

ME 411 / ME 511

# Biological Frameworks for Engineers

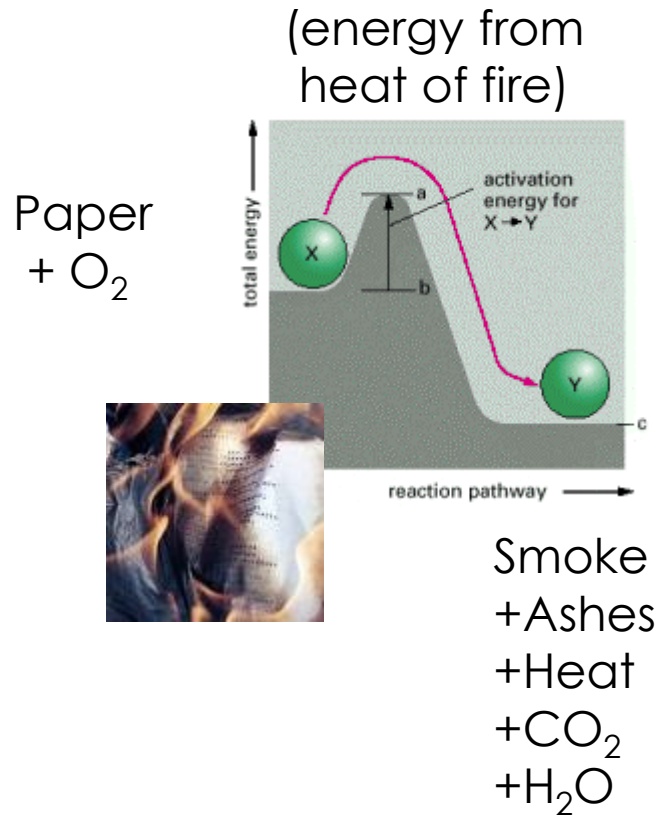
# Class Organization

- Lab 2 due today
- No class on Wed
  - Hw 4 will be online on Wed
- Exam 1 due Fri

ME 411 / ME 511

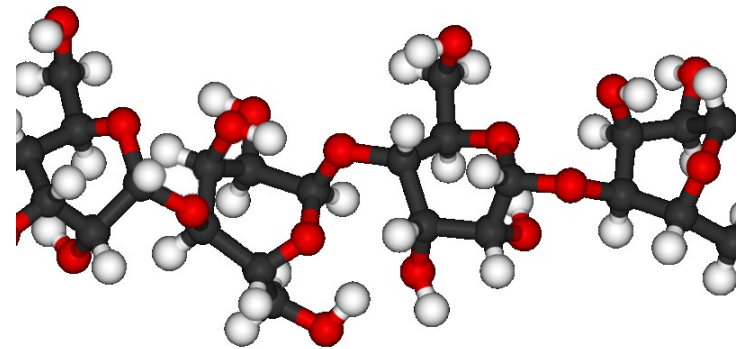
# Cell Energetics

# Energy Conversion



*Energetically favorable*

Cellulose



CO<sub>2</sub>

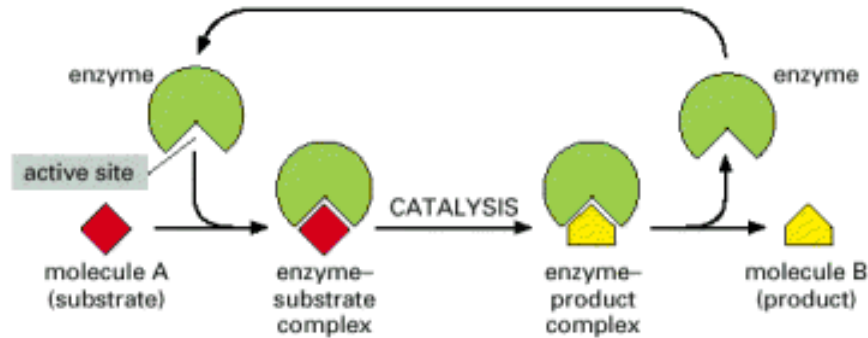


H<sub>2</sub>O



Covalent:	<u>Nonpolar</u>	<u>Polar</u>
	C-C	C=O
	C-H	H=O
	O-O	

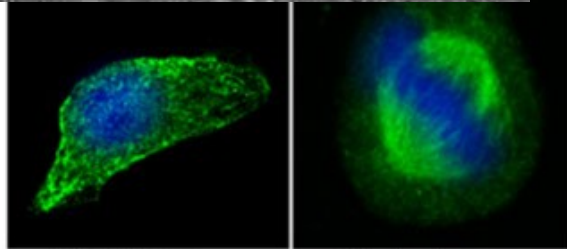
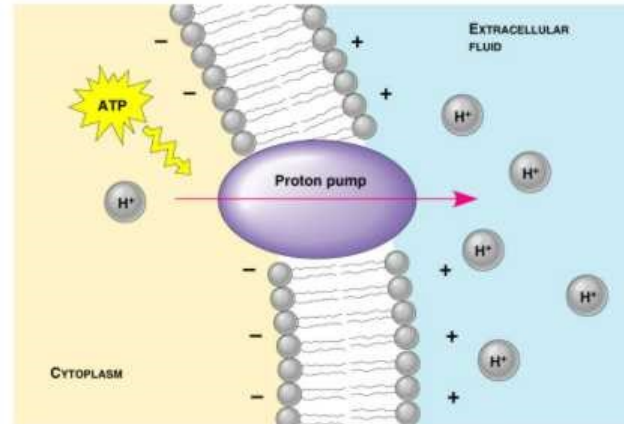
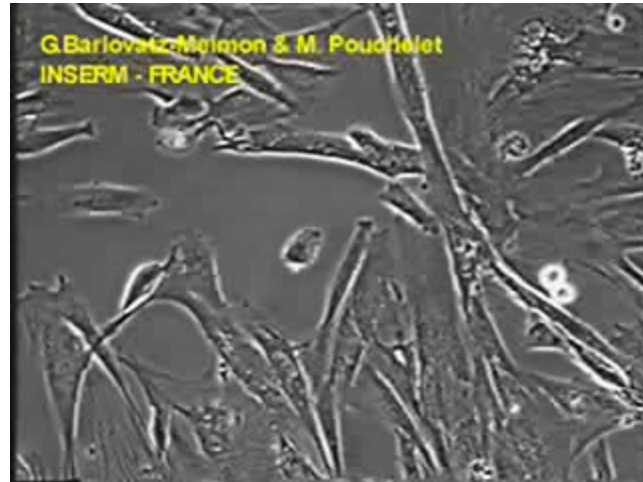
# Energy Conversion



Enzymes bind one or two molecules (substrates) in such a way that activation energy is greatly reduced (catalyst)

