

## HW 5 Solutions

①

$$a) \quad \alpha = \frac{0.075}{0.2} = 0.3750 \text{ rad/s}^2$$

$$\text{initial angular velocity} = \omega_0 = \frac{0.120}{0.2} = 0.6 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\omega = \alpha \cdot t + \omega_0 \Rightarrow \Theta = \frac{\alpha \cdot t^2}{2} + \omega_0 t + \Theta_0$$

$$\Theta(6) = \frac{0.375}{2} \cdot 6^2 + 0.6 \cdot 6 + 0 = 10.35 \text{ rad}$$

$$\text{no. of rev} = \frac{10.35}{2\pi} = \boxed{1.65 \text{ rev}}$$

$$b) \quad \omega(6) = 0.375 \cdot 6 + 0.6 = 2.85 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$v_B = r \cdot \omega \quad \text{so at 6 sec: } v_B = 0.090 \cdot 2.85$$

$$\boxed{v_B = 0.256 \text{ m/s}}$$

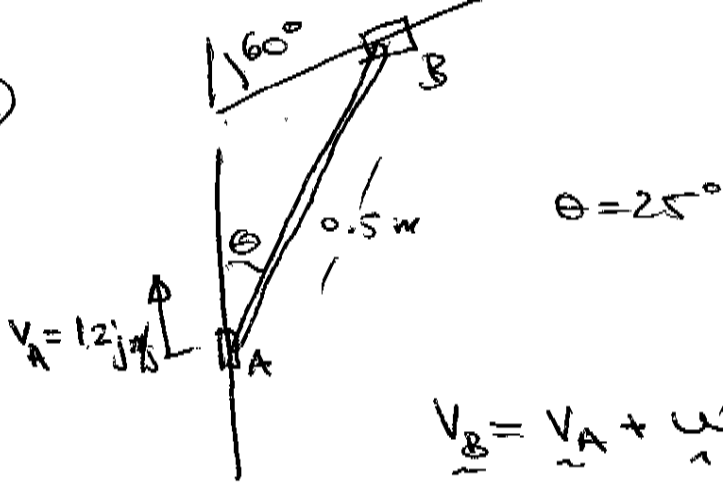
$$\text{also } s_B(6) = r \cdot \Theta(6) = 0.090 \cdot 10.35 = \boxed{0.932 \text{ m}}$$

$$c) \quad a_t = -r\alpha \underline{i} = -0.2 \cdot 0.375 \underline{i} = -0.075 \underline{i} \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$a_n = -r\omega^2 \underline{j} = -0.2 \cdot (0.6)^2 \underline{j} = -0.072 \underline{j} \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\underline{a} = (-0.075 \underline{i} - 0.072 \underline{j}) \text{ m/s}^2$$

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$$\underline{V}_B = \underline{V}_A + \underline{\omega}_{AB} \times \underline{r}_{B/A}$$

$$\underline{V}_B(\sin 60^\circ \underline{i} + \cos 60^\circ \underline{j}) = 1.2 \underline{j} + \omega_{AB} \underline{k} \times 0.5(\sin 25^\circ \underline{i} + \cos 25^\circ \underline{j})$$

$$\underline{V}_B(0.866 \underline{i} + 0.5 \underline{j}) = 1.2 \underline{j} + (-0.4532 \omega_{AB} \underline{i} + 0.2113 \underline{j} \omega_{AB})$$

i:  $V_B \cdot 0.866 = -0.4532 \omega_{AB}$

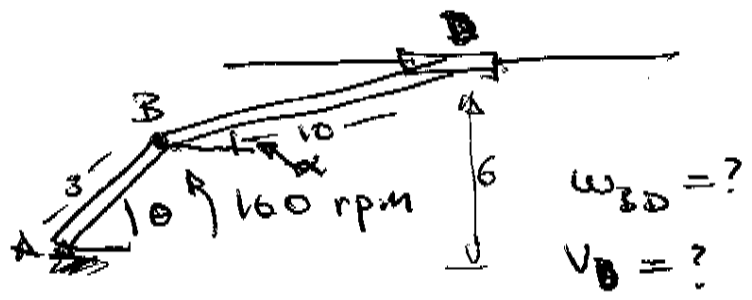
j:  $V_B \cdot 0.5 = 1.2 + 0.2113 \omega_{AB}$

