

Table 2. Distribution of *tet* resistance genes among Gram-negative bacteria Modified Oct. 10, 2020

Originally modified from MMBR 2001; 65:232-260 with permission from ASM Journals [n=84 genera]

Efflux		Ribosomal Protection and/or Efflux and/or Enzymatic			
One Gene n=12		Two or More Genes n=9		One Gene n=13	Two or More Genes n=50
<i>Aggregatibacter</i>	<i>tet(B)</i>	<i>Bordetella</i>	<i>tet(A)(C)(31)^p</i>	<i>Acidaminococcus^b</i>	<i>tet(W) Acinetobacter tet(A)(B)(C)(D)^{ac}(G)(H)(L)(M)(O)^{ac}(W)^{ac}(X)(Y)^z(39)</i>
<i>Agrobacterium</i>	<i>tet(30)</i>	<i>Mannheimia</i>	<i>tet(B)(G)(H)(L)</i>	<i>Capnocytophaga</i>	<i>tet(Q) Actinobacillus^l tet(B)(H)(L)(O)</i>
<i>Alteromonas</i>	<i>tet(D)</i>	<i>Moraxella</i>	<i>tet(B)(H)</i>	<i>Comamonas</i>	<i>tet(X)^u Aeromonas tet(A)(B)(C)(D)(E)(G)(H)(L)^{ab}(M)(O)ⁿ(T)ⁿ(Y)(31)(34)</i>
<i>Bibersteinia</i>	<i>tet(H)</i>	<i>Ochrobactrum</i>	<i>tet(A)(B)^y(G)(L)</i>	<i>Delftia</i>	<i>tet(X)^u Anaerovibrio^b tet(O)(Q)</i>
<i>Chlamydia</i>	<i>tet(C)</i>	<i>Plesiomonas</i>	<i>tet(A)(B)(D)</i>	<i>Eikenella</i>	<i>tet(M) Alcaligenes tet(A)(E)(M)^{aa}(30)^{aa}(39)^k(M)^{aa}</i>
<i>Erwinia</i>	<i>tet(B)</i>	<i>Burkholderia</i>	<i>tet(D)ⁿ(O)ⁿ</i>	<i>Epilithonimonas</i>	<i>tet(X) Bacteroides^b tet(M)(Q)(W)(X)(36)</i>
<i>Gillamella</i>	<i>tet(H)</i>	<i>Halomonas</i>	<i>tet(C)(D)(G)</i>	<i>Hafnia</i>	<i>tet(M)^j Brevundimonas tet(B)ⁿ(D)ⁿ(G)(O)ⁿ(T)ⁿ(W)ⁿ(39)^k</i>
<i>Francisella</i>	<i>tet(C)</i>	<i>Variovorax</i>	<i>tet(A)(L)</i>	<i>Kingella</i>	<i>tet(M) Burkholderia tet(D)ⁿ(O)ⁿ (50)^{aj}</i>
<i>Histophilus^c</i>	<i>tet(H)</i>	<i>Yersinia</i>	<i>tet(B)(D)</i>	<i>Legionella</i>	<i>tet(56) Butyrivibrio tet(O)(W)</i>
<i>Laribacter</i>	<i>tet(A)</i>			<i>Spingobacterium</i>	<i>tet(X)^c Campylobacter tet(O)(44)^o</i>
<i>Treponema^a</i>	<i>tet(B)</i>			<i>Wautersiella</i>	<i>tet(X)^z Chryseobacterium tet(A)(D)^l(T)^l(W)^l</i>
<i>Elizabethkingia</i>	<i>tet(W)</i>			<i>Ralstonia</i>	<i>tet(M) Citrobacter tet(A)(B)(C)(D)(E)(L)(M)(O)(S)(W)^j</i>
				<i>Dialister</i>	<i>tet(M) Edwardsiella tet(A)(D)(M)</i>
					<i>Enterobacter tet(A)(B)(C)(D)(E)(G)^j(L)(M)(39)^k(X)^u</i>
					<i>Escherichia tet(A)(B)(C)(D)(E)(G)(J)(L)(M)(W)^j(Y)(X)^u(32)</i>
					<i>Flavobacterium tet(A)(E)(L)(M)</i>
					<i>Fusobacterium^b tet(G)(L)(M)(O)(Q)(W)</i>
					<i>Gallibacterium tet(B)(H)(K)(L)(31)</i>
					<i>Haemophilus tet(B)(K)(M)</i>