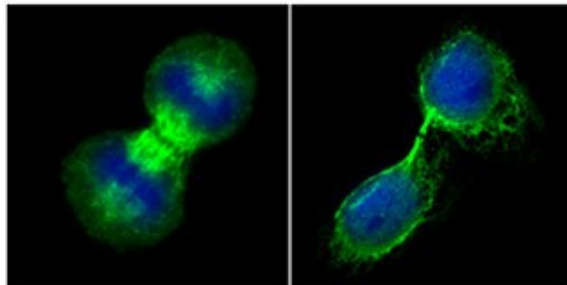
*But we will need active carriers of energy to temporarily store it*

# Why do we need Energy?



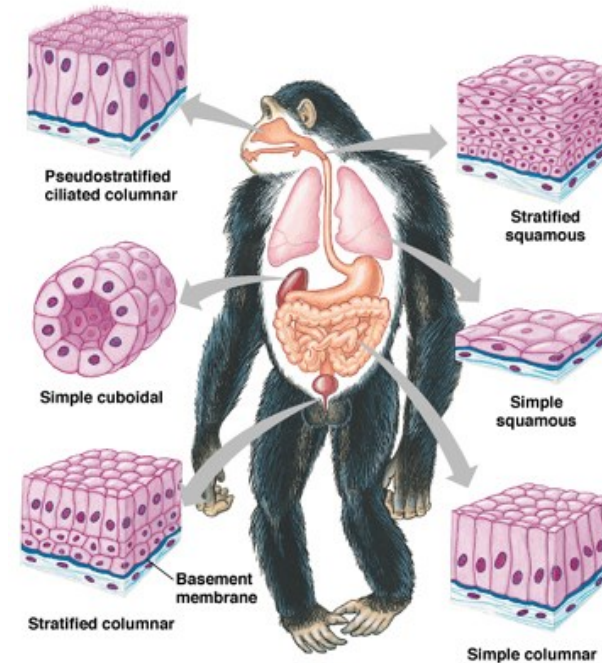
Interphase

Metaphase

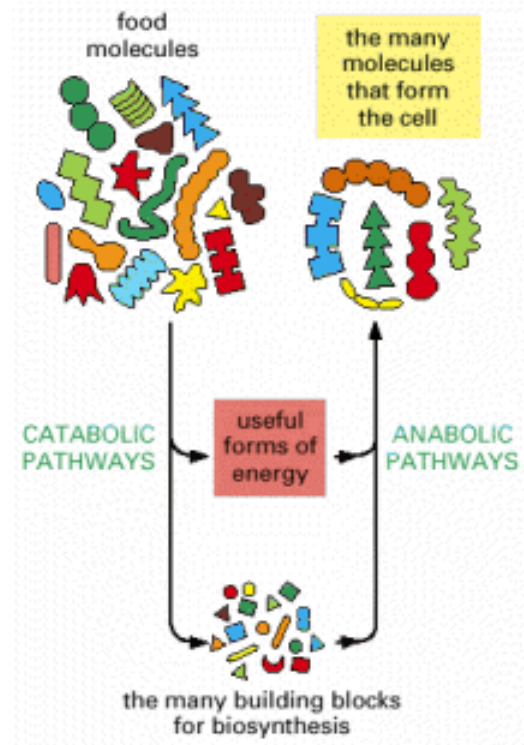


Anaphase

Telophase



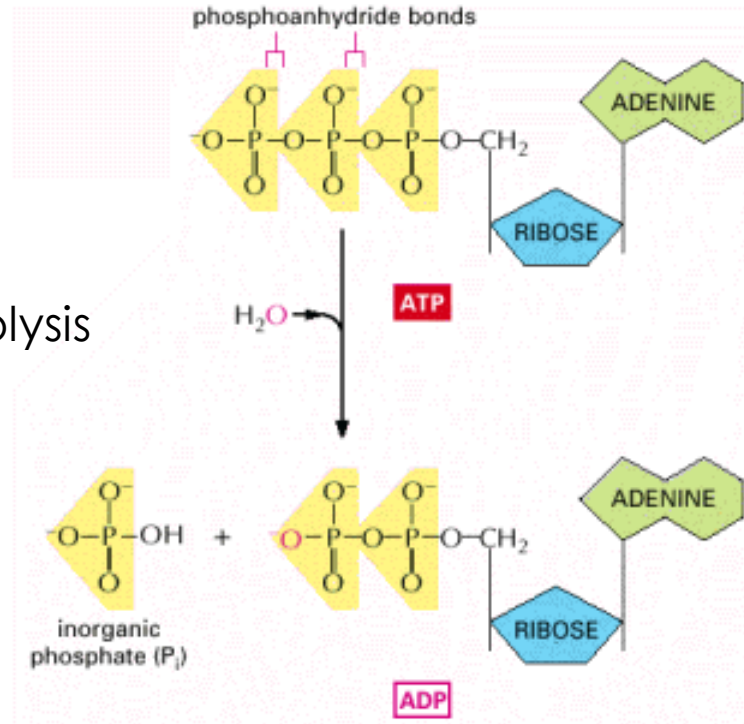
# Metabolism



# ATP

Structure: High Energy Storage

Reaction: Hydrolysis

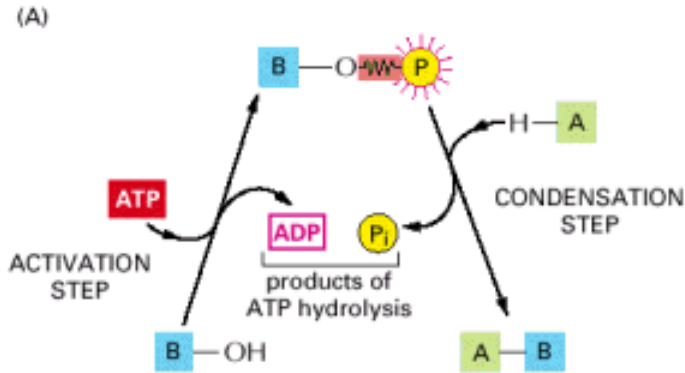



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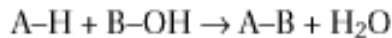
$\Delta G = -11$  to  $-13$  kcal/mole of usable energy