$\Rightarrow V_B = 1.328 \text{ m/s}$   
 $\omega_{AB} = -2.54$

$$\underline{V}_B = (1.15 \underline{i} + 0.66 \underline{j}) \text{ m/s}$$

$$\omega_{AB} = -2.54 \underline{k} \text{ rad/s}$$

3



$$\underline{r}_{B/D} = 10 \cos \alpha \underline{i} + 10 \sin \alpha \underline{j}$$

where  $\alpha = \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{6 - 3 \sin \theta}{10} \right)$

$\omega_{BD} = ?$

$V_D = ?$

$$\underline{V}_B = \underline{\omega}_{AB} \times \underline{r}_{D/B} = 16.755 \underline{k} \times 3(\cos \theta \underline{i} + \sin \theta \underline{j})$$

$$\underline{V}_D = \underline{V}_B + \omega_{BD} \times \underline{r}_{D/B} = (-50.265 \sin \theta \underline{i} + 50.265 \cos \theta \underline{j}) + \omega_{BD} \underline{k} \times 10(\cos \alpha \underline{i} + \sin \alpha \underline{j})$$

but  $\underline{V}_D = V_D \underline{i}$

3

$$\underline{v}_D = 50.265(-\sin\theta \underline{i} + \cos\theta \underline{j}) + \omega_{BD}(10 \sin\alpha \underline{i} + 10 \cos\alpha \underline{j})$$

a)  $\theta = 0$ :

$$\underline{v}_D = 37.7 \underline{i} \text{ m/sec}$$

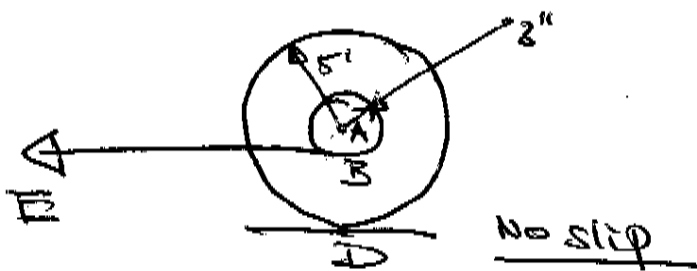
$$\underline{\omega}_{BD} = -6.28 \underline{k} \text{ rad/sec}$$

b)  $\theta = 90^\circ$

$$\underline{v}_D = -50.27 \underline{i} \text{ m/sec}$$

$$\underline{\omega}_{BD} = 0 \text{ rad/sec}$$

4



a)  $\underline{v}_B = \underline{v}_D = -6 \underline{i}$

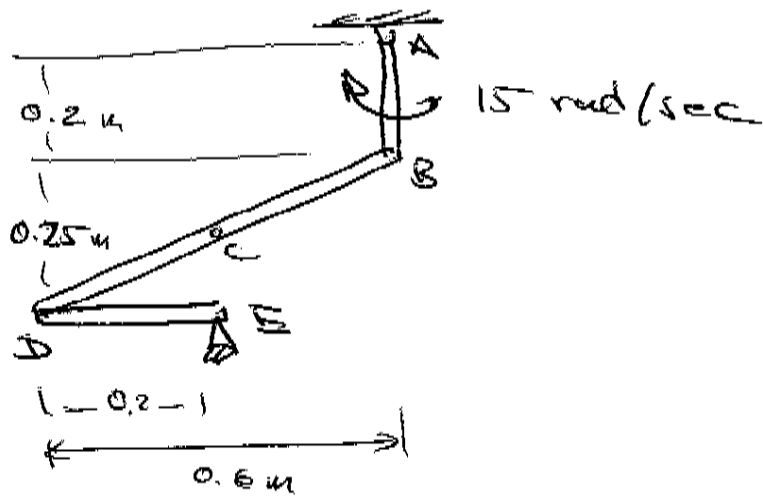
$$\underline{v}_B = \underline{\omega} \times \underline{r}_{BD} \Rightarrow -6 \underline{i} = \omega \underline{k} \times 2 \underline{j} \Rightarrow$$

$$-6 \underline{i} = -2\omega \underline{i} \Rightarrow \omega = 3 \Rightarrow \boxed{\underline{\omega} = 3 \underline{k}}$$

b)  $\underline{v}_A = \omega \times \underline{r}_{AD} = -15 \underline{i}$

c) cord wound =  $\omega \cdot 3 = 9 \text{ m/sec}$

3



a)  $\omega_{BD} = ?$

$$\underline{V}_B = \underline{\omega}_{AB} \times \underline{r}_{B/A} = -15 \underline{k} \times (-0.2) \underline{j} = -3 \underline{i} \text{ m/s}$$

