

Statistics 522, Problem Set 8

Wellner; 3/6/2013

Reading:

Shorack, PfS Course Notes Sections 9.3-, pages 201-224
(PfS 2000 sections 13.1-7, pages 341-364)
Shorack, PfS Course Notes Sections 10.0 - 10.4, pages 225-252
(PfS 2000, sections 14.0-14.3, pages 365-382).

Due: Wednesday, March 13, 2013.

Reminder: Final exam, Wednesday, March 20.

1. PfS Course Notes, Exercise 9.3.5; PfS (2000), Exercise 13.1.4, page 371.
Show that the real part of a characteristic function (or $Re\phi(\cdot)$) is itself a characteristic function.
2. PfS Course Notes, Exercise 9.3.6; PfS (2000), Exercise 13.1.5, page 371.
Let ϕ be a chf. Show that $c^{-1} \int_0^c \phi(tu) du$ is a chf.
3. PfS Course Notes, Exercise 9.4.2; PfS (2000), Exercise 13.2.2, page 348.
4. (a) Let X_1, X_2, \dots , be i.i.d. random variables and let $Z_n \equiv n^{-1/2} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$.
For another sequence of i.i.d. random variables X'_1, X'_2, \dots , with each $X'_i \stackrel{d}{=} X_i$ and all X'_i 's independent of the X_i 's, let $X_i^s \equiv X_i - X'_i$ and set $Z_n^s \equiv n^{-1/2} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i^s$. Note that nothing has been assumed about finiteness of moments of the X_i 's (or X'_i 's). Prove or disprove the following statement: $\bar{Z}_n \rightarrow_d N(0, 1)$ if and only if the symmetrized random variables $\bar{Z}_n^s \rightarrow_d N(0, 2)$.
(b) Now suppose that X_1, X_2, \dots are i.i.d. as in part (a), and suppose that $Z_n \equiv Z_{n,a,b} \equiv n^{1/2}(\bar{X} - a)/b$ for some $a \in \mathbb{R}$ and $b > 0$. What can you say about a and b if it is known that $Z_n \rightarrow_d N(0, 1)$?
5. PfS Course Notes, Exercise 10.1.1, page 226; PfS (2000), Exercise 14.1.1, page 366.
For each $n \geq 1$, let X_{n1}, \dots, X_{nn} be i.i.d. with finite mean μ . Use

characteristic functions to show the WLLN result that $\bar{X}_n \rightarrow_p \mu$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$. Equivalently, show that

$\bar{X}_n \rightarrow_d \delta_\mu \equiv$ the degenerate distribution with mass 1 at μ .

6. **Optional bonus problem:** PfS, Exercise 10.1.4, page 227.

(a) Suppose the hypotheses of the classical CLT hold. Show that

$$M_n \equiv \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \max_{1 \leq k \leq n} |X_{nk} - \mu| \rightarrow_p 0.$$

(b) Suppose that hypotheses of the classical Poisson Limit Theorem (see Theorem 1.2 on page 227 of PfS) hold. Show that

$$M_n \equiv \max_{1 \leq k \leq n} |X_{nk}| \rightarrow_d \text{Bernoulli}(1 - e^{-\lambda}).$$