# Harnessing ATP

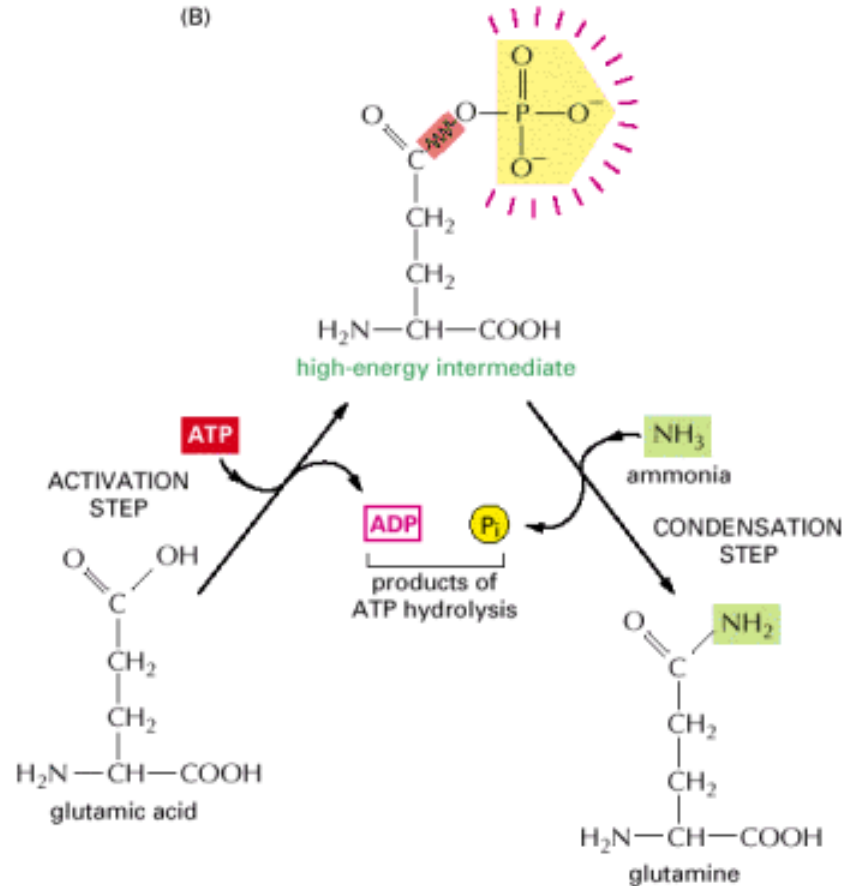
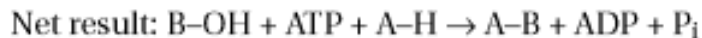


*Energetically UNfavorable*

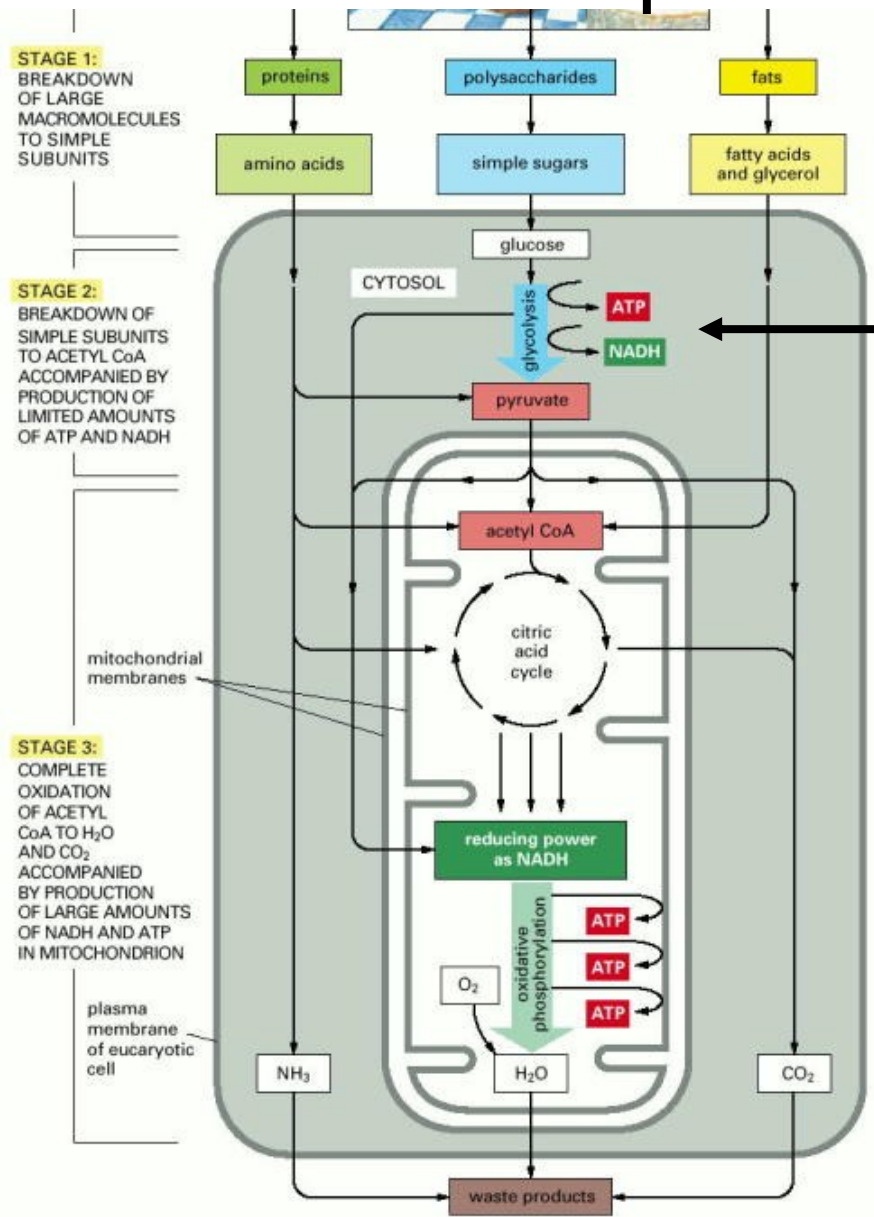


*Energetically favorable*

1.  $B-OH + ATP \rightarrow B-O-PO_3 + ADP$
2.  $A-H + B-O-PO_3 \rightarrow A-B + P_i$

