INDUCTIVE GENERALIZATIONS ABOUT TRADE PATTERNS

On Thu 10 Jan 2013, students in TGEOG 349 began to build an inductive theory of trade. From students' responses to my questions from the Dicken reading, they generalized what kinds of countries export and import what kinds of products.

Countries with these characteristics	Tend to export lots of what kinds of products?
Major importers of raw materials	Export lots of manufactures
Low-paid labor	Simple manufactures
Geographically large	Everything (not always services)
Low-paid labor	Agricultural products (note the US and African
	exceptions)
Under-developed	Few exports
Ocean access (among developed countries)	Everything
Entrepôts ¹	Merchandise
Highly paid labor	Services
Former colonial powers	Services
Lots of outward FDI	Services
Large service importers	Services
Water availability	Agriculture
High land area per capita	Agriculture

Countries with these characteristics	Tend to import lots of what kinds of products?
Developed countries	oil
Entrepôts	Merchandise
Poor climate (or soils) for agriculture	Agriculture
Current account deficits	Services
Large service exporters	Services
Low land area per capita	Agriculture

Countries with these characteristics tend to export more (by value), in general.	
Major resource advantages	
Specialization in highly valued (priced) products or services	

¹ International transshipment points, where goods can be imported without paying tariffs, so long as they are reexported rather than being consumed in the country; also called a Freeport. In many cases, some value-added (assembly, repackaging, or other manufacturing) is done on-site – the resultant products can be exported having paid no import tariff in the country where value was added, or can then enter the main part of the country under the tariff applied to the new, value-added product.