ME 411/ ME 511

Biological Frameworks for Engineers





Class Organization

Exam 1 due Fri



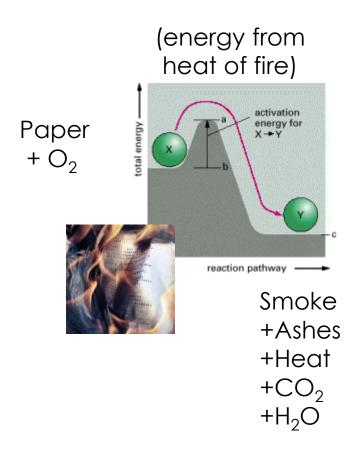
ME 411 / ME 511

Cell Energetics

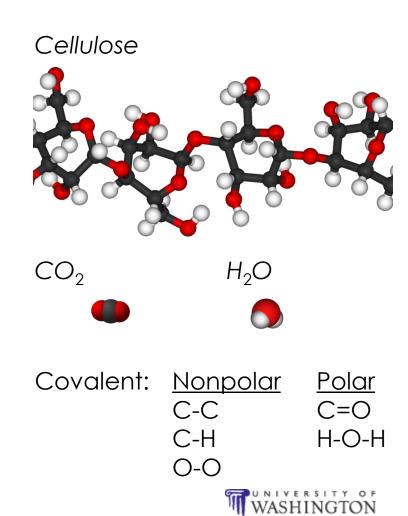




Energy Conversion

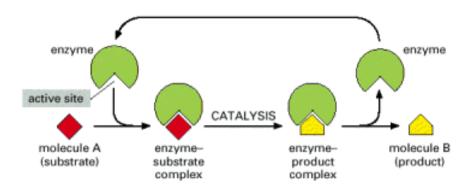


Energetically favorable





Energy Conversion



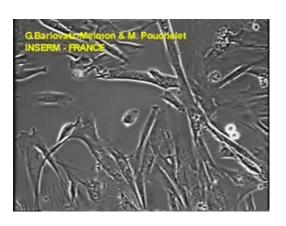
Enzymes bind one or two molecules (substrates) in such a way that activation energy is greatly reduced (catalyst)

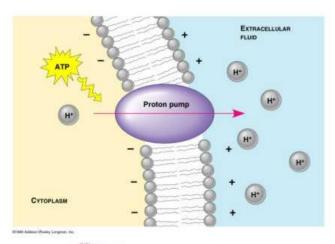
But we will need active carriers of energy to temporarily store it

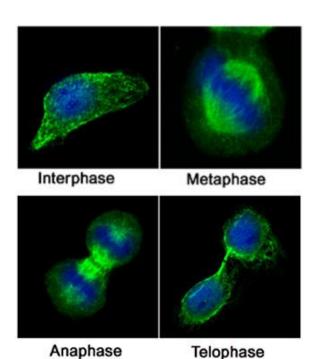


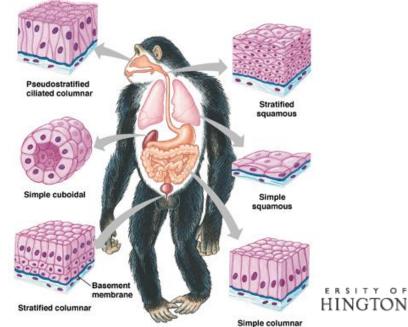


Why do we need Energy?

