March 27, 2017

World Politics
POLs/ SIS 426
Spring 2017

Instructor: Aseem Prakash
Class Time: Monday and Wednesday, 1:30-3:20 p.m.
Class Location: Bagley 154
Office Hours: By Appointment
Office: 39 Gowen
E-mail: aseem@uw.edu
Home Page: http://faculty.washington.edu/aseem/
Teaching Assistants: Waleed Salem (wsalem@uw.edu)
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Objective
Harold Lasswell, one of the most famous political scientists, described politics as who gets what, when and how. World Politics is no different. We see conflict and cooperation in virtually every sphere. We signal our politics in elections and in conversations. The choices we make as consumers are also political choices. Thus, we need to think of a more expansive notion of politics. You will, therefore, read and explore topics such as power transitions, democratization, gender issues, trade politics, public health and development, NGOs, foreign aid, and energy politics. I adopt a non-traditional teaching style that includes (along with the traditional lectures) class discussions and group projects. By the end of the course, I hope all of you will develop a more nuanced understanding of world politics and feel empowered to contribute to policy debates. Remember, participation by informed citizens in policy deliberation is essential for sustaining our democracy. Further, I hope this course and the broader UW experience will motivate you to think of politics and public service as your career.

Readings
No text books; I will use articles only. I will either provide their URL in the syllabus or upload them on Canvas.

Course Expectations
I will adopt multiple pedagogical tools. To maximize your learning from this course, it is imperative that you read the required texts in advance and actively participate in class discussions. You will be graded on the following:
**Paper 1 (1 page, single-spaced)**

As informed individuals, we must develop skills to convey our ideas to multiple audiences. This skill is sometimes lacking even (or particularly) among the educated. A good platform for excellent public scholarship is *The Conversation* (theconversation.com). Please subscribe to this daily “blog” as a part of your course work. Please pick any article published on this platform since January 1, 2017 and write your “Reflections.” Specifically,

1. What is the core argument?
2. Did the piece consider alternative explanations?
3. Did you find the evidence persuasive?

All Conversation articles have embedded link to other articles. In writing your reflection piece, please read **any two** of the embedded articles and link them to the piece you are reflecting on.

The paper is due April 19. Please bring a printed copy to the class; email submissions are not accepted.

**Grading Criteria for Paper 1:**

**A (3.9-4.0)**
This paper clearly identifies and succinctly describes the core argument and any alternative arguments. The author asserts a position either in support or against the evidence described in the article, and supports their position with reason. The paper includes links to two additional articles. This paper exemplifies strong and able writing, with appropriate language, clarity, organization, grammar and flow. This paper is easy to read yet challenges the reader to think.

**A- (3.8-3.5)**
This paper is similar to an ‘A’ paper, but it is missing at least one of the elements found in an ‘A’ paper. The author asserts a position either in support or against the evidence described in the article, and supports their position with reason. This paper, however, is weakened by either mechanics and/or clarity.

**B+ (3.4-3.2)**
This paper includes all required elements and asserts a position in response to the article, but the reasoning in support of the position is at times unclear. For example, ideas are slightly muddled, but in general there is a satisfactory level of understanding. This paper is strong in writing.

**B (3.1-2.9)**
This paper is similar to a B+ paper. It illustrates a similar comprehension of the article and takes a position in response to the article. This paper, however, differs from a B+ paper because the reasoning is weaker or because it is missing another required element. This paper also needs some improvement in writing.
B- (2.8-2.5)
This paper lacks a clear position in response to the article. While it attempts to identify the core argument of the article, it is overly simplistic in its explanation. This paper demands attention to writing mechanics.

C (2.4-1.9)
This paper is vague. This paper is not able to identify the core argument or take a position in response to the article. Writing mechanics are poor.

Below
This paper does not respond to the prompt. It does not identify the core argument or take a position in response to the article. The paper is also missing additional required elements. Writing mechanics are poor.

Paper #2 (3-4 pages, single-spaced)
Notwithstanding the lifting of sanctions on Iran, the global community continues to debate on how to respond to Iran's alleged interest in developing and potentially acquiring nuclear weapons. Many, especially in Israel and Saudi Arabia, believe a “strong” response is required to prevent this development, and lifting of the sanctions was a big mistake. Others, especially in Europe and in Russia, are less favorable towards the idea of a strong response to dissuade Iran from pursuing its nuclear ambitions and have therefore supported the lifting of sanctions. Complicating the issue was the division within the Legislative and Executive branches of the US government under Obama regarding the appropriate strategy, and the ongoing conflicts in Syria, Yemen, and Iraq that have turned this issue into a wider subject of Middle Eastern politics.

