CSS 455 Activity No. 1 **Winter 2012** 

Activity No. 1 (Ans Key)

Names (must be present):

## C. Jackels January 5, 2012

No Answers needed – all items checked off by every student.

Checklist Assignment. (To be done with your partner; just check off if you have done this or know how to do it.

Start a Matlab session on the local Windows system.
Open the Matlab help window. This is an excellent source of information and explains in some detail the
algorithms being used in some cases.
Open and explore the web-based help from the link on the course home page. Printed manuals can be found there as well.
Vector algebra review using Matlab. These exercises are to remind you of a few basic vector algebra rules
as well as to make sure you are familiar with using Matlab for vector manipulations.
<ul> <li>Know the difference between a column vector and row vector and that they are the transpose of each other.</li> </ul>
• Generate a row vector <b>arow</b> and a column vector <b>bcol</b> , both of the same length. Use the function <i>rana</i> to fill them with random numbers between 1 and 10.
<ul> <li>Use the transposition operator (trailing single quote) to calculate acol and brow, which are their transposes</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Calculate the dot (inner) product of arow and bcol.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Calculate the pointwise product of these two vectors. (they must have the same shape for these operations)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Calculate the pointwise quotient of these two vectors. (they must have the same shape for these</li> </ul>
operations)
• Calculate the 1-norm, 2-norm, and infinity-norm of one of these vectors. Which one is the common Euclidean norm?
• Calculate the <i>outer product</i> of the two vectors: <b>acol*brow</b>
Make sure you can use the m-file editor in Matlab. Within Matlab, Click on "File", then on "New", and ther
on "m-file". This should spawn an editor window. In the editor window enter the following script:
clear
clc
a = [1 5 10 4]
b = [2 7 3 21]
c = a + b
plot (a,b,a,b,'*')
Save this file as <i>fname</i> (it will be saved as <i>fname.m</i> ), move back to the main Matlab command window and
enter the command <i>fname</i> . The script should
execute and produce a plot in Figure 1.
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M-files are the format for saving work between sessions,
saving main program scripts, creating library
functions, transfering to another computer system,
or communicating with your partner.
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Check to see that you can print from the command, the m-
file editor, and the figure 1 windows.