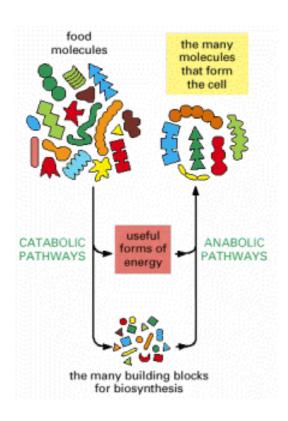








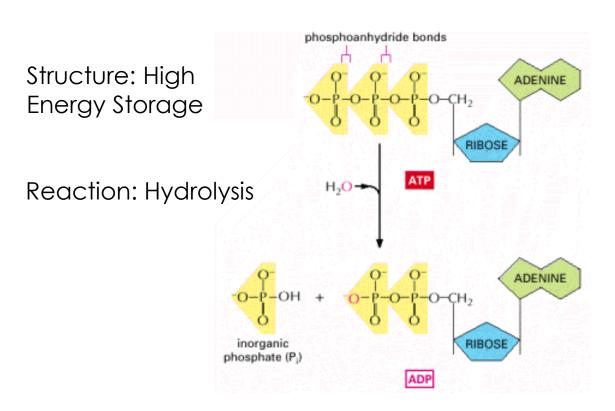
Metabolism







ATP

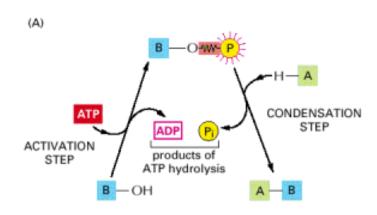


 $\Delta G = -11$ to -13 kcal/mole of usable energy





Harnessing ATP



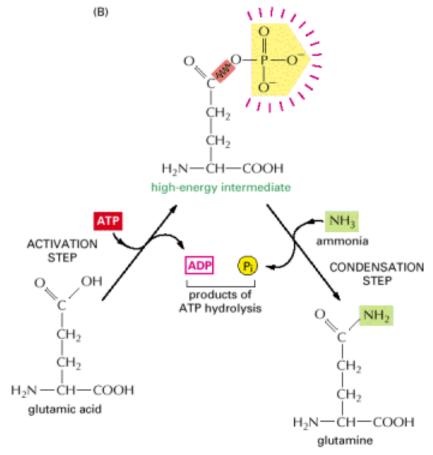
Energetically UNfavorable

$$A-H + B-OH \rightarrow A-B + H_2O$$

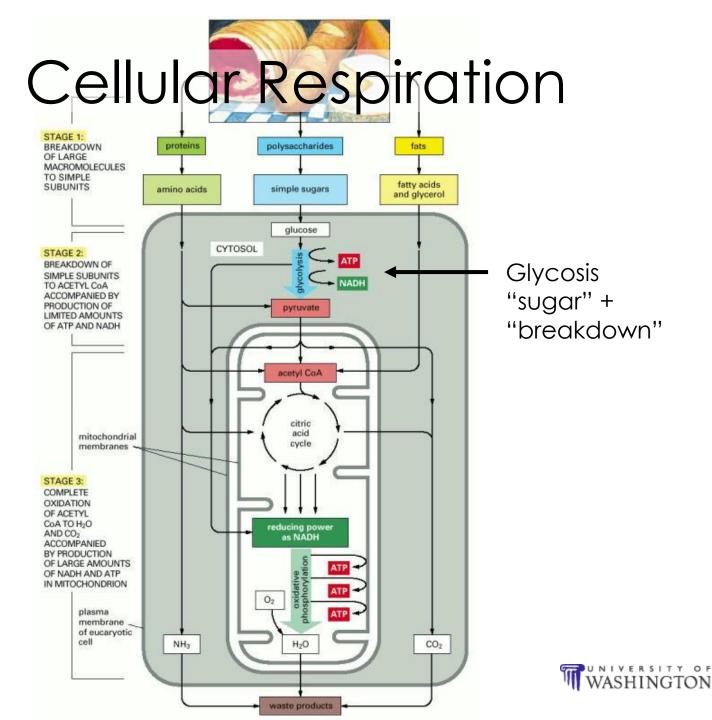
Energetically favorable

- 1. B-OH + ATP → B-O-PO₃ + ADP
- 2. $A-H + B-O-PO_3 \rightarrow A-B + P_i$

Net result: $B-OH + ATP + A-H \rightarrow A-B + ADP + P_i$