Why do actors advocate different policy choices on how to respond to Iran's nuclear program? Identify the specific policy options advocated by Iran, the US (Executive Branch under Obama), and Israel. What objectives do these actors wish to achieve? How might these actors think of the benefits and costs of their preferred option as well as the options offered by the other two actors? Make sure that you relate how domestic, regional or international considerations influence the perceptions of benefits and costs of various options.

Your paper should be directed towards an academic audience. You are expected to undertake research on this subject (say, carefully read and reference 7-10 additional articles). The paper is due May 1. Please bring a printed copy to the class; email submissions are not accepted.

Grading Criteria for Paper 2:

A (3.9-4.0)
This paper asserts a very clear thesis and supports the central argument with evidence. The paper illustrates a thorough understanding of this policy issue. It is able to identify the specific policy options advocated by the three actors and the objectives these actors wish to
This paper offers an insightful analysis of the benefits and costs of each policy option from the perspectives of the three actors. All points are relevant and sufficiently developed. This paper exemplifies strong and able writing, with appropriate language, clarity, organization, grammar and flow. This paper is easy to read yet challenges the reader to think.

A-(3.8-3.5)
On the whole, this paper presents a clear argument and is able to support it with evidence. This paper is similar to an ‘A’ paper, but it is missing at least one of the elements found in an ‘A’ paper. In content, this paper illustrates policy options from the perspectives of three actors, and offers a good analysis of these actors’ positions on these policies. This paper, however, is weakened by either mechanics and/or clarity.

B+ (3.4-3.2)
This paper has a central argument that is presented and engages class material, but at times it is weak in argumentation and/or using supporting evidence. This paper does engage sufficiently with the policy options proposed by these actors. It is sometimes unclear or vague on the position of the three actors’ on different policy options. Ideas are slightly muddled, but in general there is a satisfactory level of understanding. This paper is strong in writing.

B (3.1-2.9)
This paper is similar to a B+ paper. It illustrates a similar level of accuracy and understanding of the literature. This paper, however, differs from a B+ paper because it illustrates a weaker display of effective argumentation. Ideas are at times muddled, and argumentation may not always be effective and/or well supported, and the central argument is either unclear or argued inconsistently. This paper also needs some improvement in writing.

B- (2.8-2.5)
This paper lacks a clear central argument. While it attempts to identify policy options and the actors’ positions on them, it is overly simplistic in its explanation. This paper demands attention to writing mechanics.

C (2.4-1.9)
This paper has a strikingly vague argument. This paper is not able to identify policy options or the actors’ positions on them. The paper minimally engages with the relevant literature. Writing mechanics are poor.

Below
This paper does not respond to the question. It lacks a central argument. Ideas are strikingly muddled and vague. It does not engage with the literature. Writing mechanics are poor.
Many commentators have employed the Vietnam analogy to describe America’s predicament in Afghanistan. Is Afghanistan turning out to be America’s Vietnam? Examine the validity of the Vietnam analogy to Afghanistan in terms of three dimensions: entry, commitment, and exit. Given the above assessments, what insights from the Vietnam War can be applied to the Afghanistan situation? How have America’s domestic politics and international commitments influenced America’s policy choices in both wars? Your paper should be directed towards an academic audience. You are expected to conduct research on this subject (carefully read and reference five articles each on both wars). The paper is due May 22. Please bring a printed copy to the class; email submissions are not accepted.

Grading Criteria for Paper 3:
A (3.9-4.0)
This paper answers the question by asserting a very clear thesis and supports the central argument with evidence. This paper considers how others might respond to this assessment. All points are relevant and sufficiently developed. This paper exemplifies strong and able writing, with appropriate language, clarity, organization, grammar and flow. This paper is easy to read yet challenges the reader to think.

A- (3.8-3.5)
On the whole, this paper presents a clear argument and is able to support it with evidence. This paper is similar to an A paper, but it is missing at least one of the elements found in an A paper. This paper, however, is weakened by either mechanics and/or clarity.

B+ (3.4-3.2)
This paper has a central argument that is presented and presents the evidence, but at times it is weak in argumentation and/or using supporting evidence. Ideas are slightly muddled, but in general there is a satisfactory level of understanding. This paper is strong in writing mechanics.

