

November 2009 - NeuroCalendar

Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
<p>1</p> <p>Eliot Stellar, one of the founders in the field of behavioral neuroscience, was born in 1919.</p>	<p>2</p>	<p>3</p> <p>Jokichi Takamine isolated adrenaline (epinephrine) in 1901.</p>	<p>4</p> <p><i>The Interpretation of Dreams</i> by Sigmund Freud was published in 1899.</p>	<p>5</p> <p>In 1994, Ronald Reagan announced he had Alzheimer's disease.</p>	<p>6</p> <p>Neurologist Kurt Goldstein, developer of tests to assess brain injury, was born in 1878.</p>	<p>7</p> <p>Nobel Prize winner Eric Kandel was born in 1929 and Nobel Prize winner Konrad Lorenz was born in 1903.</p>
<p>8</p> <p>The first genetic test for Huntington's disease was announced in 1983.</p> <p>In 1895, Wilhelm Roentgen discovered X-rays.</p>	<p>9</p>	<p>10</p>	<p>11</p> <p>Anatomist Marie Francois Xavier Bichat was born in 1771. His work is the basis of modern histology.</p>	<p>12</p> <p>In 1935, Egas Moniz performed the first modern surgery on the frontal lobes of the brain to treat mental disorders.</p>	<p>13</p>	<p>14</p>
<p>15</p> <p>The US FDA approved the sedative Valium, a benzodiazepine, in 1964.</p>	<p>16</p> <p>Maximilian von Frey was born in 1852. He studied the sense of touch.</p>	<p>17</p> <p>Neurologist Joseph Babinski, who studied reflexes, was born in 1857.</p>	<p>18</p> <p>John Langdon Down was born in 1828; he described the syndrome that bears his name.</p>	<p>19</p>	<p>20</p> <p>Ethologist and Nobel Prize winner Karl von Frisch was born in 1886.</p>	<p>21</p> <p>In 1846, Oliver Wendell Holmes used the word "anesthesia" for the first time, in a letter to surgeon William Morton.</p>
<p>22</p> <p>In 1950, the National Institute for Neurological Diseases and Blindness was established.</p>	<p>23</p>	<p>24</p> <p>Charles Darwin's <i>The Origin of the Species by Means of Natural Selection</i> was published in 1859.</p>	<p>25</p>	<p>26</p> <p>In 1895, Alfred Nobel wrote his will to fund prizes to those who had "the greatest benefit on mankind."</p>	<p>27</p> <p>Nobel winner Charles Sherrington was born in 1857. His work forms the basis of modern neuroscience.</p>	<p>28</p>
<p>29</p> <p>Jean-Martin Charcot, a pioneer of modern neurology, was born in 1825.</p>	<p>30</p> <p>In 1885, Pierre Janet reported his first studies on hypnosis.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content; margin: 0 auto;"> <p>Alzheimer's Disease Awareness Month Epilepsy Awareness Month</p> </div>				