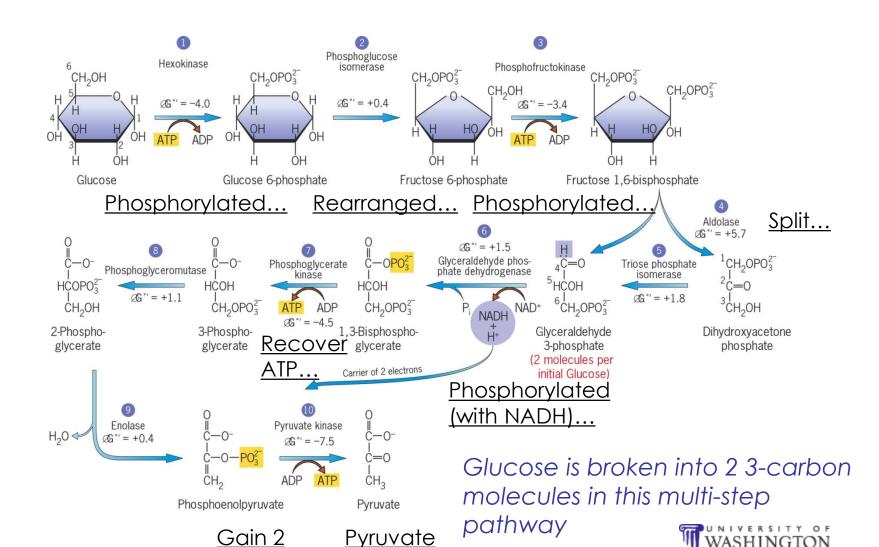






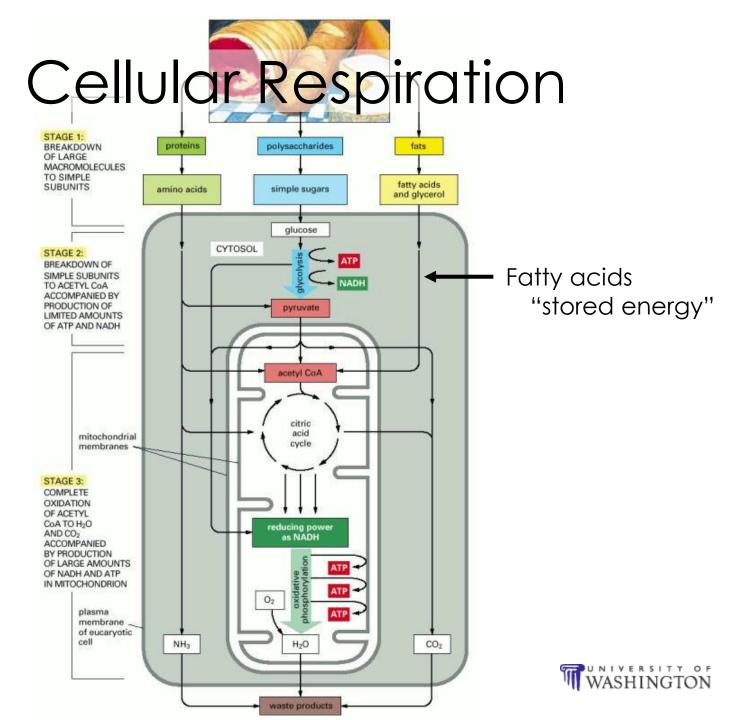
gical Frameworks for Engineers

Glycolysis



For Kreb's

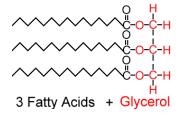
<u>ATP...</u>





Fatty Acid Oxidation

1) Storage



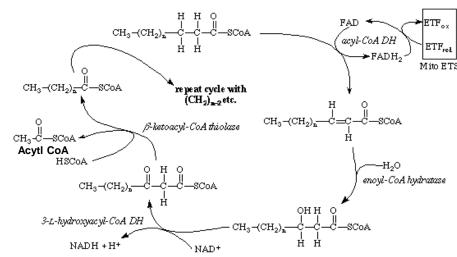
2) Hydrolysis

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & O \\ & & \\ & & \\ & CH_3-(CH_2)_n-C-O-CH_2 \\ & O \\ & & \\ & CH_3-(CH_2)_n-C-O-CH+3 \ H_2O \longrightarrow \\ & O \\ & & \\ & CH_3-(CH_2)_n-C-O-CH_2 \\ & &$$

