

AMATH 383 Homework Assignment #5

(Due in class: Nov. 7)

1. If random time T (≥ 0) has a probability density function (pdf) $f_T(t)$, then

$$F_T(t) = \int_0^t f_T(s) ds$$

is called the cumulative distribution function (cdf) of T . It represents the probability for $T \leq t$: $F_T(t) = \Pr \{T \leq t\}$. Show that if T has an upper bound M : $T \leq M$, then

$$\langle T \rangle = \int_0^\infty [1 - F(t)] dt.$$

2. If T_1 is a non-negative random time with probability density function $f_1(t)$, then

$$\int_0^\infty f_1(t) dt = 1.$$

And its mean value (also called expected value) and variance can be obtained from

$$\langle T_1 \rangle = \int_0^\infty t f_1(t) dt,$$

$$\text{Var}[T_1] = \left(\int_0^\infty t^2 f_1(t) dt \right) - \langle T_1 \rangle^2.$$

Now consider a second random time T_2 with probability density function $f_2(t)$. If T_1 and T_2 are statistically independent, then the probability density function for the random time $T_3 = T_1 + T_2$ is

$$f_3(t) = \int_0^t f_1(s) f_2(t-s) ds.$$

(a) When T_1 is an exponentially distributed random time with mean time τ_1 , and T_2 is an exponentially distributed random time with mean time τ_2 , what is the distribution for T_3 ?

(b) Same T_1 and T_2 as in (a), what is the mean and the variance of T_3 ?

3. Let T_1 be a non-negative random time with probability density function $f_1(t)$ and cumulative distribution function $F_1(t)$, and T_2 be a non-negative random time with probability density function $f_2(t)$ and cumulative distribution function $F_2(t)$. Assuming T_1 and T_2 are statistically independent, and consider the random variable

$$T^* = \max \{T_1, T_2\}.$$

(a) What is the probability distribution of T^* ?

(b) Can you give a verbal explanation of the two terms you obtained for $f_{T^*}(t)$ in (a)?

(c) If T_1 and T_2 are both exponentially distributed random time with mean values τ_1 and τ_2 respectively, what is the mean time for T^* ?

4. Exercise 5 of Chapter 9.