!

# Step 4: Write the Write Function

```
776
777 void WritePericenter(BODY *body, CONTROL *control, OUTPUT *output,
778                   SYSTEM *system, UNITS *units, UPDATE *update, int iBody,
779                   double *dTmp, char cUnit[]) {
780
781     if (body[iBody].bDistOrb || body[iBody].bEqTide) {
782         *dTmp = body[iBody].dSemi*sqrt(1 - body[iBody].dHecc*body[iBody].dHecc +
783                                     body[iBody].dKecc*body[iBody].dKecc);
784     } else if (body[iBody].bSpiNBody) {
785         *dTmp = body[iBody].dSemi*sqrt(1 - body[iBody].dEcc*body[iBody].dEcc);
786     }
787
788     if (output->bDoNeg[iBody]) {
789         *dTmp *= output->dNeg;
790         strcpy(cUnit, output->cNeg);
791     } else {
792         *dTmp /= fdUnitsLength(units->iLength);
793         fsUnitsLength(units->iLength, cUnit);
794     }
795 }
796
```

Now it works for all three modules!

But... the central body is always at (0,0,0) and has no orbital info

## Step 4: Write the Write Function

```
776
777 void WritePericenter(BODY *body, CONTROL *control, OUTPUT *output,
778                   SYSTEM *system, UNITS *units, UPDATE *update, int iBody,
779                   double *dTmp, char cUnit[]) {
780
781     if (iBody > 0) {
782         if (body[iBody].bDistOrb || body[iBody].bEqtide) {
783             *dTmp = body[iBody].dSemi*sqrt(1 - body[iBody].dHecc*body[iBody].dHecc +
784                                     body[iBody].dKecc*body[iBody].dKecc);
785         } else if (body[iBody].bSpiNBody) {
786             *dTmp = body[iBody].dSemi*sqrt(1 - body[iBody].dEcc*body[iBody].dEcc);
787         }
788     } else {
789         *dTmp = -1;
790     }
791
792     if (output->bDoNeg[iBody]) {
793         *dTmp *= output->dNeg;
794         strcpy(cUnit, output->cNeg);
795     } else {
796         *dTmp /= fdUnitsLength(units->iLength);
797         fsUnitsLength(units->iLength, cUnit);
798     }
799 }
800
```

For undefined outputs, set them to -1

And that's it! The function pointers automatically add this new output!



# Adding New Tests

Unit tests are located in the tests/ directory

They are grouped together for convenience

tests/test\_AbioticO2.py

```
1 from benchmark import Benchmark, benchmark
2 import astropy.units as u
3
4
5 @benchmark(
6     {
7         "log.final.star.Luminosity": {"value": 7.362835e23, "unit": u.W},
8         "log.final.star.LXUVStellar": {"value": 7.362835e20, "unit": u.W},
9         "log.final.star.Radius": {"value": 1.186502e08, "unit": u.m},
10        "log.final.star.Temperature": {"value": 2926.556751, "unit": u.Kelvin},
11        "log.final.star.RadGyra": {"value": 0.466090},
12        "log.final.b.SurfWaterMass": {"value": 4.187987, "unit": u.T0, "rtol": 1e-4},
13        "log.final.b.OxygenMass": {"value": 251.127387, "unit": u.bar, "rtol": 1e-4},
14        "log.final.e.SurfWaterMass": {"value": 7.511356, "unit": u.T0},
15        "log.final.e.OxygenMass": {"value": 420.619083, "unit": u.bar},
16        "log.final.e.FXUV": {"value": 3.053257, "unit": u.W / u.m ** 2},
17        "log.final.e.AtmAbsEffH2O": {"value": 0.051776},
18        "log.final.e.Instellation": {"value": 3053.257033, "unit": u.kg / u.sec ** 3},
19    }
20 )
21 class TestAbioticO2(Benchmark):
22     pass
23
```

To add a new test, simply add a new line to the code

To perform the test: `pytest test_AbioticO2.py`

# Adding New Tests

Pericenter applies to about a dozen tests, but we need only add unit tests to span the functionality