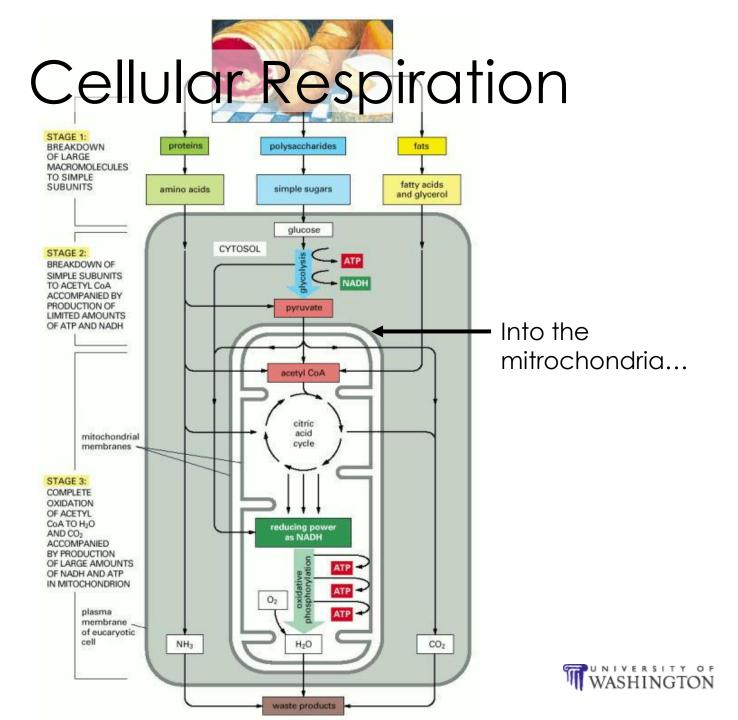
3) Conversion

$$\begin{array}{c} O \\ \parallel \\ R-C-O^- + HSCoA + ATP \longrightarrow \\ \textbf{Fatty acid} \\ \\ O \\ R-C-SCoA + AMP + PP_i \\ \textbf{Fatty acyl CoA} \end{array}$$

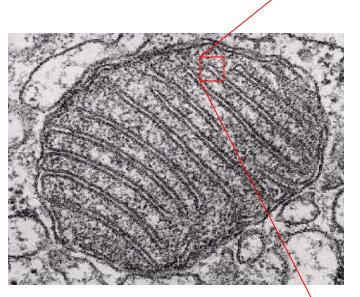
4) Oxidation

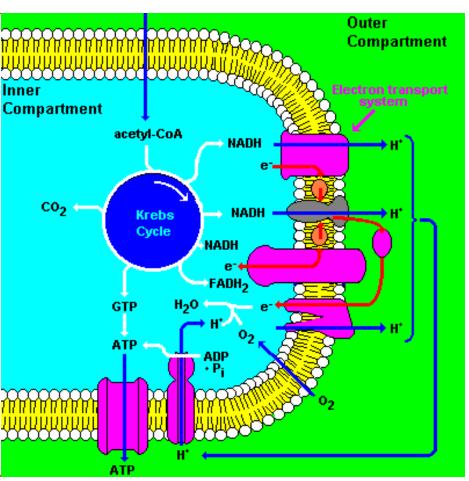


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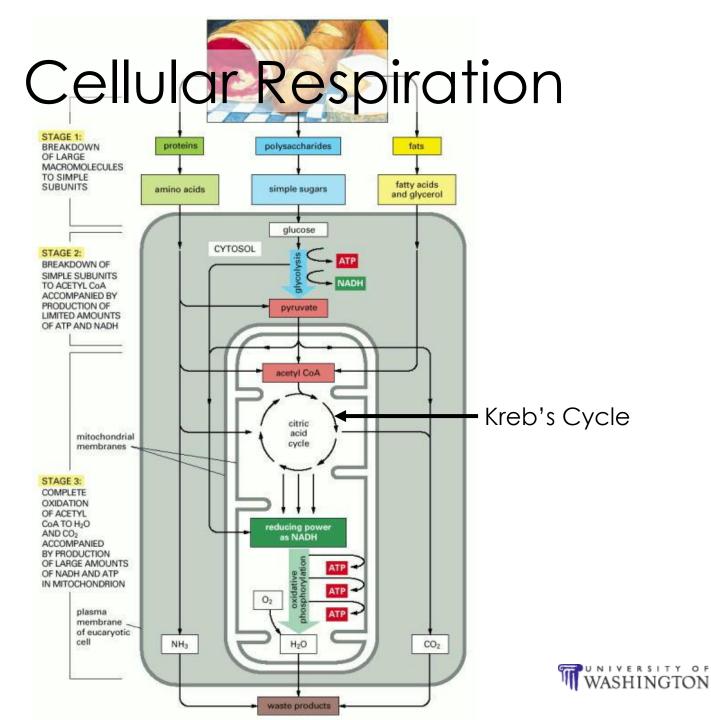


