2010 Workshop on NLP and Linguistics:
Finding the Common Ground

Proceedings of the Workshop

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Introduction

Since early 1990s, with the advancement of machine learning methods and the availability of data resources such as treebanks and parallel corpora, data-driven approaches to NLP have made significant progress. The success of such data-driven approaches has cast doubt on the relevance of linguistics to NLP. Conversely, NLP techniques are rarely used to help linguistics studies. We believe that there is room to expand the involvement of linguistics in NLP, and likewise, NLP in linguistics, and that the cross-pollination of ideas between the disciplines can greatly benefit both fields. We are pleased to present the workshop on NLP and Linguistics: Finding the Common Ground in order to focus on some of the work that uses NLP and linguistics for mutual benefit, and discuss future plans for continuing collaborations.

The workshop is intended to spur discussion on how NLP and linguistics can help each other, including new methods in incorporating linguistic knowledge into statistical systems to advance the state of the art of NLP, and the feasibility of using NLP techniques to acquire linguistic knowledge for a large number of languages and to assist linguistic studies. Fifteen papers were submitted and eight were accepted, and the accepted papers oriented around the following themes:

• Research that shows awareness of a particular linguistic phenomenon and its effects on statistical systems: Caines and Buttery discuss the zero auxiliary construction (You talking to me?), awareness of which can improve performance of NLP on spoken English. Samaradžić and Merlo suggest that awareness of different types of light verb constructions could affect word alignment. Su, Huang, and Chen show that the linguistic notion of evidentiality can be used for automatic detection of trustworthiness.

• New methods in incorporating linguistic knowledge into statistical systems to improve the start of the art: The papers by Caines and Buttery, Cook and Stevenson, Samaradžić and Merlo, and Su, Huang, and Chen all present a number of linguistic features that can be used for modeling or other corpus-based tasks.

• Research that demonstrates the feasibility of creating NLP systems to automatically acquire linguistic knowledge for a large number of languages: Mayer, Rohrdantz, Plank, Bak, Butt, and Keim examine a phonotactic constraint in 3,200 languages. Poornima and Good propose the repurposing of traditional word lists from historical and comparative linguistics to NLP applications.

• Research that demonstrates the benefits of using NLP techniques to help particular linguistic studies: This volume is rich with examples of corpus-based techniques shedding light on linguistic phenomena, including the ambiguity of German past participles (Zarriess, Cahill, Kuhn, and Rohrer), zero auxiliary constructions (Caines and Buttery), light verbs (Samaradžić and Merlo), a paradoxical reading of “no X is too Y to Z” (Cook and Stevenson), the phonotactic constraint of Similar Place Avoidance (Mayer, Rohrdantz, Plank, Bak, Butt, and Keim), and evidentiality (Su, Huang, and Chen).

• The relative strengths and weaknesses of corpus-based and rule-based resources: Plank and Van Noord examine the domain portability of rule-based and corpus-trained parsers. Zarriess, Cahill, Kunh, and Rohrer show that a corpus-based analysis can help reduce ambiguity of German past participles in a rule-based parser.
In addition to the presenters of papers, the workshop includes two panels to discuss the potential contributions of NLP to linguistics and linguistics to NLP. The panelists in the Linguistics-helps-NLP panel have been asked to address the following questions, and the questions for the NLP-helps-Linguistics panel are similar.

1. What kinds of NLP applications could benefit from linguistics? For a particular NLP application, what is the best way of incorporating linguistic knowledge into NLP systems to improve the state of the art. (e.g., as rules in a preprocessing step, as linguistic features in a statistical system, as filters for pruning a search space, as priors in an objective function)?

2. What is the right role for a linguist in developing NLP resources (e.g., recommending features, writing rules, or building resources such as treebanks)?

3. What are the obstacles to using linguistics in NLP and how can they be removed? What do you wish you had available to you but don’t?

4. How can we, as a field, encourage more collaborations between NLP researchers and linguists? Are there examples of successful collaborations, and if so, how were these facilitated?

5. What do NLP and linguistic students need to know to engage in these collaborations? How can we get students involved in collaborative research between the two disciplines?

We would like to thank everyone who made this workshop possible: ACL, the program committee, the panelists, the authors, and workshop participants. Special thanks go to the National Science Foundation for its support (Grant number: IIS-1027289).

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Invited Speaker:
Steven Bird, University of Melbourne, Australia
Panelists:

    Hal Daume III, University of Utah, USA
    Alexis Dimitriadis, Utrecht Institute of Linguistics OTS, The Netherlands
    Erhard Hinrichs, University of Tubingen, Germany
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Workshop Program

Friday, July 16, 2010

8:45–8:50 Opening Remarks

8:50–9:50 Invited Talk by Steven Bird: "The Human Language Project: Uniting computational linguistics with documentary linguistics"

Paper Session 1

9:50–10:10 Modeling and Encoding Traditional Wordlists for Machine Applications
Shakthi Poornima and Jeff Good

10:10–10:30 Evidentiality for Text Trustworthiness Detection
Su Qi, Huang Chu-Ren and Chen Kai-yun

10:30–11:00 Morning break

Panel Session 1: NLP helps Linguistics

11:00–12:00 Presentation and discussion from panelists (Hal Daume, Alexis Dimitriadis, Erhard Hinrichs, and Dipti Misra Sharma)

On the Role of NLP in Linguistics
Dipti Misra Sharma

Paper Session 2

12:00–12:20 Grammar-Driven versus Data-Driven: Which Parsing System Is MoreAffected by Domain Shifts?
Barbara Plank and Gertjan van Noord

12:20–12:40 A Cross-Lingual Induction Technique for German Adverbial Particpiles
Sina Zarrieß, Aoife Cahill, Jonas Kuhn and Christian Rohrer

12:40–14:10 Lunch
Friday, July 16, 2010 (continued)

Paper Session 3

14:10–14:30  You Talking to Me? A Predictive Model for Zero Auxiliary Constructions  
Andrew Caines and Paula Buttery

14:30–14:50  Cross-Lingual Variation of Light Verb Constructions: Using Parallel Corpora and Automatic Alignment for Linguistic Research  
Tanja Samardzic and Paola Merlo

14:50–15:10  No Sentence Is Too Confusing To Ignore  
Paul Cook and Suzanne Stevenson

Thomas Mayer, Christian Rohrdantz, Frans Plank, Peter Bak, Miriam Butt and Daniel A. Keim

15:30–16:00  Afternoon break

Panel Session 2: Linguistics helps NLP

16:00–17:00  Presentation and discussion from panelists (Julia Hockenmeier, Eduard Hovy, and Owen Rambow)  

Injecting Linguistics into NLP through Annotation  
Eduard Hovy

17:00–17:30  Group discussion and closing