

**Physics 321, Autumn Quarter 2015**  
**Electrodynamics: Homework Assignment 1**  
**Turn in all problems and clearly note all constants and assumptions you use.**  
**(1-point penalty each otherwise)**  
**Due 9:30 am Thursday October 8**

1. Miscellaneous mathematics problems.
  - a. In 10 words or less, explain why  $\nabla \cdot (\rho \mathbf{v})$  is zero for an incompressible fluid. (As usual,  $\rho$  is the mass density,  $\mathbf{v}$  is the velocity.)
  - b. Consider a river in which the water velocity  $\mathbf{v}$  is proportional to the distance from the bottom, and the flow is in the z-direction according to  $v_x=0$ ,  $v_y=0$ .  $v_z=cx$ . Find the curl of the velocity.
  - c. Consider a unit sphere centered at the origin. In terms of the Cartesian unit vectors  $i$ ,  $j$  and  $k$ , find the unit normal vector on the surface.
  - d. Explain why the vector function  $\mathbf{F}(x,y,z)=ix+jy$  does or does not have a divergence and curl. A sketch of the field lines may help.
  - e. Explain why the vector function  $\mathbf{G}(x,y,z) = \frac{-iy + jx}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}$  does or does not have a divergence and curl. A sketch of the field lines may help.
2. Show the general form of Maxwell's Equations (left upper set of equations in the back cover) contain current & charge conservation  $\nabla \cdot \mathbf{J} + \partial\rho/\partial t = 0$ .
3. With  $\mathbf{r}$  a position vector and  $\mathbf{G}$  constant, find
  - a.  $\mathbf{G} \times \mathbf{r}$  and b.  $(\mathbf{G} \cdot \mathbf{r}) \mathbf{r}$  and c.  $\nabla \cdot \mathbf{r}$
- 4) Suppose  $\nabla \cdot f(\mathbf{r})\mathbf{r} = 0$ . Find a scalar  $f(\mathbf{r})$  satisfying this condition.

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