Into the Mitochondria

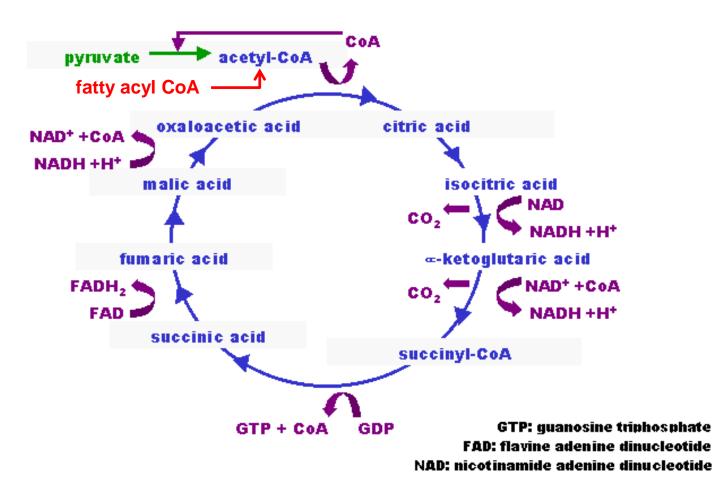




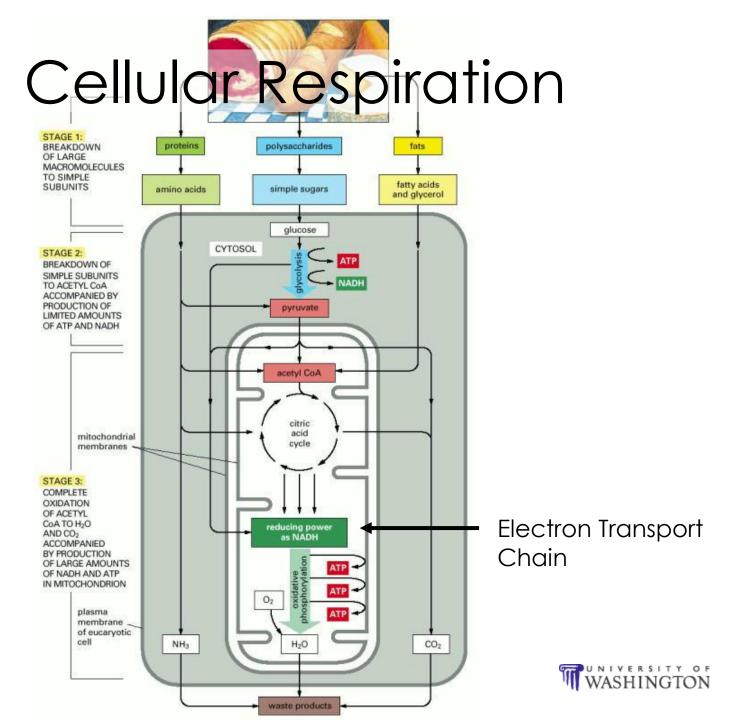




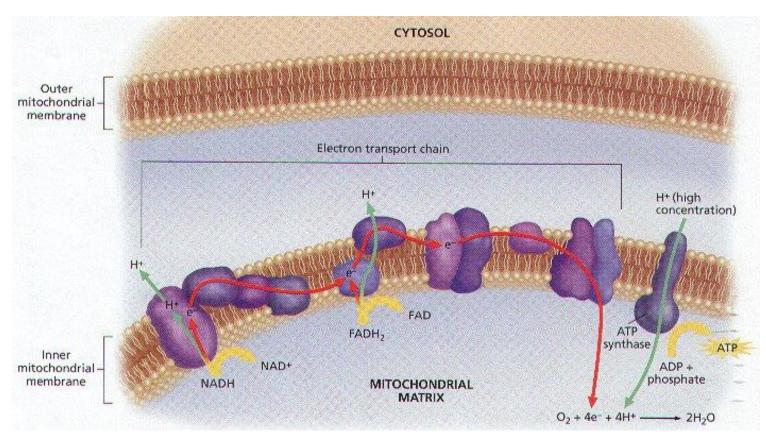
Krebs Cycle



- 1. Acetyl Coenzyme A (acetyl CoA) + oxaloacetic acid = Citric Acid
- 2. Rearranged, dehydrated, carbon theft, e-stealing
- 3. Yields 3 NADH, 3 H+, FADH₂ = energy to produce \overline{ATP}



Electron Transport Chain



- 1. Proteins in mitochondrial membrane pump out H⁺ ions
- 2. Pumps powered by electron transport (e-) along membrane
- 3. H⁺ ions fuels **F0F1-ATP Synthase** which produces ATP
- 4. Result: $H^+ + 2e^-$ from NADH $\rightarrow 3$ ATP and $2H^+ + 2e^-$ from FADH₂ $\rightarrow 2$ ATP

Questions?

