

Econ 512 lec 6

Note Title

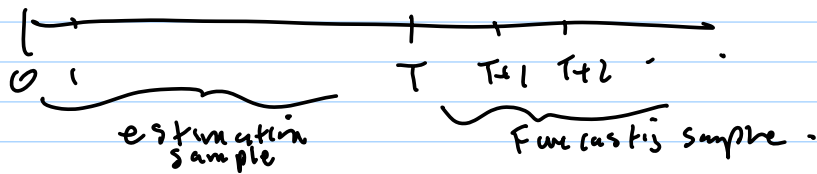
4/14/2010

$$r_t - \mu = \epsilon_t$$

$$\epsilon_t = \sigma_t z_t, \quad z_t \text{ iid } N(0, 1)$$

$$\sigma_t^2 = a_0 + a_1 \epsilon_{t-1}^2 + b_1 \sigma_{t-1}^2$$

$$\text{Note: } \epsilon_t^2 = \sigma_t^2 z_t^2$$



$$E[\epsilon_{T+1}^2 | I_T] = E[z_{T+1}^2 \sigma_{T+1}^2 | I_T]$$

$$= E[\sigma_{T+1}^2 | I_T]$$

$$I_T = \{r_1, \dots, r_T\}$$

$$E[\sigma_{T+1}^2 | I_T] = a_0 + a_1 E[\epsilon_T^2 | I_T] + b_1 E[\sigma_T^2 | I_T]$$

$$= a_0 + a_1 \epsilon_T^2 + b_1 \sigma_T^2 \quad \text{is known}$$

$$E[\sigma_{T+2}^2 | I_T] = a_0 + a_1 E[\epsilon_{T+1}^2 | I_T] + b_1 E[\sigma_{T+1}^2 | I_T]$$

$$= a_0 + a_1 E[\epsilon_{T+1}^2 | I_T] + b_1 E[\sigma_{T+1}^2 | I_T]$$

$$= a_0 + (a_1 + b_1) E[\sigma_{T+1}^2 | I_T]$$

