

Elem 424 Lec 6

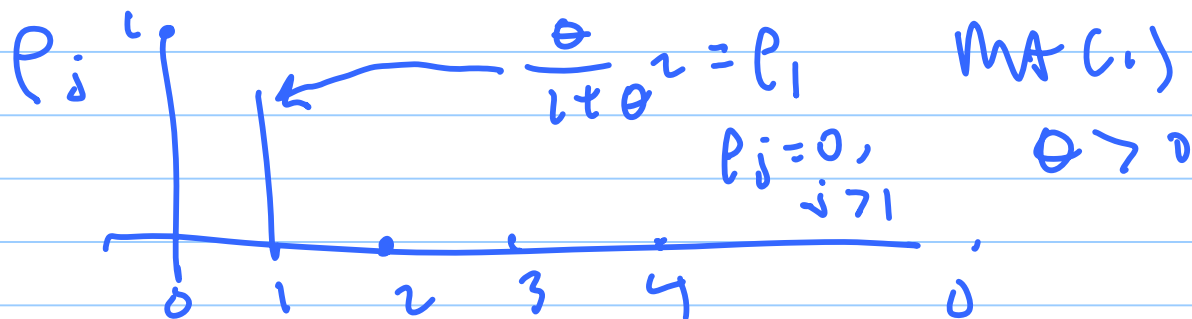
Note Title

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ACF = autocorrelation function

= plot of $\rho_j = \text{cor}(Y_t, Y_{t-j})$
against j



AR(1)

$$Y_t - \mu = \phi (Y_{t-1} - \mu) + \epsilon_t \quad |\phi| < 1$$

$\epsilon_t \sim \text{iid } N(0, \sigma_\epsilon^2)$

$\{Y_t\}$ is covariance stationary.

$$E[Y_t] = ?$$

$$Y_t = \mu + \phi Y_{t-1} - \phi \mu + \epsilon_t$$

$$E[Y_t] = \mu + \phi E[Y_{t-1}] - \phi \mu + E[\epsilon_t]$$

$\underbrace{E[Y_{t-1}]}_{E[Y_t] \text{ by stationarity}} - \phi \mu + 0$

$$\Rightarrow E[Y_t] (1 - \phi) = \mu (1 - \phi)$$

$$\Rightarrow E[\gamma_t] = \frac{\mu(1-\phi)}{1-\phi} = \mu$$

Use similar calculations to determine $\text{var}(\gamma_t)$, $\text{cov}(\gamma_t, \gamma_{t-j})$ etc. See notes for more details

RW is special case of AR(1)!

$$Y_t - \mu = \phi (Y_{t-1} - \mu) + \epsilon_t$$

Let $\phi = 1$

$$\Rightarrow Y_t - \mu = Y_{t-1} - \mu + \epsilon_t$$

$$\Rightarrow Y_t = Y_{t-1} + \epsilon_t \quad : \text{RW}$$

Note: $\{Y_t\}$ is not stationary!

$$R_{p,x} = x_A R_A + x_B R_B$$

$$\sigma_{p,x}^2 = (x_A \ x_B) \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_A^2 & \sigma_{AB} \\ \sigma_{AB} & \sigma_B^2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_A \\ x_B \end{pmatrix} = x' \Sigma x$$

$$x' \Sigma x = (x' \Sigma) x \quad \text{or} \quad x' (\Sigma x)$$

$$\underbrace{x' \Sigma}_{\substack{1 \times 2 & 2 \times 2 \\ \hline 1 \times 2}} = (x_A \ x_B) \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_A^2 & \sigma_{AB} \\ \sigma_{AB} & \sigma_B^2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_A \sigma_A^2 + x_B \sigma_{AB} \\ x_A \sigma_{AB} + x_B \sigma_B^2 \end{pmatrix}_{1 \times 2}$$

$$\underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} 1 & \\ x & \sigma \end{pmatrix}}_{1 \times 2} \underbrace{x}_{2 \times 1} = \begin{pmatrix} x_A \sigma_A^2 + x_B \sigma_{AB} \\ x_A \sigma_{AB} + x_B \sigma_B^2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_A \\ x_B \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= x_A^2 \sigma_A^2 + x_A x_B \sigma_{AB}$$

$$+ x_A x_B \sigma_{AB} + x_B^2 \sigma_B^2$$

$$= x_A^2 \sigma_A^2 + x_B^2 \sigma_B^2 + 2x_A x_B \sigma_{AB}$$

$$= \sigma_{p,x}^2$$