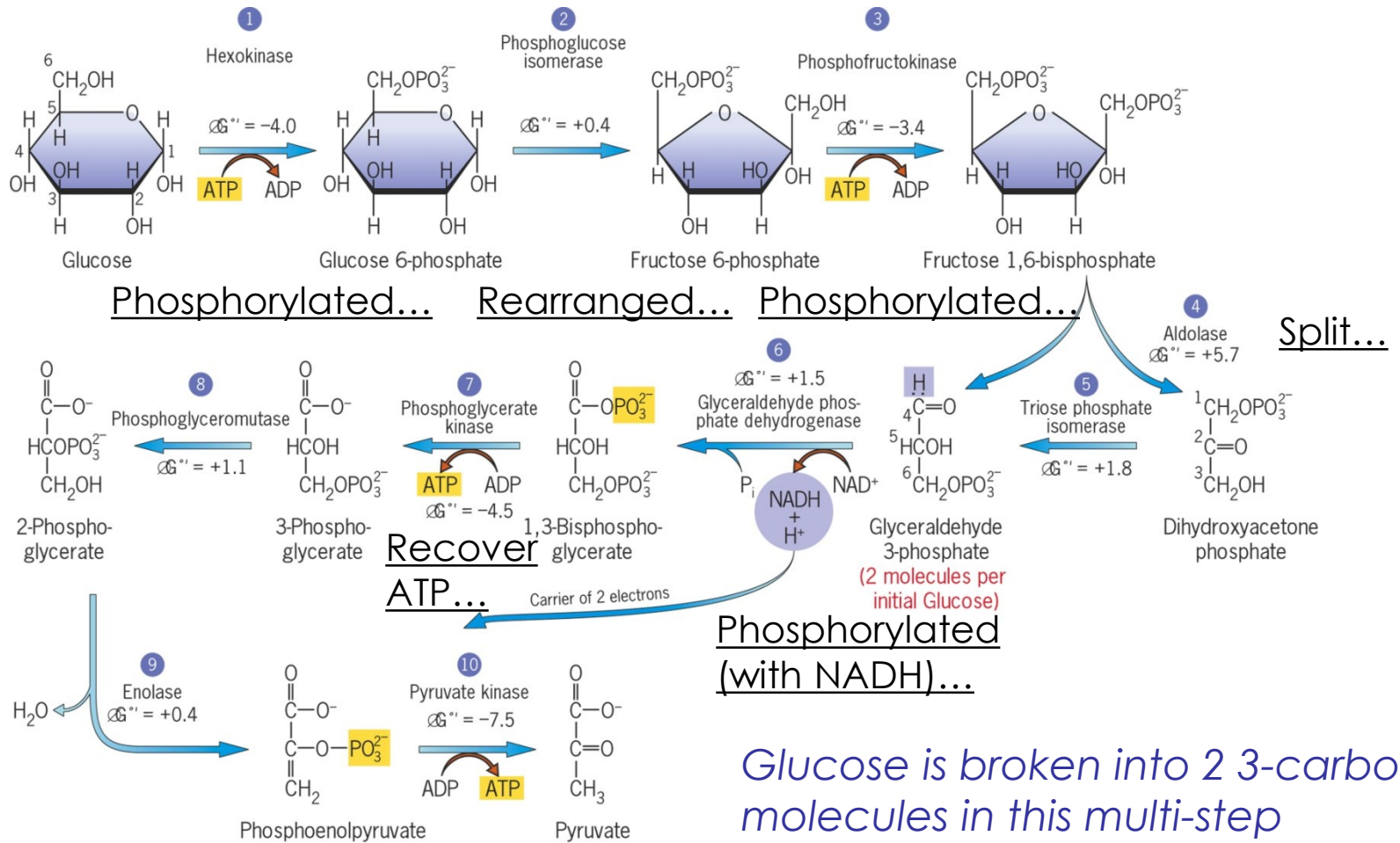


# Cellular Respiration



Glycolysis  
"sugar" +  
"breakdown"

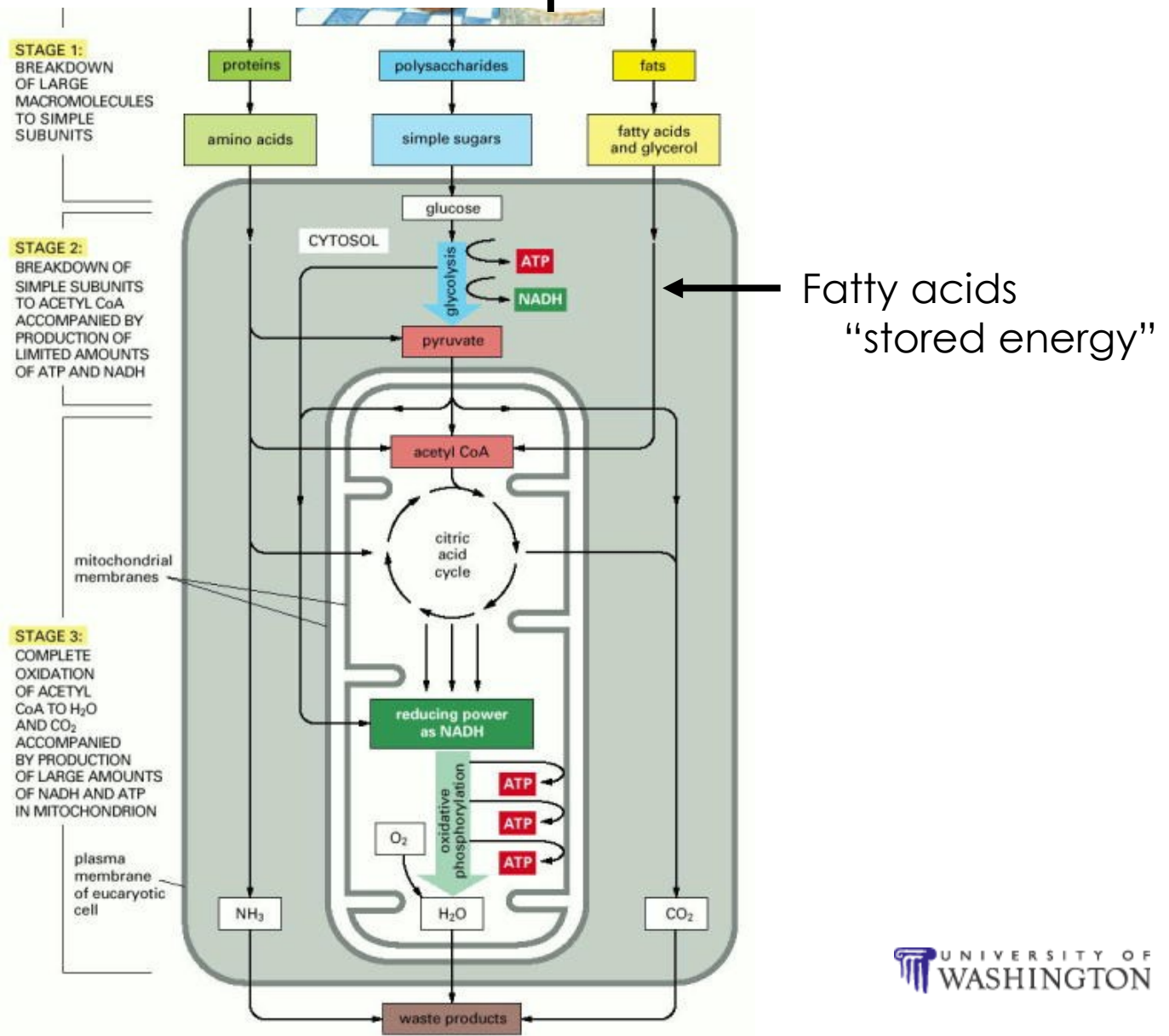
# Glycolysis



Gain 2 ATP...

