Patient Education

Bone and Joint Center



Follow-up Visit: Bone and Joint Center Date: ______ Time: _____

Call Your Doctor If You Have:

- Fever greater than 101 °F, sweating, or chills.
- Increased redness, warmth, or foul-smelling drainage from your surgical site.
- Continued nausea, vomiting, or itching.

Call 911 or go to the emergency room right away if you have difficulty breathing, hives, or excessive bleeding.

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Knee Surgery

Understanding your treatment plan

Pain Medications

Some discomfort is normal after surgery. Pain medications usually will not take all of the pain away, but will help reduce it to a tolerable level. Prescriptions will be filled and given to you before you leave.

- Do not drive or operate machinery while you are taking narcotic pain medications, as they can make you drowsy.
- Take your pain medications as prescribed.
- Your prescription should last until your next follow-up visit.
- Medication requests take 48 hours to fill.
- Narcotic pain medications may cause constipation, nausea, and itching.

Constipation

Drink plenty of water, eat foods high in fiber, and get up and walk around every few hours. We will also provide you with "stool softener" medication that decreases constipation.

Nausea

To decrease nausea, take pain medications with food. If you continue to have nausea and vomiting after several hours, please call our nurse, as we may have to change your medications.

Itching

If you suffer from itching, you may take Benadryl for relief. If the itching continues or you develop a rash, discontinue the pain medication and call the nurse to get your medication changed.

Swelling

It is normal to have some swelling after surgery, as well as drainage from your dressing.

Questions?

Call 206-598-4288

Your questions are important. Call your doctor or health care provider if you have questions or concerns. UWMC clinic staff are also available to help at any time.

Bone and Joint Center

Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. 206-598-4288

After 5 p.m. and on weekends and holidays: Call the Emergency Department at 206-598-4000 or call the operator at 206-598-6190 and ask to page the orthopaedic resident on call.

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Bone and Joint Center Box 354740 4245 Roosevelt Way N.E., 2nd Floor Seattle, WA 98105 206-598-4288

Elevate

When lying down, try to keep your leg elevated above your heart – to reduce pain and swelling. You can do this by resting it on several pillows. Sometimes sleeping in a recliner with pillows under the knee is most comfortable.

Movement

It is OK to move and use your ankle and feet. This will also help reduce the swelling. In most cases you will be in a sling, and we encourage you to remove it frequently throughout the day, to bend and straighten your knee.

The First Day After Surgery

This might be the toughest day from a pain standpoint, so stay ahead of it by taking your pain medications as soon as you feel it begin to ache.

Activity

Get up and walk around several times a day. This will help you heal faster. It also helps prevent blood clots and constipation.

The Second Day to 2 Weeks After Surgery

- Swelling will reach its greatest point 1 to 2 days after surgery. After that, it should decrease. It can take up to 6 weeks for most of the swelling to decrease.
- **Pain** usually reaches its peak 1 or 2 days after surgery. After that, it should slowly decrease. If you use your leg too much, the pain may increase.
- Dressings should only be changed if they become soaked.
- **Sutures** will usually be absorbed by the body. If nylon sutures are used, they will be removed at your follow-up appointment, 7 to 14 days after surgery.