<i>Klebsiella</i>	<i>tet</i> (A)(B)(C)(D)(E) ^{aa} (L) ^{ab} (M)(S)(W) ^j (X) ^u
<i>Kurthia</i>	<i>tet</i> (L)(M)
<i>Lawsonia</i> ^f	<i>tet</i> (M)(W) ^f
<i>Megasphaera</i>	<i>tet</i> (O)(W)
<i>Mitsuokella</i>	<i>tet</i> (Q)(W)
<i>Morganella</i>	<i>tet</i> (A) ^{aa} (D)(J)(L)(M) ^{aa}
<i>Myroides</i>	<i>tet</i> (L)(X) ^{ab}
<i>Neisseria</i>	<i>tet</i> (B)(M)(O)(Q)(W)
<i>Pantoea</i>	<i>tet</i> (B)(M)
<i>Pasteurella</i>	<i>tet</i> (B)(D)(H)(G)(L)(M)(O) ^L
<i>Photobacterium</i>	<i>tet</i> (B)(D)(M)(Y)
<i>Porphyromonas</i> ^b	<i>tet</i> (Q)(W)
<i>Prevotella</i> ^b	<i>tet</i> (M)(Q)(W)
<i>Proteus</i>	<i>tet</i> (A)(B)(C)(E)(H)(G)(L)(J)(M) ^j (X)
<i>Providencia</i>	<i>tet</i> (B)(E)(G)(H)(J)(M) ^j (39) ^k (57) ^y
<i>Pseudoalteromonas</i>	<i>tet</i> (B) ^t (M) ^m
<i>Pseudomonas</i>	<i>tet</i> (A)(B)(C)(D) ⁿ (E)(G)(K)(L)(M)(O) ⁿ (T) ⁿ (W) ⁿ (X)(Y)(34)(39) ^x (42) ^h
<i>Psychrobacter</i>	<i>tet</i> (H) ⁱ (M) ^g (O)(39) ^x
<i>Rahnella</i>	<i>tet</i> (A)(L)(M)
<i>Rhizobium</i> ⁿ	<i>tet</i> (A) ^w (B)(D)(M)(O)(T)(W) ^w
<i>Riemerella</i>	<i>tet</i> (A)(B)(M)(O)(Q) ^{ad} (X) ^s
<i>Roseobacter</i>	<i>tet</i> (B)(C)(E)(G)(X) ^{ai}
<i>Salmonella</i>	<i>tet</i> (A)(B)(C)(D)(G)(L)(M)(X)(Y)
<i>Selenomonas</i> ^b	<i>tet</i> (M)(Q)(W)
<i>Serratia</i>	<i>tet</i> (A)(B)(C)(E)(M)(S) ^{ab} (X) ^w (34)(41)
<i>Shewanella</i>	<i>tet</i> (B) ⁿ (D)(G)(M)(O) ⁿ (T) ⁿ (W) ⁿ

Shigella *tet(A)(B)(C)(D)(M)*^j
Stenotrophomonas *tet(B)(H)*^{ae}*(M)*ⁿ*(O)*ⁿ*(T)*ⁿ*(35)(39)*^k
Subdolgranulum^b *tet(Q)(W)*
Veillonella^b *tet(A)(L)(M)(Q)(S)(W)*
Vibrio *tet(A)(B)(C)(D)(E)(G)(K)*^l*(L)(M)(X)(Y)(34)(35)*

Carrying Mosaic genes^d n=4

Campylobacter *tet(O/32/O)*^{af}
Megasphaera *tet(O/W)*, *tet(O/W/O)*^q
Riemerella *tet(O/W/32/O)*^{ad}