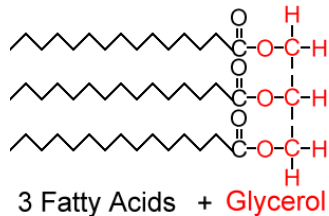
Pyruvate For Kreb's

# Cellular Respiration

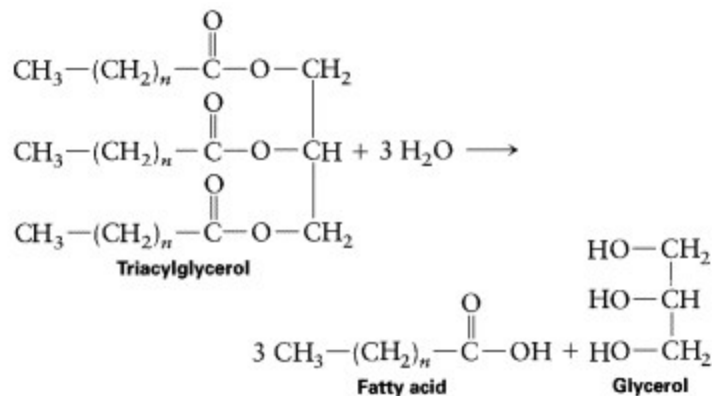


# Fatty Acid Oxidation

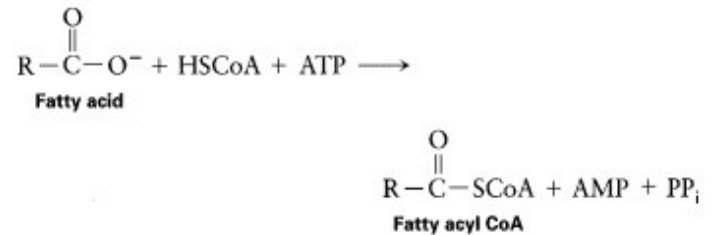
## 1) Storage



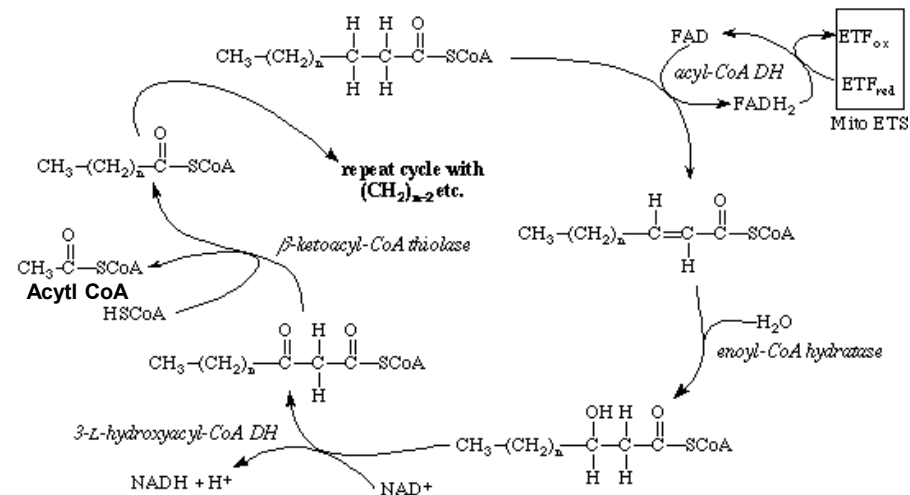
