AMath 483/583 — Lecture 29 — June 3, 2011

Today:

- Reproducible research
- Binary I/O
- Animation: plots to movies
- Sage
- Parallel IPython
- Course evaluations

Some new examples:

```
$CLASSHG/codes/io
$CLASSHG/codes/graphics
$CLASSHG/codes/python/mectest.py
```

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Binary output in Fortran

Can use unformatted write in Fortran:

This writes 1 record of length recl=8*m*n.

The resulting binary file u.bin cannot be edited directly.

But we can read it into Python...

ASCII vs. binary output

Often need to write out a large array of floats with full precision.

For example, one solution value on 3d grid ...

```
do i=1,n

do j=1,n

do k=1,n

write(21,210) u(i,j,k)

format(e24.16)

enddo; enddo; enddo
```

How much disk space does this take?

Note: In memory storing one 8-byte float takes only 8 bytes. (8 MB if n = 100.) ASCII takes $3 \times$ the space.

Also takes additional time to convert to ASCII.

 $\approx 10 \times$ slower to write ASCII than dumping binary.

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Reading binary data files in Python

To recover $\mbox{$\mathbb{U}$}$ array of dimension $m \times n$ in Python:

```
# $CLASSHG/codes/io/binread.py

from scipy.io import numpyio

file = open('u.bin', 'rb')

m = ...

n = ...

u = numpyio.fread(file, m*n, 'd')

# now use Fortran ordering to reshape,

# filling U by columns:

U = u.reshape((m,n), order='F')
```

Other options for binary data

Binary formats that contain a lot of metadata...

Hierarchical Data Format: HDF, HDF4, HDF5

HDF5 file structure includes two major types of object:

- Datasets: multidimensional arrays of a homogenous type
- Groups: container structures for datasets and other groups

NetCDF:

```
http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf/
```

"a set of software libraries and self-describing, machine-independent data formats that support the creation, access, and sharing of array-oriented scientific data."

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On the fly plotting

```
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
import time

pause_time = 0.4  # seconds between frames

for n in range(nsteps+1):
    plt.clf()  # clear frame
    # plot frame n with necessary plot commands
    plt.draw()  # make sure screen updated
    time.sleep(pause_time)
```

Disadvantages: Cannot view again without recomputing, Hard to share with others.

5 possible ways to animate...

- 1. Some graphics packages have animation tools.
- 2. Create a sequence of images, view them one by one, On the fly, pausing between frames.

Create sequence of image files, e.g. frame0001.png, frame0002.png, etc. and then either:

- 3. Combine into single animated file, movie.gif or movie.mpg, etc.
- 4. Create html page that loads them one by one to create animation.

Examples: \$CLASSHG/codes/graphics/movies

5. Use Sage.

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Creating a sequence of image files

```
for n in range(nsteps+1):
   plt.clf()  # clear frame
   # plot frame n with necessary plot commands
   plt.draw()  # make sure screen updated
   fname = "frame%s.png" % str(n).rjust(4,'0')
   plt.savefig(fname)
```

This creates frame0000.png, frame0001.png, etc.

Can combine into a single animated gif via Unix convert:

```
$ convert -delay 20 frame*.png movie.gif
```

Other formats also possible. See man page or http://www.imagemagick.org/script/convert.php

ImageMagick convert

For documentation see:

```
http://www.imagemagick.org/script/convert.php
```

Useful for converting single image between file types, e.g.

```
$ convert myplot.png myplot.pdf
```

For resizing image:

```
$ convert myplot.png -resize 50% smallplot.png
```

and many image processing tools (blurring, etc.)

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Animating a sequence of image files in html

```
$CLASSHG/codes/graphics/movies/html_movie.py

import html_movie
plotfiles = []
for n in range(nsteps+1):
    # plot frame n with necessary plot commands
    fname = "frame%s.png" % str(n).rjust(4,'0')
    plt.savefig(fname)
    plotfiles.append(fname)
html movie.make movie(plotfiles, "movie.html")
```

This creates an html file that uses JavaScript to loop through frame0000.png, frame0001.png, etc. in the browser.

Includes buttons to pause movie, change speed, etc.

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Sage

Sage is an open source math software project.

```
http://www.sagemath.org
```

Founded by Prof. William Stein of the UW Math Department.

Python-based, includes > 100 packages in all fields of mathematics, symbolic manipulation, etc.

Sage notebook web-based interface, useful for experimenting and writing up notes.

```
Try it out on-line: http://www.sagenb.org
```

Many sample worksheets give an idea of what's possible.

Parallelization in IPython

There are good instructions on how to do this at:

```
http:
//ipython.scipy.org/doc/rel-0.9.1/html/parallel/
```

Example: \$CLASSHG/codes/python/mectest.py

The End

Thanks for participating in this class.

Many thanks to our awesome TA, Grady Lemoine!

Have a good summer.

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