B (3.1-2.9)
This paper is similar to a B+ paper. It illustrates a similar level of accuracy and the use of evidence. This paper, however, differs from a B+ because it illustrates a weaker display of effective argumentation and/or use of supporting evidence. Ideas are at times muddled, and evidence may not always be effective and/or well supported, and the central argument either lacks clarity or is argued inconsistently. This paper also needs some improvement in writing mechanics.

B- (2.8-2.5)
This paper lacks a clear central argument and argumentation. It demands attention to writing mechanics.

C (2.4-1.9)
This paper has a strikingly vague argument. The paper only minimally provides supporting evidence. Writing mechanics are poor.
Below
This paper does not respond to the question. It lacks a central argument. Ideas are strikingly muddled and vague. It does not provide evidence to support the argument. Writing mechanics are poor.

**Class discussions and Unannounced Quizzes**
I want students to actively participate in class discussions, including discussions following the guest lectures, student presentations, and the documentaries. To create incentives for your active participation, we will have unannounced quizzes. Please ensure that you **attend every session because you will not be allowed to write make-up quizzes**. If for some reason you are unable to attend the class, please take Waleed/Stephen's permission **prior** to the class. For example, if you are ill, please email us **prior** to the class. We will make reasonable accommodations such as allowing you to turn in your paper at a later date or not penalizing you for missed quizzes.

**Group project**
You will participate in a group project (2-3 students per group) that will examine a policy challenge at the global, regional, or domestic level. In every policy context there are multiple actors, each with its own perspective. Our objective is to understand a policy issue from the perspective of these actors.

For a given policy issue, we have identified 3-5 key actors. A team of three students will be assigned the role of a given actor. Each team will present their actors’ perspective in the class and also turn in a written report. We expect each team to survey the relevant literature on the subject. Based on this literature survey, each team will select one article and email it to their class colleagues to review **prior** to the class (if there are six teams scheduled to present on a given day, the class will read six articles). We expect all students, presenters as well as non-presenters, to review these articles. We might test your knowledge of this material in an unannounced quiz.

Your in-class presentation and the report should address the following questions from the perspective of your actor:

1. Why does this issue concern you? What stakes do you have? What is your main goal and how are your present and future interests related to this goal?

2. What are your strategies to accomplish this goal?

Your group will present to the class for 7-8 minutes followed by a brief Q&A. To save on time, your team should probably assign one member the responsibility for making the presentation. However, all group members should be present to respond to questions from the audience.
Making an effective power point presentation is an important skill. You can say a lot in 7-8 minutes if you are well prepared. Here are some ideas:

- Be clear and focused. Highlight your key points. Don’t ramble on. Stay on message.
- **Make eye contact with the audience; do not read your presentation.** Ideally, you should be able to take a quick look at the slide and then elaborate. Cards are also fine as long as you do not spend most of your time reading them.
- Don’t talk fast. Make sure your audience is able to follow you.
- Enliven your presentation with visuals and even short video clips.
- Ensure that you have a maximum of 5 slides, and not more than 5 bullet points per slide. Note, the slides should focus the audience’s attention to key issues. If there is too much text, your audience will spend time reading the slide, instead of hearing what you have to say.
- Practice the presentation prior to the class. If you can’t persuade anybody to attend your practice talk, just do it by yourself.

Each group should email its power point presentation to Waleed/Stephen prior to the class; this will be made available on the class Canvas page as well (recall, the group is also selecting one article to be shared with the class). The group report (5 pages, single-spaced) is due May 31. Please bring a printed copy to the class; email submissions are not accepted.

For those in the audience, please review the readings prior to the class and take extensive notes during the presentations. It is likely that we will have a quiz that requires you to reflect on these presentations.

**Logistics**
Make sure that you are checking your uw email; typically students use @uw email address to coordinate activities with their group members. In previous classes, some group members have also shared phone numbers to facilitating texting – but given the privacy issue, this is something you need to decide for yourself.

If you are having “issues” with your group members, please contact Waleed/Stephen at least a week prior to your presentation date.

**Evaluation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Paper 1 (April 19)</th>
<th>10 points</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Paper 2 (May 1)</td>
<td>30 points</td>
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<tr>
<td>Paper 3 (May 22)</td>
<td>30 points</td>
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<tr>
<td>Group project (May 31)</td>
<td>15 points</td>
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<tr>
<td>Quizzes</td>
<td>15 points</td>
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Please Note:
- I reserve the right to change or modify the syllabus without prior notice.