## 2) Hydrolysis



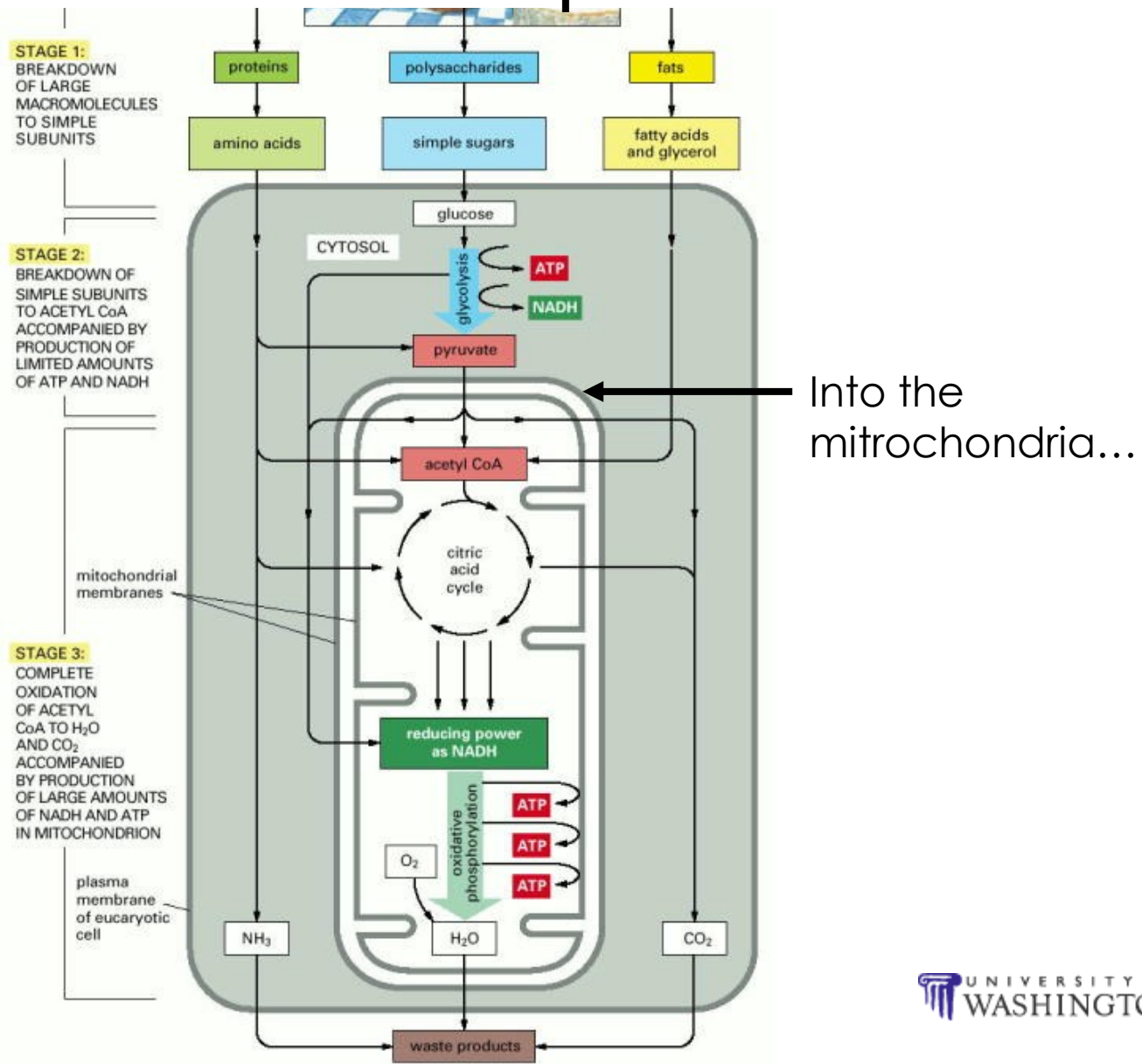
## 3) Conversion



## 4) Oxidation

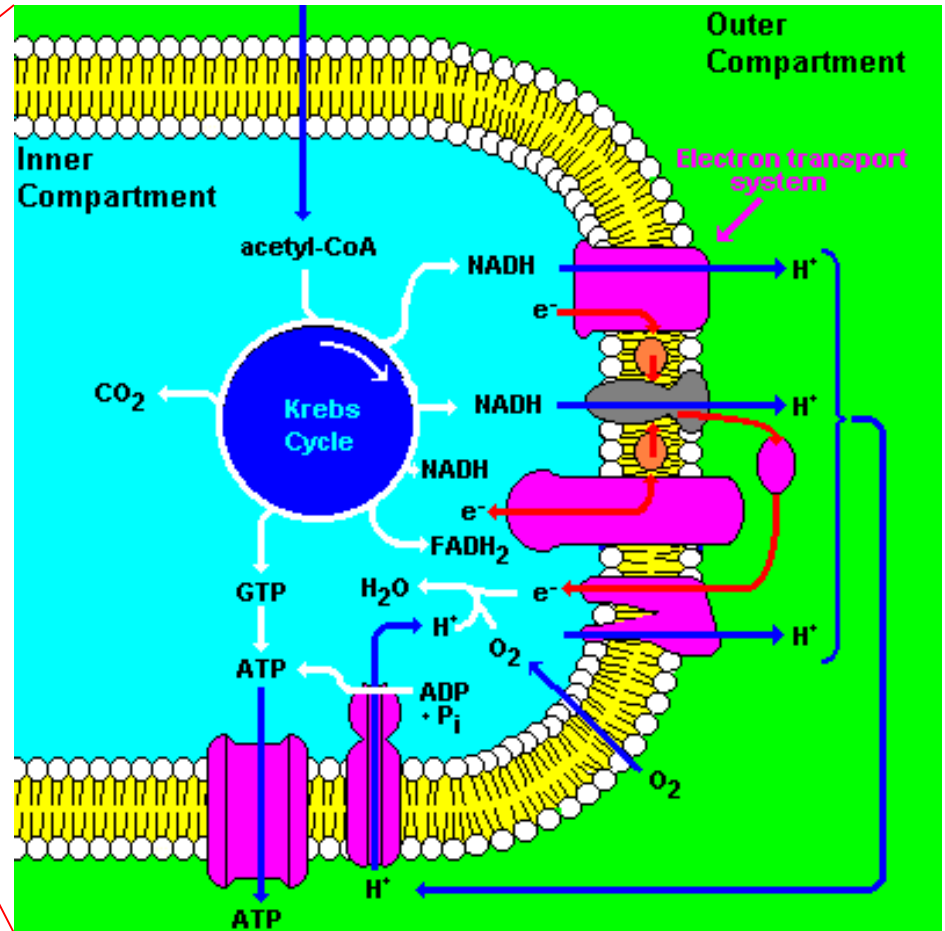


# Cellular Respiration

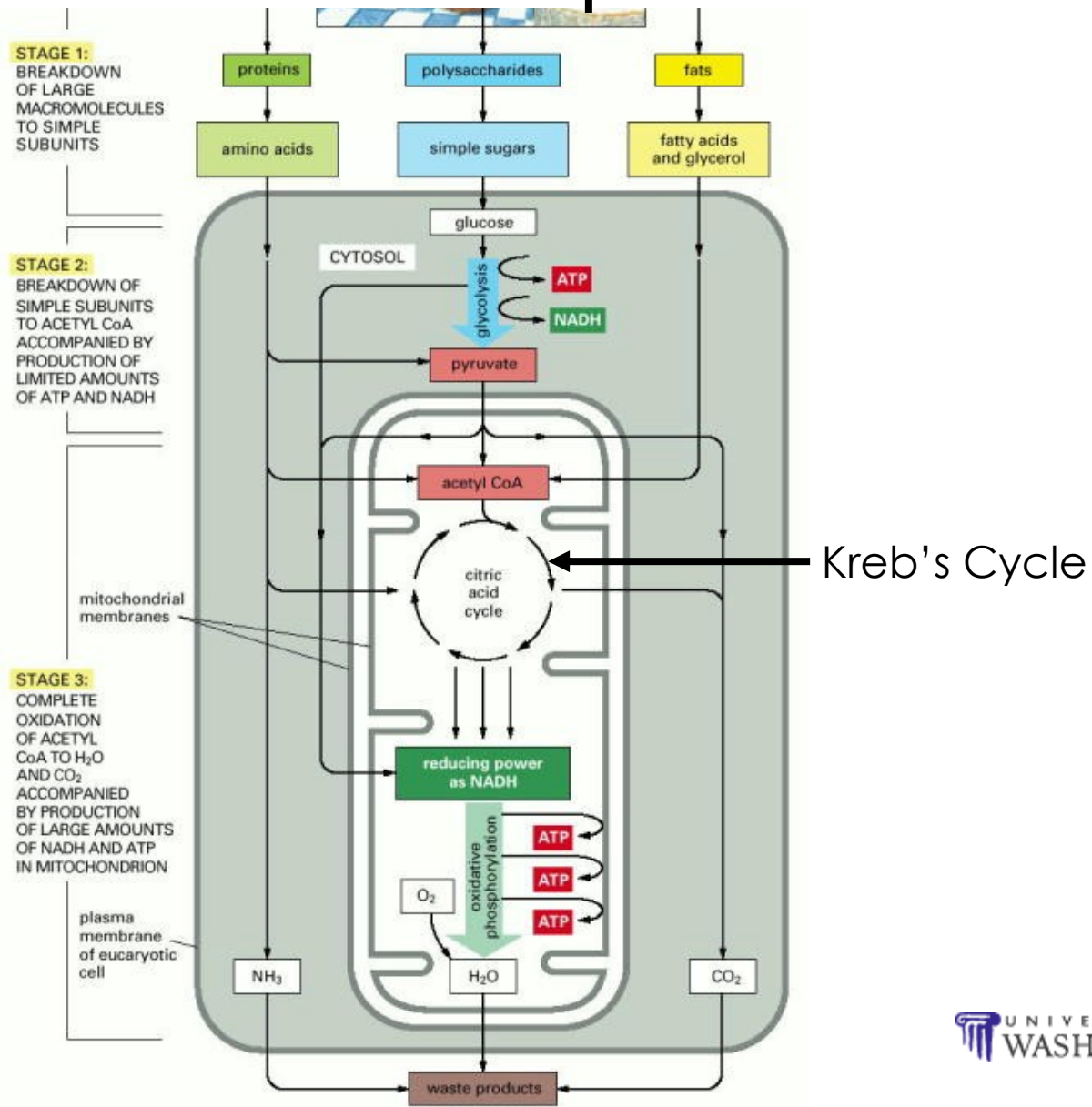


Into the mitochondria...

