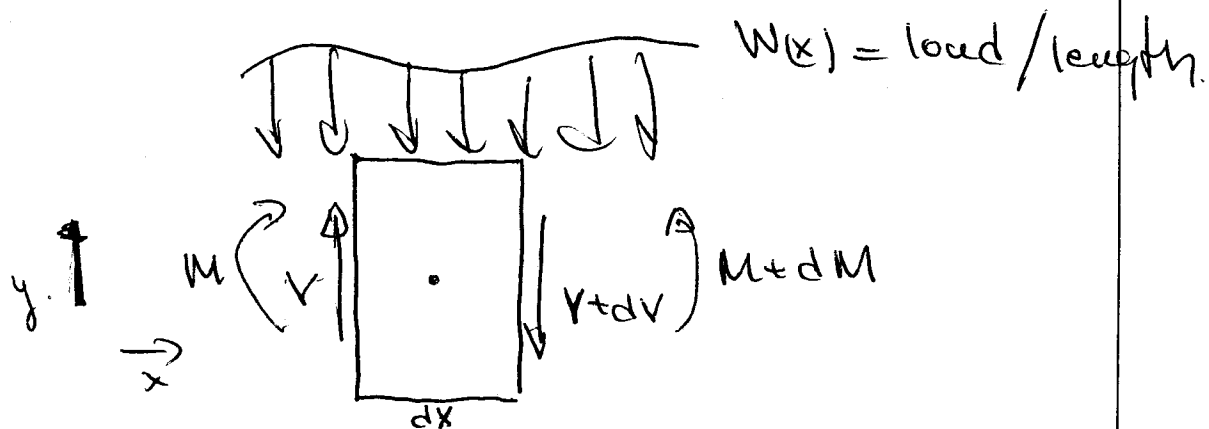


Lateral Vibration of a Beam



statics:

$$\sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow +W \cdot dx + dV = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow W(x) = -\frac{dV}{dx}$$

$$V \cdot \frac{dx}{2} + (V+dV) \cdot \frac{dx}{2} = 0 \quad M$$

$$\sum M_{cm} = 0 \Rightarrow V \cdot dx = dM$$

$$\Rightarrow V(x) = \frac{dM}{dx}$$

so we get $W(x) = -\frac{d^2 M}{dx^2}$ (1)

From strength of materials:

Plane x-section remains plane:

$$M = -EI \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} \quad (2)$$

(1) and (2) \Rightarrow

$$W(x) = -\frac{d^2 M}{dx^2} = -\frac{d^2}{dx^2} \left[EI \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} \right]$$

Free Vibration:

No external load.

$$W(x,t) = \rho A \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial t^2}$$

Hence

$$\left[\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} \left[EI \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2} \right] + \rho A \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial t^2} = 0 \right]$$

let EI be constant

$$EI \frac{\partial^4 y}{\partial x^4} + \rho A \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial t^2} = 0$$

To generate a solu, use sep. of variable.

Let $y(x,t) = \bar{X}(x) T(t)$. \Rightarrow

$$\frac{d^4 \bar{X}}{dx^4} T(t) + \frac{\rho A}{EI} \frac{d^2 T}{dt^2} \bar{X}(x) = 0$$

$$\underbrace{-\frac{T(t)}{\frac{d^2 T}{dt^2}}}_{f(t)} = \underbrace{\frac{\rho A \bar{X}(x)}{EI \frac{d^4 \bar{X}(x)}{dx^4}}}_{g(x)}$$

so $f(t) = g(x) \Rightarrow f(t) = g(x) = \text{constant}$

call this constant $\frac{1}{\omega^2}$

$$\Rightarrow \textcircled{1} \begin{cases} \frac{d^2 T}{dt^2} + \omega^2 T = 0 & \Rightarrow T(t) = E \sin \omega t + F \cos \omega t \\ \text{and} \\ \frac{d^4 \bar{X}}{dx^4} - \beta^4 \bar{X} = 0 & \text{where } \beta^4 = \frac{\rho A \omega^2}{EI} \end{cases}$$

Let $\bar{X}(x) = e^{\lambda x}$ substitute into $\textcircled{2} \Rightarrow$

$$\lambda = \pm \beta, \pm i\beta$$

so $\bar{X}(x) = C_1 e^{\beta x} + C_2 e^{-\beta x} + C_3 e^{i\beta x} + C_4 e^{-i\beta x}$

or

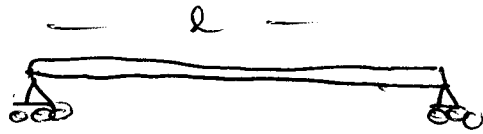
$$\bar{X}(x) = A \sinh \beta x + B \cosh \beta x + C \sin \beta x + D \cos \beta x$$

Unknowns: β (or ω), A, B, C, D, E, F (six unknowns)

But we have six equations.

$$\begin{aligned} & 2 \text{ I.C.} \\ & + 2+2 \text{ B.C.'s.} \\ & \hline & (6) \end{aligned}$$

Bx



Pinned-pinned beam

$$y(0, t) = 0$$

$$y(l, t) = 0$$

$$M(0, t) = \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2} \Big|_{x=0} = 0$$

$$M(l, t) = \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2} \Big|_{x=l} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2} = T(t) \left[-A\beta^2 \sin \beta x - B\beta^2 \cos \beta x + C\beta^2 \sinh \beta x + D\beta^2 \cosh \beta x \right]$$

at $x=0$ $y(0, t) = 0 \Rightarrow B + D = 0$
 $\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2} \Big|_{x=0} = 0 \Rightarrow -B + D = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{B = D = 0}$

at $x=l$ $y(l, t) = 0 = A \sin \beta l + C \sinh \beta l$
 $\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2} \Big|_{x=l} = 0 = -A \sin \beta l + C \sinh \beta l \Rightarrow$

$$A \sin \beta l = 0$$

$$C \sinh \beta l = 0$$

But $\sinh \beta l > 0 \quad \forall \beta \cdot l > 0$

$$\Rightarrow C = 0$$

And $A \sinh \beta l = 0 \Rightarrow$

$A = 0 \Rightarrow$ trivial condition

OR

$$\sinh \beta l = 0 \Rightarrow \beta_n \cdot l = n\pi \Rightarrow A_n = \frac{n\pi}{l}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\omega_n = \frac{n^2 \pi^2}{l^2} \sqrt{\frac{EI}{\rho A}}} \quad \left(\text{since } \beta^4 = \frac{\rho A \omega^2}{EI} \right)$$

- natural frequencies -

and since $\Delta(x) = A \sin \beta x + B \cos \beta x + C \sinh \beta x + D \cosh \beta x$

we get

$$\Delta_n(x) = A_n \sin \beta_n x \quad \leftarrow \begin{matrix} n^{\text{th}} \\ \text{mode shape} \end{matrix}$$

and the displacement of the beam:

$$y = \sum_{s=1}^{\infty} \Delta_s \bar{T}_s = \sum_{s=1}^{\infty} \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x (E \sin \omega_s t + F \cos \omega_s t)$$

$$\Delta_n(x) = A_n \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x$$

E and F are determined the same way as for the bar
ie $y(0) = u(x)$, $y(l) = v(x)$. mult
each side by $\sin \beta_l x$.