- Papers should be turned in on the due date. Please hand them over to me or to Waleed/Stephen in the class. If you are not well (and have contacted Waleed/Stephen prior to the due date), we will accept late submissions or submission via email.

- If you cannot turn your paper in on the due date for some other reason (e.g. you will be out of town), please contact Waleed/Stephen in advance. Merely sending an email informing Waleed/Stephen that the paper will be turned in late will not suffice. While we will accommodate reasonable requests regarding late submission, we may deny your request as well.

- I will follow UW’s policy on plagiarism:
  http://depts.washington.edu/grading/issue1/honesty.htm#plagiarism

Class Schedule

Session 1
Monday, March 27
Introduction

Session 2
Wednesday, March 29
World Politics
- Walt. 1998. International Relations: One World, Many Theories. Foreign Policy, Spring, 29-44.

Session 3
Monday, April 3
State Building
- Afghanistan After Us, Season 3, Episode, 13, VICE on HBO.
Session 4
Wednesday, April 5
Refugees and Statelessness
- Escape to Europe, Season 4, Episode, 38, VICE on HBO
- The Excluded: The strange hidden world of the stateless, Refugees Magazine Issue 147; http://www.unhcr.org/46d2e8dc2.html

Session 5
Monday, April 10
Trade Politics

Session 6
Wednesday, April 12
Climate Change
- Our Rising Oceans, Season 3, Episode 1, VICE on HBO

Session 7 (G1-G8: make sure to email your reading by April 15)
Monday, April 17
Energy Politics
- Gasland, DVD NVG 197
- Francis McGowan. 2014. Regulating innovation: European Responses to Shale Gas Development. Environmental Politics. 23(1).
Paper 1 is due April 19

Session 8
Wednesday, April 19
Congo/DRC
G1: Government of DRC/Kabila
G2: Rwanda
G3: Uganda
G4: United Nations

Yemen
G5: Houthi Rebels
G6: Saudi Arabia
G7: Pakistan
G8: United States

Session 9
Monday, April 24 (G9-G16: make sure to email your reading by April 22)
Iraq-Kurdistan
G9: Iraqi Government
G10: Massoud Barzani, Kurdish leader
G11: Turkey
G12: United States

Expansion of the UN Security Council
G13: US
G14: China
G15: South Africa
G16: Pakistan

Session 10
Wednesday, April 26
Cities and Climate Change
Guest Lecture: Taedong Lee, Yonsie University
Paper 2 is due May 1

Session 11
Monday, May 1
Food Politics
- Meathooked & End of Water, Season 4, Episode 5, VICE on HBO

(G17-G24: make sure to email your reading by May 2)

Session 12
Wednesday, May 4
International Criminal Court
G16: Kenya
G17: Mozambique
G18: United Kingdom
G19: China

European Refugee Crisis
G20: Italy
G21: Greece
G22: Germany
G23: Turkey

Session 13
Monday, May 8
Arab Spring
Guest Lecture by Waleed Salem

Session 14
Wednesday, May 10
NGO Politics
Session 15

Monday, May 15  [G25-G32: make sure to email your reading by May 13]

The Future of NATO
G25: US
G26: Germany
G27: Poland
G28: Russia

N. Korea (Nuclear Threat)
G29: North Korea
G30: South Korea
G31: United States
G32: China

Session 16

Wednesday, May 17

Foreign Aid
- Afghan Money Pit. Season 2, Episode 11, VICE on HBO
  
  [http://isites.harvard.edu/fs/docs/icb.topic706700.files/Foreign_Aid_and_Bribery_at_the_United_Nations.pdf](http://isites.harvard.edu/fs/docs/icb.topic706700.files/Foreign_Aid_and_Bribery_at_the_United_Nations.pdf)

**Paper 3 is due May 22**

Session 17

Monday, May 22

Women and Leadership
Guest Lecture by Megan McCloskey
Session 18
Wednesday, May 24
Gender Politics
- Saving Face, a Documentary; DVD WMM 059

Session 19 Memorial Day, NO CLASS
Monday, May 29

Group Report is due May 31

Session 20
Wednesday, May 31 [G33-G40: make sure to email a reading each by May 29]
Uyghurs
G33: China
G34: Turkey
G35: Uygurs
G36: European Union

China’s Asia Infrastructure Investment Bank
G37: China
G38: US
G39: UK
G40: Japan