Blue: new since last update

Stanton & Humphrey, 2003, Appl Environ Microbiol, 69:3874 ; van Hoek *et al.*, 2008 52:248; Dang *et al.*, Microb Ecol. 2007 doi:10.1007/s00248-007-9271-9; Akinbowale *et al.*, J App Micro. 103:2016 ; Dang *et al.*, J App Micro 103:2580 ; Fan *et al.*, 2007 Mol Cell Probes 21:245 ; Stine *et al.* 2007, Int J Antimicrob Agents 29 :348 ; Gordon *et al.*, 2008 JAC, 62: 65-71; Lau *et al.*, 2008, JAC 61:3

¹*Actinobacillus actinomycetemcomitans* is now *Aggregatibacter actinomycetemcomitans*;

^a*T. denticola* anaerobic but not all species in genus are anaerobes; ^bAnaerobic genus; ^cFirst aerobic species identified with *tet(X)*;

^d Mosaic ribosomal protection genes have been found in two anaerobic genera (*Clostridium*, *Lactobacillus* [Gram-positive] and *Megasphaera* [Gram-negative]) (Levy,*et al.*, 2005, AAC 43:1523); ^e formally *Haemophilus*; ^f oblicagrate intercelluarle bacteria from whole genome not clear if isolate is Tc^f;
^g Rahman *et al.*, JAC 62:627, 2008; ^hBrown *et al* AAC 52:4518, 2008; ⁱPetrova Gorlenko, Mindlin, FEMS Micro Lett. 296:190, 2009; ^j Srinivasan *et al.*, Microb Ecol 55:184, 2008; ^kAdelowo & Fagade. Let App Microbiol 2009, 48:167-172; ^LMillan *et al.*, AAC 53:3399, 2009; ^mNonaka *et al*, 2007, 4:355;
ⁿ Popwska *et al*, AAC, 2012, 56:1434; ^o Abril, Broadard, Perreten. AAC, 2010, 54:3052; ^p Kadlec *et al.*, ICAAC 2012 C1-679; ^q Stanton *et al.*, 2004 Appl Environ Microb 70:3754-57; ^rGenBank YP_594556; ^sChen *et al.* Avian Path. 39:333, 2010; ^u Leski *et al.*, Intern J Antimicrob Agents 42:83, 2013;
^vGhosh & LaPara, ISME 1:191, 2007; ^wSullivan, Gentry, Karthikeyan. J App Micro. 115:774, 2013; ^x Roberts *et al.*, J. Antimicrob. Chemother. 70:619,

2015;^y Huang, Zhang, Wang, J Food Protect 78:1581, 2015 name changed to *tet(57)*; ^z Kyselkova et al. Front Microbiol. 6:536, 2015 doi: 10.3389/fmicob.2015.00536; ^{aa}Adesoji et al., Annals of Clinical Microb & Antimicrob 14:35, 2015;^{ab} Li et al., J. Food Sci 81:M1489, 2016; ^{ac} Gao et al, Water Reserach 2012; 46:235;^{ac} Dang et al., Microb Ecol. 55:237, 2008; ^{ad} Zhu et al. Frontiers Microb 10.3390/fmicb.2018.00585, 2018; ^{ae} Zhao et al. Frontiers Microb 10.3389/fmicb.2018.00549, 2018;^{af} Gene not shown to confer resistance Warburton, Amodeo, Roberts, JAC 2016 71:3333; ^{ah} Rocas, Siqueira Anaerobe 2012, 18:576; ^{ai} **Liu et al. JAC 2020 doi:10.1093/jac/dkaa037**; ^{aj} **Schweizer, Pathogen & Microbiome Institute Northern**

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Some groups have used alleles for *tet(X)*. We do not recommend this because many of the alleles are 95-99% aa identical and the same genes has previously been listed as *tet(X)* in GenBank. So there are the same genes with two different names which is confusing. We would recommend that everyone uses just *tet(X)* and Tet(X) in the future.