We need at least 1 tests for EqTide, DistOrb and SpiNBody

EqTide has two models: CPL and CTL

DistOrb has two models: 2nd and 4th order (“LL2” and “RD4”)  
- (But no tests yet for LL2)

SpiNBody has only 1 model

=> 4 single-module tests

# Adding New Tests

DistOrb and EqTide can couple, so we need additional tests

- RD4 + CPL (no existing tests for RD4 + CTL yet, either)

Currently SpiNBody and EqTide have not been coupled

So we can easily add 4 single module tests + 1 multi-module tests

We can run the tests with our new code, and copy / pasted the results to the Python script

Let's add Pericenter to the following tests:

- TideLockCPL
- TideLockCTL
- SS\_SpiNBody
- SSDistOrbDistRot
- ApseLock (RD4 + CPL)

# Adding New Tests

```
Rorys-MBP-2:TideLockCPL rory$ vplanet -q vpl.in
Rorys-MBP-2:TideLockCPL rory$ more gl581.log | grep Pericenter
(Pericenter) Pericenter Distance [m]: -1.0000000000000000
(Pericenter) Pericenter Distance [m]: 3.4962795122330536e+10
(Pericenter) Pericenter Distance [m]: -1.0000000000000000
(Pericenter) Pericenter Distance [m]: 3.4962955966540001e+10
Rorys-MBP-2:TideLockCPL rory$
```

} Initial values

} Final values

The final pericenter distance for the planet (d) is 3.4926...e+10

We then add this to the unit test:

```
1 from benchmark import Benchmark, benchmark
2 import astropy.units as u
3 import pytest
4
5
6 @benchmark(
7     {
8         "log.final.d.RotPer": {"value": 44.658583, "unit": u.days},
9         "log.final.d.Obliquity": {"value": 0.328813, "unit": u.rad},
10        "log.final.d.Pericenter": {"value": 3.49629559665e+10, "unit": u.m},
11    }
12 )
13 class TestTideLockCPL(Benchmark):
14     pass
15
```

It's not necessary to use all 16 digits of precision

We then follow this procedure for the other 4 tests

# Issuing the Pull Request

Unit tests are the most critical part of the PR as they maintain code integrity

But there are additional steps:










- Adhering to the style guide (clang-format automates this)
- Running Valgrind and address-sanitizer and fix memory leaks
- Update documentation (if necessary)
  - Note that help and online documentation will automatically update with your new output
- Adding / updating examples (if necessary)

Once these steps are done, you are ready to issue your PR!

# Issuing the Pull Request

My awesome Pull Request!

Write Preview

H B I         

## Proposed changes

Describe your changes here to communicate to the maintainers the value of this pull request (PR). If it fixes a bug or resolves a feature request, be sure to link to that issue.

## Types of changes


What types of changes does your PR introduce to [VPlanet](#)?  
\_Put an `x` in the boxes that apply\_


- [Bugfix](#) (non-breaking change that fixes an issue)
- New feature (non-breaking change that adds functionality)
- New module (non-breaking change that adds a new module)
- Breaking change (fix or feature that would cause existing functionality to not work as expected)
- Documentation update

## Checklist

\_Put an `x` in the boxes that apply. You can also fill these out after creating the PR. If you're unsure about any of them, don't hesitate to ask. We're here to help! This is simply a reminder of the steps that are necessary before merging your PR.\_

- I have added tests that prove my fix is effective or that my feature works
- I have adhered to the [\[Style\]](https://virtualplanetarylaboratory.github.io/vplanet/StyleGuide.html) or run the clang format code shown [\[here\]](https://virtualplanetarylaboratory.github.io/vplanet/StyleGuide.html#c-code-formatting)

Attach files by dragging & dropping, selecting or pasting them. 

Create pull request 

# Homework

Try adding an output yourself!

You're here because you want to bend VPLanet to your will, so give it a try while it's fresh in your mind

If you have issues / questions, e-mail me ([rkb9@uw.edu](mailto:rkb9@uw.edu)), and I'll try to answer them

You can also ask on Friday.

Good luck!