# Into the Mitochondria

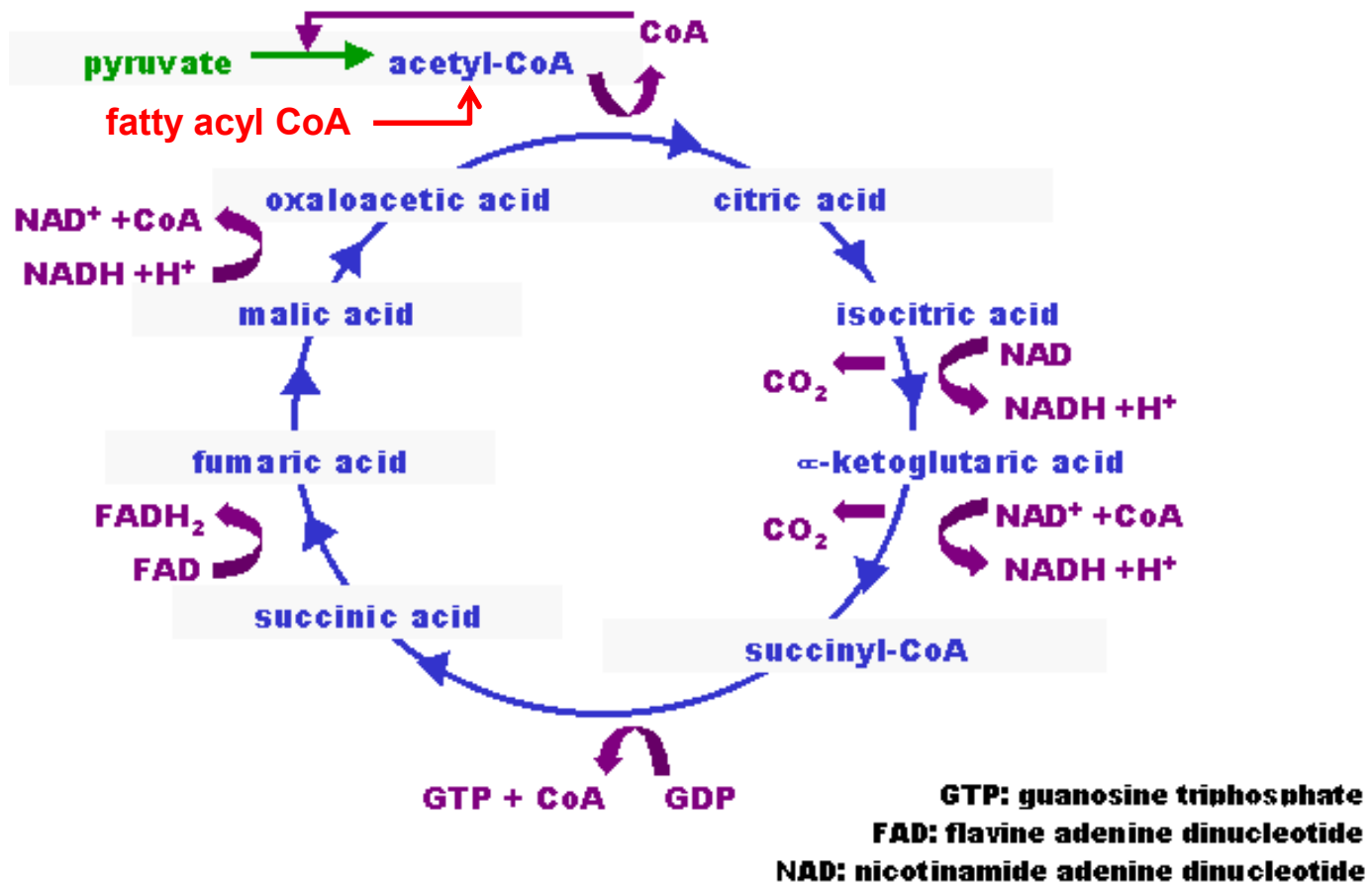


# Cellular Respiration



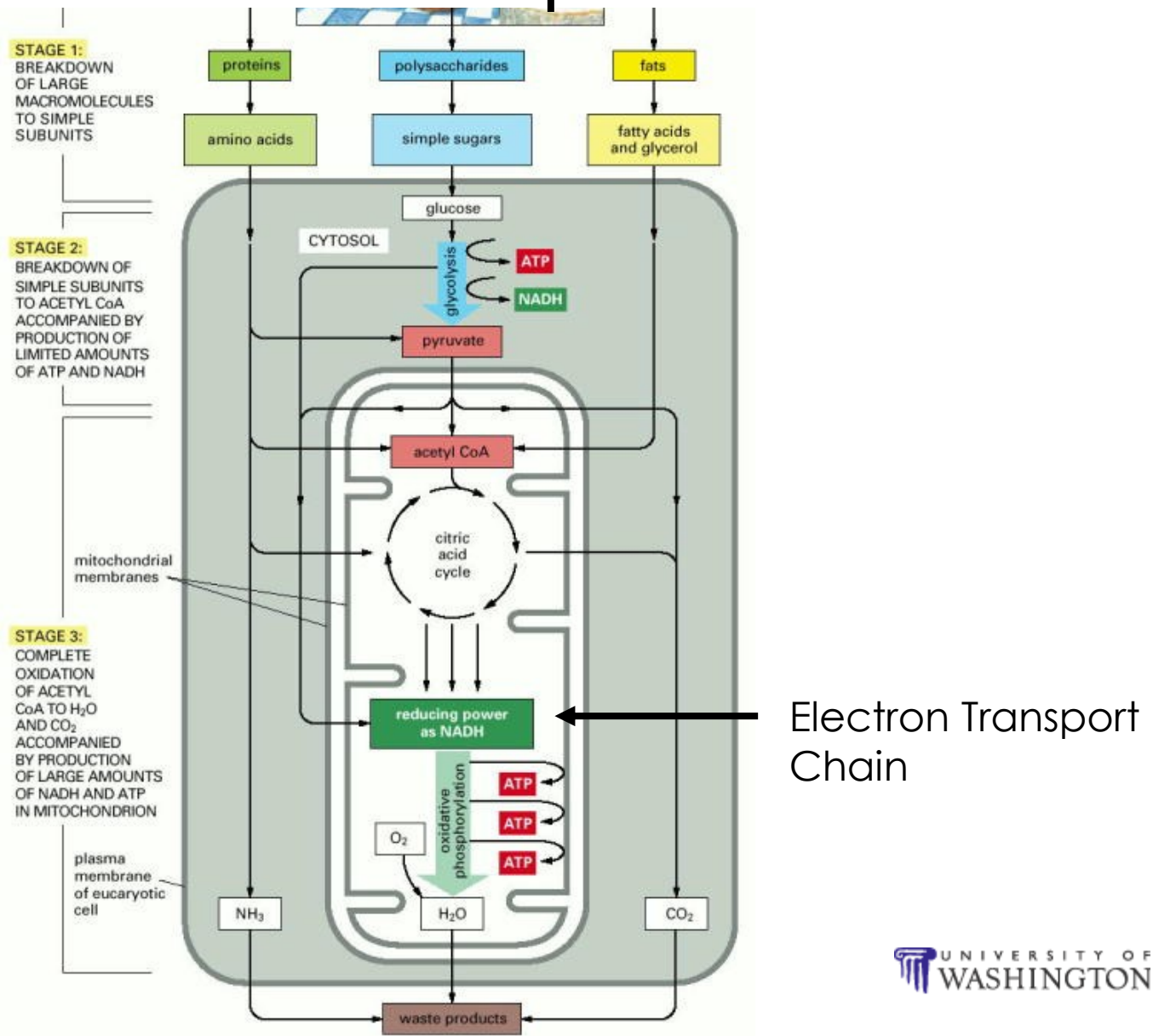


# Krebs Cycle

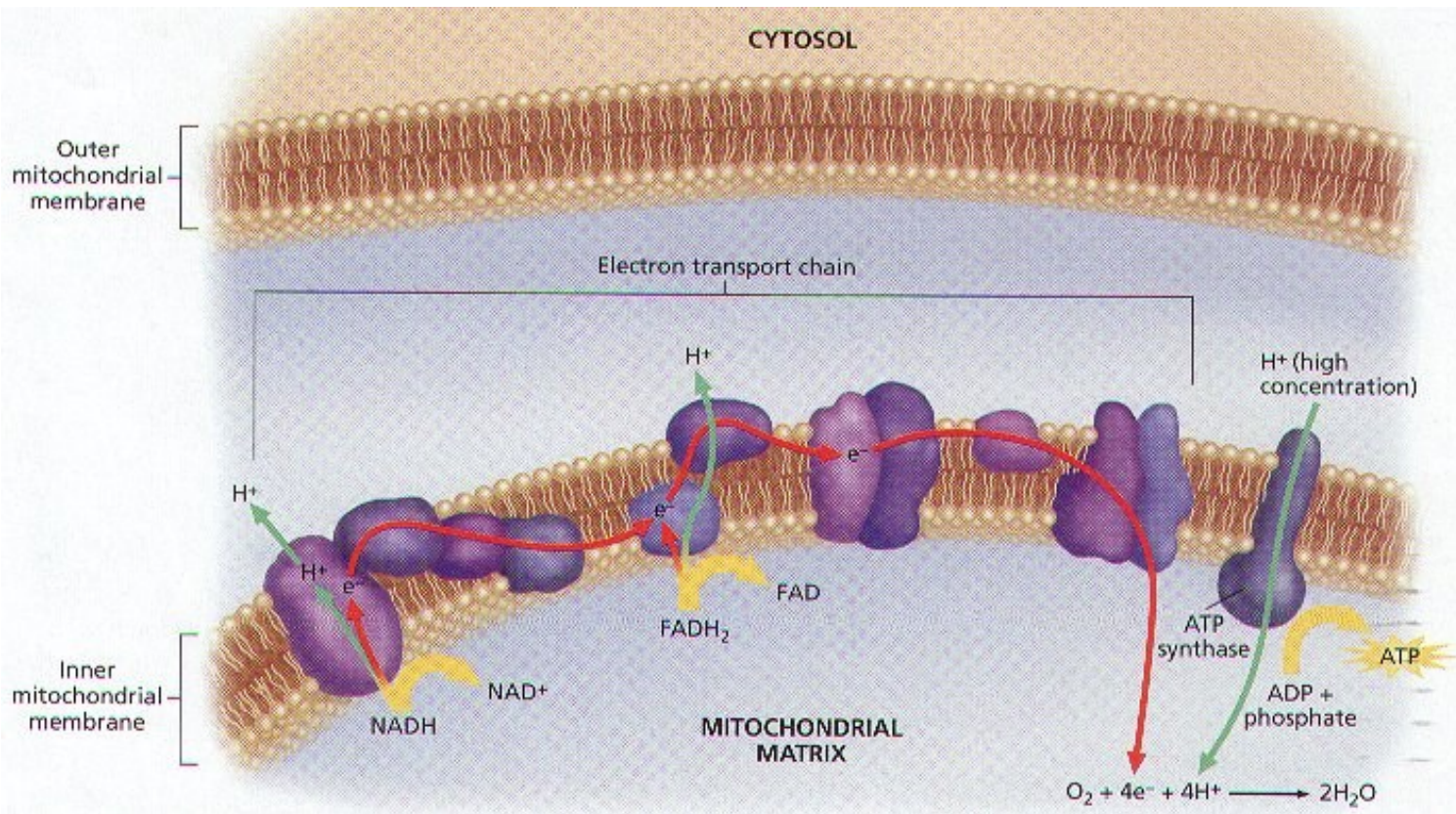


1. Acetyl Coenzyme A (acetyl CoA) + oxaloacetic acid = Citric Acid
2. Rearranged, dehydrated, carbon theft, e<sup>-</sup> stealing
3. Yields 3 NADH, 3 H<sup>+</sup>, FADH<sub>2</sub> = energy to produce ATP

# Cellular Respiration



# Electron Transport Chain



1. Proteins in mitochondrial membrane pump out  $H^+$  ions
2. Pumps powered by electron transport ( $e^-$ ) along membrane
3.  $H^+$  ions fuels **FOF1-ATP Synthase** which produces ATP
4. Result:  $H^+ + 2e^-$  from NADH  $\rightarrow$  3 ATP and  $2H^+ + 2e^-$  from  $FADH_2 \rightarrow$  2 ATP

Questions?