

# September 2019 - Neurocalendar

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
1 Frances Graham was born in 1918. She developed a test to assess brain damage.	2	3	4 In 1953, Eugene Aserinsky and Nathaniel Kleitman published the first paper about rapid eye movement (REM) sleep.	5	6 In 1909, Sigmund Freud gave his first and only talk in the U.S.	7
8	9 Luigi Galvani, who studied how nerves affect muscles, was born in 1737.  Nobel prize winner Daniel Carleton Gajdusek was born in 1923.	10 World Suicide Prevention Day.  Charles S. Peirce, who researched color vision, was born in 1839.	11	12	13 In 1848, an explosion sent a rod through Phineas Gage's brain. He survived the accident but had personality changes.	14
15 In 1875, neurologist Guillaume Duchenne died. A type of muscular dystrophy is named after him.	16 Neurologist Jean Baptiste Bouillaud, who studied the localization of speech in the brain, was born in 1796.	17 Medical illustrator Frank Netter died in 1991.	18	19	20	21 World Alzheimer's Day.
22 In 1952, Virginia Apgar presented her system for rating newborn's brain function.	23 Psychiatrist Sigmund Freud died in 1939.	24	25 Ataxia Awareness Day.	26 Nobel prize winner Ivan Pavlov was born in 1849.	27	28
29	30 The sedative drug Ativan was approved by the US FDA in 1977.	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">                     Home and Sports Eye Safety Month / Alcohol &amp; Drug Addiction Recovery Month / Children's Eye Health &amp; Safety Month                 </div>				