$$\underline{V}_D = \underline{V}_B + \underline{\omega}_{BD} \times \underline{r}_{D/B} \Rightarrow$$

$$\underline{V}_D \cdot \underline{j} = -3 \underline{i} + \omega_{BD} \cdot \underline{k} \times (-0.6 \underline{i} - 0.25 \underline{j})$$

i:  $0 = -3 + \omega_{BD} \cdot 0.25$

j:  $\underline{V}_D = -\omega_{BD} \cdot 0.6$

$$\Rightarrow \omega_{BD} = 12 \Rightarrow \boxed{\underline{\omega}_{BD} = 12 \underline{k}}$$

$$\underline{V}_D = -7.2$$

b)  $\underline{V}_C = ?$

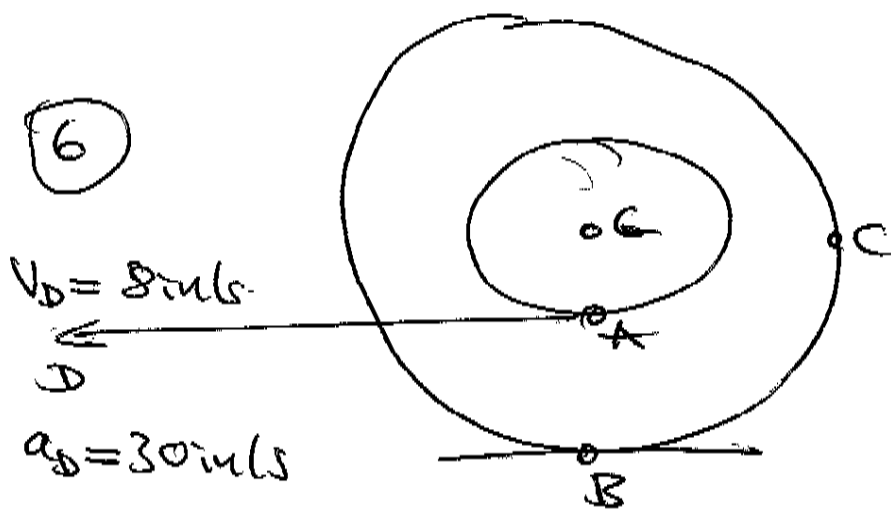
$$\underline{V}_C = \underline{V}_B + \underline{\omega}_{BD} \times \underline{r}_{C/B} \Rightarrow$$

$$\underline{V}_C = -3 \underline{i} + 12 \underline{k} \times (-0.3 \underline{i} - 0.125 \underline{j})$$

$$\underline{V}_C = -3 \underline{i} + 3.6 \underline{j} + 1.5 \underline{i}$$

$$\boxed{\underline{V}_C = (-1.5 \underline{i} + 3.6 \underline{j}) \text{ m/s}}$$

6



$$a_A = ?, a_B = ?, a_C = ?$$

$$\underline{V}_A = \underline{V}_D = \omega \times \underline{r}_{A/O} \Rightarrow -8 \underline{i} = \omega \underline{k} \times 2 \underline{j} \Rightarrow \omega = 4 \text{ rad/s}$$

No slip:  $\underline{v}_B = 0$  and  $\underline{a}_B = a_B \underline{j}$

$a_B$ :

$$\underline{a}_G = \underline{a}_B + \alpha \times \underline{r}_{G/O} - \omega^2 \underline{r}_{G/O}$$

$$a_G \underline{i} = a_B \underline{j} + \alpha \underline{k} \times 5 \underline{j} - \omega^2 \times 5 \underline{j} \rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} a_G = -5\alpha \underline{i} \\ a_B = \omega^2 \cdot 5 = 16 \cdot 5 = 80 \end{cases}$$

$$\boxed{\underline{a}_B = 80 \underline{j} \text{ m/s}^2}$$

$a_A$ :

$$\underline{a}_A = \underline{a}_B + \alpha \times \underline{r}_{A/O} - \omega^2 \underline{r}_{A/O}$$

$$-30 \underline{i} + a_{Ay} \underline{j} = 80 \underline{j} + \alpha \underline{k} \times 2 \underline{j} - 4^2 \cdot 2 \underline{j}$$

$$\underline{i}: -30 = -2\alpha$$

$$\underline{j}: a_{Ay} = 5 \cdot 4^2 - 2 \cdot 4^2 \Rightarrow \alpha = 15 \text{ rad/s}^2$$

$$a_{Ay} = 48 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{a}_A = (-30 \underline{i} + 48 \underline{j}) \text{ m/s}^2$$

