

HOMEWORK # 2

1. Pike (1966) gives results of a laboratory experiment concerning vaginal cancer in female rats. In one experiment 18 rats were painted with the carcinogen DMBA, and the number of days Y until the appearance of a carcinoma was the variable of interest. At the time the data were collected only 16 out of the 18 rats had developed a carcinoma, so that two of the times below (marked *) are censoring times. The times were given in days

143, 164, 188, 190, 192, 206, 209, 213, 216,
220, 227, 230, 234, 246, 265, 304, 216*, 244*

- (a) Calculate the product-limit estimate of the survival function. Estimate 5- and 7-month survival probabilities.
 - (b) Group the data into a life table with 3-month intervals (1 month=30 days). Compare the 5- and 7-month survival probability estimates with those obtained in part (1). Does the assumption made in calculating the life table estimate hold for this data set? and Why?
2. Leathem and Brooks (1987) conducted a study to evaluate a histochemical marker which discriminates between primary breast cancer that has metastasized and that which has not. The marker under the study was a lectin from the albumin gland of the Roman snail, known as *Helix pomatia* agglutinin, or HPA. The marker HPA binds to those breast cancer cells associated with metastasis to local lymph nodes, and the HPA stained cells can be identified by microscopic examination. We are interested in whether HPA staining can be used to predict the survival experience of women who present with breast cancer. The data given in the following data refer to the survival times in months of women who had received a simple or radical mastectomy to treat breast cancer between January 1969 and December 1971. In the table, the survival times of each women are classified according to whether their

tumor was positively or negatively stained. Censored survival times are labeled with an asterisk.

 Survival times of women with tumors which were negatively
 or positively stained with HPA

Negative staining	Positive staining
23	5 68
47	8 71
69	10 76*
70*	13 105*
71*	18 107*
100*	24 109*
101*	26 113
148	26 116*
181	31 118
198*	35 143
208*	40 154*
212*	41 162*
224*	48 188*
	50 212*
	59 217*
	61 225*

- (a) Does a patient with a negatively stained HPA survives longer than a patient with a positively stained HPA? Why?
- (b) Is log rank test or Wilcoxon test better for testing survival distributional equality in this data set? Why?