(6)

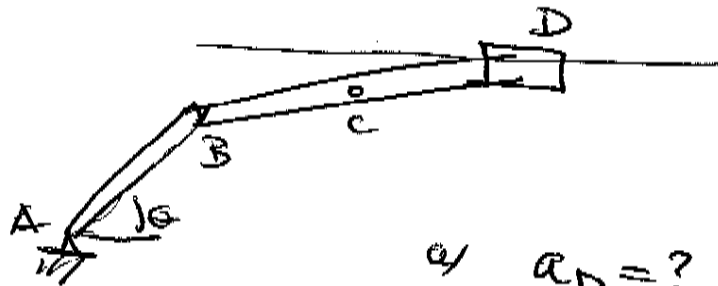
 $a_c$ :

$$\underline{a}_c = \underline{a}_B + \underline{\alpha} \times \underline{r}_{c|B} - \omega^2 \underline{r}_{c|B}$$

$$\underline{a}_c = 80\mathbf{j} + 15\mathbf{k} \times (5\mathbf{i} + 5\mathbf{j}) - 4^2(5\mathbf{i} + 5\mathbf{j})$$

$$\underline{a}_c = (-155\mathbf{i} + 75\mathbf{j}) \text{ m/s}^2$$

(7)



a)  $a_D = ?$

b)  $a_C = ?$  when  $\theta = 0$

$$\underline{a}_D = \underline{a}_B + \underline{\alpha}_{BD} \times \underline{r}_{D|B} - \omega_{BD}^2 \underline{r}_{D|B}$$

where  $\underline{a}_B = \underline{\alpha}_{AB} \times \underline{r}_{B|A} - \omega_{AB}^2 \underline{r}_{B|A}$

$$\underline{a}_B = -(16)^2 \cdot 3 \mathbf{j} \text{ in/s}^2$$

and  $\omega_{BD}$  is obtained from (for  $\theta = 0$ )

$$\underline{v}_D = \underline{v}_B + \underline{\omega}_{BD} \times \underline{r}_{D|B}$$

$$\Rightarrow v_D \mathbf{i} = 16 \cdot 3 \mathbf{j} + \omega_{BD} \mathbf{k} \times (10\mathbf{i} + 6\mathbf{j})$$

$$\Rightarrow \omega_{BD} = -\frac{48}{8} \mathbf{k} = -6 \mathbf{k}$$

so  $\underline{a}_D = -768\mathbf{i} + \alpha_{BD} \mathbf{k} \times (8\mathbf{i} + 6\mathbf{j}) - 6^2 \cdot (8\mathbf{i} + 6\mathbf{j})$

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$$i: a_D = -768 - \alpha_{BD} \cdot 6 - 288$$

$$j: 0 = 8 \cdot \alpha_{BD} - 216$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha_{BD} = 27$$

$$\alpha_{BD} = 27 \text{ k rad/s}^2$$

$$a_D = -1218$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{a_D = -1218 \text{ i m/s}^2}$$

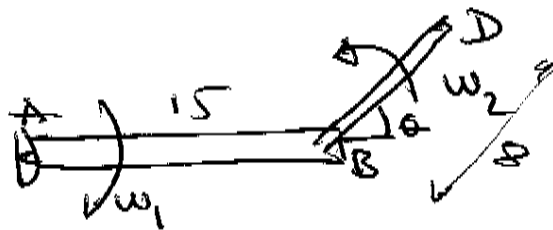
b)  $a_c = ?$

$$\underline{a_c} = \underline{a_B} + \underline{\alpha_{B,D}} \times \underline{r_{c|B}} - \omega_{B,D}^2 \underline{r_{c|B}}$$

$$a_c = -768 \underline{i} + 27 \text{ k} \times (4\underline{i} + 3\underline{j}) - 6^2 (4\underline{i} + 3\underline{j})$$

$$\boxed{a_c = -993 \underline{i}}$$

8



$$\omega_1 = 5 \text{ rad/sec}$$

$$\omega_2 = 3 \text{ rad/sec (rel. to A)}$$

$$a_D = ?$$

$$\theta = 60^\circ$$

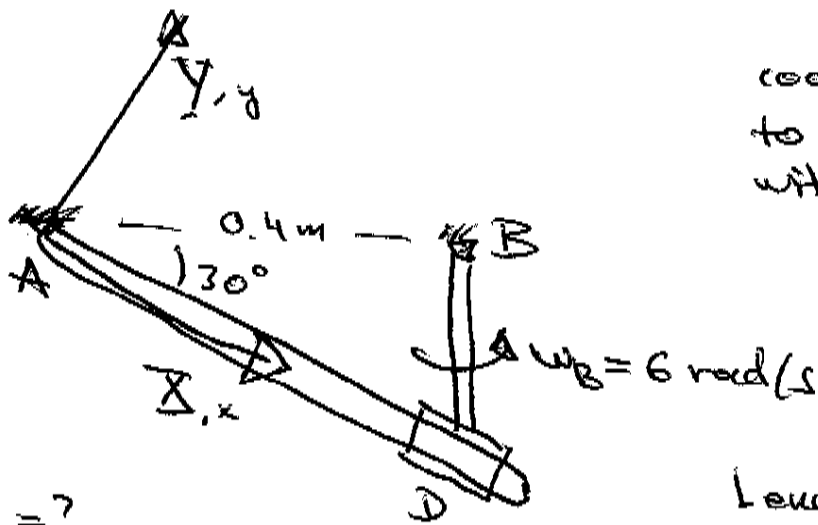
$$\underline{v_B} = \underline{\omega_{AB}} \times \underline{r_{B|A}} = -15 \cdot 8 \underline{j} = -120 \underline{j} \text{ m/sec}$$

$$\underline{a_B} = -\omega_{AB}^2 \underline{r_{B|A}} = -25 \cdot 15 \underline{i} = -375 \underline{i} \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\underline{a_D} = \underline{a_B} + \alpha_{BD} \times \underline{r_{D|B}} - \omega_{BD}^2 \underline{r_{D|B}}$$

$$\underline{a_D} = -375 \underline{i} + (5-3)^2 \cdot 8 (\cos 60^\circ \underline{i} + \sin 60^\circ \underline{j}) = \boxed{(-391 \underline{i} - 27.8 \underline{j}) \text{ m/s}^2}$$

9



coord x, y is attached to rod AD and rotates with it.

$$\omega_{AD} = ?$$

$$\alpha_B = ?$$

$$\text{Length of rod BD} =$$

$$= \tan 30 \cdot 0.4 =$$

$$= 0.23094 \text{ m.}$$

$$\vec{v}_D = \omega_{BD} \times r_{D|B} = 6 \underline{k} \times 0.23094 (\sin 30 \underline{i} - \cos 30 \underline{j})$$

$$\vec{v}_D = 1.2 \underline{i} + 0.6928 \underline{j}$$

$$\vec{a}_D = \vec{a}_B + \vec{a}_{BD} \times r_{D|B} - \omega_{BD}^2 r_{D|B}$$

$$= -36 \cdot 0.23094 (\sin 30 \underline{i} - \cos 30 \underline{j})$$

$$\vec{a}_D = -7.2 \underline{i} + 4.1569 \underline{j}$$

$$\vec{v}_D = \vec{v}_A + (v_{D|A})_{xy} + \omega_{AD} \times r_{D|A}$$

$$1.2 \underline{i} + 0.6928 \underline{j} = (v_{D|A})_{xy} \underline{i} + \omega_{AD} \cdot \underline{k} \times \frac{0.4}{\cos 30} \underline{i}$$

$$\Rightarrow (v_{D|A})_{xy} = 1.2 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\boxed{\omega_{AD} = 1.5 \text{ rad/sec}}$$



$a_{cont}$

$$\vec{a}_D = \vec{a}_A + \alpha \times \vec{r}_{D/A} + \omega \times (\omega \times \vec{r}_{D/A}) + 2\omega \times (\vec{v}_{D/A})_{xy} + (a_{D/A})_{xy}$$

$\Rightarrow$

$$-7.2\vec{i} + 4.1569\vec{j} = \frac{\alpha}{AD} k \times \frac{0.4}{\cos 30^\circ} \vec{i} + 1.5 k \times (1.5 k \times \frac{0.4}{\cos 30^\circ} \vec{i}) + 2 \cdot 1.5 k \times (1.2 \vec{i}) + (a_{D/A})_{xy} \vec{i}$$

$\Rightarrow$

$$\boxed{\alpha_{AD} = 7.79 \text{ rad/s}^2}$$